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I. Executive Summary

A suspected harassment case has been reported to corporate security on October 29, 2004: sales representative Mr. Robert Lawrence was reported to harass sales representative Ms. Leila Conlay through emails and in person both during and outside of work. Security administrator has authorized the initiation of a computer forensic investigation upon finding a USB drive in Mr. Lawrence's cubicle.

The following evidences were found in the USB drive and suggest Mr. Lawrence had spied upon the privacy of Ms. Conlay, complied harassing emails and installed unauthorized software in his workstation(s):

- a. Mail bodies of harassing emails;
- b. An electronic copy of a private email by Ms. Conlay obtained through unauthorized and unethical means;
- c. Programs used to spy on Ms. Conlay's privacy.

In addition, usages of a "network sniffer" – capable of stealing corporate sales and other sensitive information from the network, and is not required by Mr. Lawrence's job function – had been detected in the scene. The evidence suggests Mr. Lawrence had violated corporate security policy and gained unauthorized access to electronic information not in his custody; investigations on whether Mr. Lawrence had used a network sniffer to perform other unethical acts are recommended.

Nevertheless, the investigator has also identified a number of concerns during the investigation; and suggests the following in depth investigations be performed before concluding:

- a. A forensic analysis on Mr. Lawrence's workstation(s);
- b. Review attendance records or departmental user sign-on logs of Mr. Lawrence and Ms. Leila on Oct 2004, days 27 to 28;
- c. Review Internet access records on proxy servers for the period Oct 27 2004 16:00 to 16:30 and Oct 28 2004 11:00 11:30.

II. Objectives of the Investigation

The objectives of the current investigation include:

- 1. Investigate the following in a forensic copy of evidence received:
 - a. List all files in the forensic copy of evidence
 - b. Identify the MAC time information of the files in (a)
 - c. Identify the owner of the files in (a)
 - d. Identify the file size of the files in (a)
 - e. Maintain accurate MD5 hash of the files in (a)
- 2. Analyze the data in (1) to:
 - a. Identify any programs used by Mr. Lawrence
 - b. Identify how was a program in (a) used
 - c. Identify when was a program in (a) used

III. Computer Evidence Analyzed

A forensic copy of the USB Drive obtained in Mr. Lawrence's cubicle has been created by Security Administrator (Mark Mawer), the name of this forensic copy is USBFD-64531026-RL-001.img (thereafter refer as IMAGE) and has been compressed to ease handling.

Evidence# 1	
Tag #: USBFD-64531026-RL-001	
Description: 64M Lexar Media JumpDrive	
Serial #: JDSP064-04-5000C	
Image: USBFD-64531026-RL-001.img	
MD5: 238ocf17b7fc85bbb2d5oc2bbc720dd5	
Obtained by: Mark Mawer (Security Administrator)	
Distained by: Mark Mawer (Security Administrator)	

IV. Relevant Findings

The findings in the current investigation are as follow:

- 1. Evidence suggests offensive messages were complied by Mr. Lawrence was found in the IMAGE (evidence #2, #3 and #4).
- 2. Evidence suggests Mr. Lawrence had spied on Ms. Conlay's privacy was found in the IMAGE:
 - a. Private email messages of Ms. Conlay was found in the IMAGE (evidence #5 and subordinates);
 - A map referring to the contents in Ms. Conlay's private email was found in the IMAGE. Suggests Mr. Lawrence had read the private message of Ms. Conlay (evidence #6);
 - c. Programs used to spy on Ms. Conlay's privacy were found in the IMAGE. Suggests Mr. Lawrence had spied on Ms. Conlay's privacy on purpose (evidence #7 and #8). In addition, use of these programs is also a violation of corporate security policy.

Useful information to comprehend this paper has been included in Appendix I. Details of the evidences identified have been attached in Appendix II:

V. Investigative Details and Supporting Details

A. Methodology Applied

The general accepted practices of computer forensics will be followed to identify, acquire, analyze, and present the evidences.

In the identification phase, the type of investigation to be performed will be accessed and a preliminary plan to list the tasks to be performed based on the data to collect will be established; other factors including forensic equipment requirements, social profile (if needed) will be accessed as well.

In the acquisition phase, sufficient data will be collected for analysis in a later phase for evidences. Maintaining accuracy and integrity of the data are crucial to a successful prosecution if the evidences are presented in a court later. Thus, techniques used to collect the data must not change the data themselves.

In the analysis phase, the data are analyzed by various techniques such as correlations, aggregations, transformations ... etc, to prove or disprove hypotheses made. In practice, there are multiple rounds of acquisition and analysis, until sufficient evidences are collected.

Lastly, in the presentation phase, evidences identified will be grouped and presented. They will be further verified for validity.

B. Examination Environment

To investigate the content of the IMAGE, all investigation was done on equipment emulated by Microsoft Virtual PC 2004. The forensic workstation on the emulated platform has no network connection to the host equipment and allow using an "undo disk" to prevent persistent information to be stored.

Information of the host equipment:

- Intel PentiumM 1.6GHz processor
- Windows XP Traditional Chinese and Service Pack 2 and latest patches
- Microsoft Virtual PC 2004
- Norton AntiVirus
- Timezone GMT+8 (Hong Kong)

Information of the forensic workstation on the emulated PC guest:

- Windows 2000 Professional English
- Hex Workshop
- NWDIFF
- VDK
- MD5SUM
- Default TimeZone (GMT-8) (Pacific Time with Daylight Saving Time)

A brief description of some of the programs used has been attached in Appendix III.

C. Examinations Performed and Findings

1. A working copy of the IMAGE (contents of evidence #1) has been extracted from the zip file.

2. The image is renamed to case0604.img and is marked as read only.

Making the image read only is a good practice; the results of the investigation will not be changed as long as disk content is not overwritten accidentally. The renaming is to reduce typing later.

3. The MD5 sum of the IMAGE has been verified against the chain of custody.

The following was executed on a command window (cmd.exe):

md5sum case0604.img

The result was "338ecf17b7fc85bbb2d5ae2bbc729dd5" and matched the information in the chain of custody received from the security administrator.

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>dir Volume in drive C has no label. Volume Serial Number is 902F-9500
Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop
04/07/2005 09:42p <dir> 04/07/2005 09:42p <dir> 04/07/2005 09:20p 323 Bin.lnk 04/07/2005 04:50p <dir> Practical 10/26/2004 01:58a 62,439,424 USBFD=64531026-RL-001.ing 2 File(s) 62,439,747 bytes 3 Dir(s) 15,654,555,648 bytes free</dir></dir></dir>
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>rename usbfd-~1.img case0604.img
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>md5sum case0604.ing 338ecf17b7fc85bbb2d5ae2bbc729dd5 ∺case0604.ing
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>_

To support investigations to the contents in the USB drive, the security administration has created a disk image (IMAGE). The IMAGE is an exact copy of the USB drive in terms of contents created by bit-stream data copy. A hard disk holds data in streams of 0s and 1s; a bit-stream copy is a lossless duplication of a storage medium. On a formatted hard disk, a file system is created to organize the data into files; in addition, a master boot record is created in the first sector of a storage medium to describe the layout of a disk. These structures may provide information to the investigation and will be included in the bit-stream image.

A MD5 sum is then generated on the IMAGE; the MD5 sum serves as a signature and ensure integrity of a file, any changes in contents of the IMAGE or the USB drive will cause a different MD5 sum be generated.

MD5 itself is a hash algorithm to generate a 16-byte digest (representing 2^128 possible values) based on the content of the IMAGE. While a pair of different files could share the same digest theoretically (called birthday pair), there is no known method to construct a sibling to match both the hash and to carry meaningful contents. Therefore, verifying the MD5 sum to be identical assures the content being investigated has not been tampered (from the time of receiving it from the security administrator)

4. A copy of the IMAGE was mounted in write blocker mode with VDK, and the disk content is scanned through.

The following was executed on a command window (cmd.exe):

```
vdk start
vdk open 0 case0604cpy.img /wb
```

The VDK mounted drive was opened in a Windows Explorer, 3 Microsoft Word documents (coffee.doc, hey.doc and her.doc) were found, they were scanned with WordPad and offensive messages were found, in "coffee.doc" written on 28 October 2004 7:24PM in particular. The following was executed to close the mounted drive:

```
vdk close 0
vdk stop
```

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe											
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>copy case0604.img case0604cpy.im g 1 file(s) copied.											
1 file(s) copied.											
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>vdk start Virtual Disk Driver for Windows version 3.1 http://chitchat.at.infoseek.co.jp/vmware/											
Started the Virtual Disk Driver.											
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>vdk open 0 case0604cpy.img /wb Virtual Disk Driver for Windows version 3.1 http://chitchat.at.infoseek.co.jp/vmware/											
Failed to decide type of 'case0604cpy.img'. Open as a simple sector image file. Y> yes / N> no ? y Virtual Disk 0 Access Type : Write-Blocked Disk Capacity : 121952 sectors (59 MB) Geometry : (C> 59 * (H> 64 * (S> 32 Number Of Files : 1											
Type Size Path											
FLAT 121952 C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\case0604cpy.i mg											
Partitions : # Start Sector Length in sectors Type 											
0 0 121952 (59 MB) <disk> E: 1 32 121919 (59 MB) 04h:FAT16</disk>											
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>											

👿 coffee.doc - WordPad	- D ×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>I</u> nsert F <u>o</u> rmat <u>H</u> elp	
Courier New Image: 10 Western Image: B Image: B	
<u> </u>	
Hey what gives? I was drinking a coffee on thursday and saw you stop buy with some guy! You said you didn't want coffee with me, but you'll go have it with some random guy??? He looked like a loser! Guys like that are nothing but trouble. I can't believe you did this to me! You should stick to your word, if you're not interested in going to coffee with me then you shouldn't be going with anyone! I heard rumors about a "bad batch" of coffee, hope you don't get any	
For Help, press F1	NUM //

The documents do indicate possibility of harassment, later investigations must identify if they were indeed written by Mr. Lawrence.

5. The first sector of the IMAGE was opened in HexWorkshop.

00000000	33C0	8ED0	BC00	7CFB	5007	501F	FCBE	1B7C	BF1B	0650	57B9	E501	3 .P.P PW
00000018	F3A4	CBBD	BE07	B104	386E	007C	0975	1383	C510	E2F4	CD18	8BF5	
00000030													It.8.t
00000048	00B4	OECD	10EB	F288	4E10	E846	0073	2AFE	4610	807E	040B	740B	
00000060	807E	040C	7405	A0B6	0775	D280	4602	0683	4608	0683	560A	00E8	
													l.s
00000090											1372	238A	
84000000													
000000000													
													sQOtN2VV.'U.A.
000000F0													
00000108													v.j.h. j.j.Baas.Ot.
												7900	2VaInvalid part
00000138	6974	1060	OE20	/401	6260	6500	4572	7201	1220	BCBP	0104		ition table.Error loadin
00000150													g operating system.Missi
00000168													ng operating system
00000180									0000				
00000198													
00000180													
00000120													2VaInvalid part
													ition table.Error loadin
00000150													g operating system.Missi
00000168													ng operating system
00000180									0000		0000	0000	
00000198	0000	0000							0000	0000	0000	0000	
000001B0	0000	0000	002C	4463	182E	07C3	0000	8001	0100	0410	20F9	2000	,Dc
000001C8						0000				0000	0000	0000	?
00000120	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	Deservation and the second s

It was identified the disk to contain a Master Boot Record (MBR) and a single partition of information, the information of the first partition has been extracted as follow:

	Information identified	Byte Offset from	Value
		0x1BE	
a.	Value of 0x80 indicates the partition is active.	0	0x80
b.	Value of 4 indicates the partition is FAT16 formatted.	4	0x04
	The first partition starts at LBA address of 0x20; therefore it starts at 16,384 bytes (32 * 512) or 0x4000 from the beginning of the disk.	8-11	0x20 (32)
	The size of the partition is 121,919 sectors (0x01dc3f). Thus, the size of disk is roughly 59.5MB.	12-15	0x1DC3F (121,919)

It was identified the total size of disk to be 121,952 sectors or 62,439,424 bytes.

The disk geometry was reviewed to gain an idea of what is on the disk to support planning for further analysis.

The disk we are analyzing has a Master Boot Record (MBR). MBR has a size of 512 bytes; it includes a program to boot the computer from the active partition and a partition table to define the layout of storage areas (partitions). The partition table includes four entries of 8 bytes each and defines the layout of the disk.

In our case, the partition table has only 1 entry (marked in physical address 0x1BE – 0x1CD inclusive), indicating the disk to contain only 1 partition. This partition is formatted by DOS (point b. above) and occupies the remaining of the disk. A brief review on the partition table and the file system contents will be the next step to assess what to collect for subsequent investigations.

One question is that it is not a common practice to place an MBR in a USB drive without making the first partition bootable (msdos.sys and io.sys were not found, as described in later investigations). In addition, the partition type indicator (value 0x04) suggested the volume to be <= 32MB, yet the actual disk size is 59.2MB. In addition, the disk is very clean, that most of its data area are filled by 0s.

6. The first partition (at 0x4000) of the IMAGE was reviewed using a hex editor.

00003FF0	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	EB3C	904D	5357	494E	
00004008					0200								4.1
00004020	3FDC	0100	8000	2900	0000	004E	4F20	4E41	4D45	2020	2020	4641	?)NO NAME FA
00004038	5431	3620	2020	3309	8ED1	BCFC	7B16	07BD	7800	C576	001E	5616	T16 3{vV.
00004050	55BF	2205	897E	0089	4E02	B10B	FCF3	A406	1FBD	007C	C645	FEOF	U."~N
													8N\$}
00004080	7506	80CA	0288	5602	80C3	1073	ED33	C9FE	06D8	7D8A	4610	98F7	uVs.3}.F
													fFVFv.`.FV
													^HFN.a(
													.r>8-t.`}at=Nt
													;.r}{}@t.
													Ht}}}
													^.f}.}ENF.
00004128													.Vrp.RP.Sj.j
00004140													.F&3Bv
00004158	E8C0	CC02	OACC	B801	0280	7E02	0E75	04B4	428B	F48A	5624	CD13	BV\$
00004170	6161	720A	4075	0142	035E	0B49	7577	C303	1801	270D	0A49	6E76	aar.@u.B.^.Iuw'Inv
00004188	616C	6964	2073	7973	7465	6D20	6469	736B	FFOD	0A44			alid system diskDisk
00004130	ACOL	45.50	6572	7765	7725	NDOX	2362	7060	6163	6520	7468	6520	I/O orror Donlaco the

00004188 616C 6964	2073 7973 7465	6D20 6469 736B	FFOD 0A44 697	3 6B20 alid system diskDisk
000041A0 492F 4F20	6572 726F 72FF	ODOA 5265 706C	6163 6520 746	8 6520 I/O errorReplace the
000041B8 6469 736B	2C20 616E 6420	7468 656E 2070	7265 7373 206	1 6E79 disk, and then press any
000041D0 206B 6579	ODOA 0000 494F	2020 2020 2020	5359 534D 534	4 4F53 keyIO SYSMSDOS
000041E8 2020 2053	5953 7F01 0041	BB00 0760 666A	00E9 3BFF 000	0 55AA SYSA fj;U.
00004200 F8FF FFFF	0300 0400 0500	0600 0700 0800	0900 0A00 0B0	0 0000
00004218 0D00 0E00	OF00 1000 1100	1200 1300 1400	1500 FFFF 170	0 1800
00004230 1900 1A00	1B00 1C00 1D00	1E00 1F00 2000		0 2400
00004248 2500 2600	2700 2800 2900	FFFF 2800 2000	2D00 2E00 2F0	0 3000 %.&.'.(.)+.,/.0.
00004260 3100 3200	3300 3400 3500	3600 3700 3800	3900 3A00 3B0	0 3C00 1.2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9.:.;.<.
00004278 3D00 FFFF	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000 =
00004290 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000
000042A8 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000
000042C0 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000
00004208 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000
000042F0 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000
00004308 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 000	0 0000
00004320 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0 0000 0000 0
100004336 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 000	0.00001

The boot sector in the first partition was reviewed, the following information has been identified:

EM name indicates the file system is created in a Windows 95 or Windows 98 system. Iuster contains 2 sectors, or 1,024 bytes.		"MSWIN4.1"
or Windows 98 system.		
	10	0.00(0)
Justor contains 2 costors, or 1 024 bytes	10	0, 00, (0)
Juster contains 2 sectors, or 1,024 bytes.	13	0x02 (2)
is 1 reserved sector.	14 – 15	0x01 (1)
e system has 2 file allocation tables.	16	0x02 (2)
e system can contain 512 entries in the root directory.	17-18	0x200 (512)
er of sectors per file allocation table is 239.	22-23	0xEF (239)
luma is formatted in EATIC	43-53	"FAT16 "
	e system can contain 512 entries in the root directory. er of sectors per file allocation table is 239.	e system can contain 512 entries in the root directory. 17-18 er of sectors per file allocation table is 239. 22-23

For a file system formatted with FAT, the first sector is always the boot sector. It contains an OEM ID, the bootstrap program (a linkage to the "kernel loader" to start the operating system), the BIOS Parameter Block (BPB) and the extend BPB (bytes 12 to 62 in FAT16). Valuable information about the file system can be read in the BPB and the extended BPB.

In this case, firstly, the OEM ID ("MSWIN4.1") (point a. above) indicates the file system was formatted by a Windows 95 OSR2 or a Windows 98 system; and installation of driver software is necessary to support proper functioning of USB devices in these operating systems. Therefore, the device driver for the USB drive is likely to exist in Lawrence's workstation if it is running Windows 98 or Windows 95 OSR2, if he is using Windows 2000 or XP, traces of USB device installations can be identified the local machine registry hive under in \System\CurrentControlSet\Enum* and possibly in the event log as well. In addition, it has been identified the cluster size to be 2 sectors (point b. above). Depending on the file size, up to 1023 bytes of spaces in the last cluster allocated to a file could be left unused. These spaces are called slack spaces and may store information of a previously deleted file or other contents.

After the boot sector, there are 2 file allocation tables (FAT): the first is the original and the second a backup copy for contingency. The root directory and data area come after the 2 file allocation tables.

As the file system being analyzed holds 512 entries in its root directory (point e. above), and each entry in FAT16 is 32 bytes, we can calculated the root directory to occupy 32 sectors on the disk. The information up till this point allows us to identify the disk layout.

Region Descriptions	Starting	Ending	Region Size in	Region Size in
•	Sector	Sector	Sectors	Bytes
Master Boot Record	0x000000	0x000000	1	512
Unused	0x000001	0x00001F	31	15,872
First Partition Boot Sector	0x000020	0x000020	1	512
First Partition File Allocation Table	0x000021	0x00010F	239	122,368
First Partition File Allocation Table Backup	0x000110	0x0001FE	239	122,368
First Partition Root Directory	0x0001FF	0x00021E	32	16,384
First Partition Data Region	0x00021F	0x01DC5E	121,408	62,160,896
First Partition Data Region that cannot be used	0x01DC5F	0x01DC5F	1	512

7. The file allocation table (in 0x4200) in the first partition was reviewed using a hex editor.

00004188	616C	6964	2073	7973	7465	6D20	6469	736B	FFOD	0A44	6973	6B20	alid system diskDisk
000041A0	492F	4F20	6572	726F	72FF	ODOA	5265	706C	6163	6520	7468	6520	I/O errorReplace the
000041B8	6469	736B	2C20	616E	6420	7468	656E	2070	7265	7373	2061	6E79	disk, and then press any
000041D0	206B	6579	ODOA	0000	494F	2020	2020	2020	5359	534D	5344	4F53	keyIO SYSMSDOS
000041E8	2020	2053	5953	7F01	0041	BB00	0760	666A	00E9	3BFF	0000	55AA	SYSA fj;U.
00004200	F8FF	FFFF	0300	0400	0500	0600	0700	0800	0900	0A00	0800	0000	
00004218	ODOO	0E00	OFOO	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	FFFF	1700	1800	
00004230	1900	1A00	1B00	1000	1D00	1E00	1F00	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	#.\$.
00004248	2500	2600	2700	2800	2900	FFFF	2B00	2000	2D00	2E00	2F00	3000	%.&.'.(.)+/.0.
00004260	3100	3200	3300	3400	3500	3600	3700	3800	3900	3A00			
00004278	3D00	FFFF	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	=
00004290	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	
000042A8	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	
000042C0	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	
000042D8	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	
000042F0	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	
00004308	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	
00004320	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
00004338	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	

The File Allocation Table (FAT) was reviewed, it is identified that only the initial portion of the data region is currently being used.

For a FAT16 formatted media, storages are allocated in clusters. The clusters allocated are marked in the file allocation table as a link list with nodes of 2 bytes. The first node start from the 5th byte in the file allocation table (the first 2 nodes = first 4 bytes are not used), the content value could be a number from (0x0003 to 0xFFEF) to indicate the next cluster of data, 0xFFF7 to indicate bad sector, or 0xFFF8 to 0xFFFF to indicate end of file.

Thus, we can see 3 contiguous files in our case, and all the spaces used by these files are allocated from the beginning of the partition. There is a good chance for us to chain up non-overwritten clusters to recover part or whole of deleted files in the disk in this case, since most clusters are not overwritten by another file.

8. The root directory (in 0x3FE00) in the first partition was reviewed using a hex editor.

0003FDF8 0000 0000 0000 000	00 4845 5220 2020 2020	444F 4320 1823 034	
0003FE10 5931 5931 0000 044	44 5931 0200 004E 000	4845 5920 2020 2020	Y1Y1DY1NHEY
0003FE28 444F 4320 18BA 034	46 5A31 5A31 0000 054	5 5A31 1600 004E 0000	DOCFZ1Z1FZ1N
0003FE40 E565 0074 0061 005	5F 0033 000F 00F8 2E0	6500 7800 6500 0000	.e.t.a3e.x.e
0003FE58 FFFF 0000 FFFF FFF			
0003FE70 7000 5F00 3300 5F0	00 3100 0000 5F00 620		p31bINPCA~1
0003FE88 4558 4520 003F FB8	82 5B31 5B31 0000 FC8:		ÊXE .?[1[1[1
0003FEA0 E565 0074 0061 005	5F 0033 000F 00F8 2E0		
0003FEB8 FFFF 0000 FFFF FFF	FF E557 0069 006E 005	0063 000F 00F8 6100	
0003FED0 7000 5F00 3300 5F0	00 3100 0000 SF00 620	E549 4E50 4341 7E3	p31bINPCA~1
0003FEE8 4558 4520 003F FB8	82 5B31 5C31 0000 F98	2 5B31 2A00 B269 0700	EXE .?[1\1[1*i
0003FF00 E557 0069 006E 004			
0003FF18 6500 0000 0000 FFE			
0003FF30 5B31 5B31 0000 038	83 5B31 0000 0000 000	E557 0069 006E 0044	[1[1[1W.i.n.D
0003FF48 0075 000F 0054 6D0	00 7000 2E00 6500 780		
0003FF60 E549 4E44 554D 502	20 4558 4520 001B 028	3 5B31 5C31 0000 0183	.INDUMP EXE[1\1
0003FF78 5B31 0502 00E0 060	00 E541 5054 5552 452	2020 2020 083D 0C59	[1APTURE .=.Y
0003FF90 5C31 5C31 0000 605	59 5C31 BD03 40CF 000		
0003FFA0 4740 4620 183F 369	EX 5031 5031 0000 375	5031 0000 0000 0000	ATE 1671111 7711
	59 5C31 BD03 40CF 0000		\1\1'Y_1@AP
0003FFA8 4749 4620 183E 365	5A 5C31 5C31 0000 3754	5C31 0000 0000 0000	GIF .>6Z\1\17Z\1
0003FFC0 E541 5020 2020 202	20 4749 4620 183E 365A	5C31 5C31 0000 375A	
0003FFD8 5C31 F103 6E22 000			1n"COFFEE DOC .*
0003FFF0 5C31 5C31 0000 189	9B 5C31 2A00 004E 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	\1\1\1*N
		0000 0000 0000 0000	
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000		
0004005010000 0000 0000 000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	

The root directory was reviewed, it was identified that some files have been created but are now deleted from the USB drive; 16 file entries including 13 deleted entries and 0 directory entries were found. Some of the files used long file names and span over multiple entries.

Each directory entry in FAT16 (FAT12/32 as well) is 32 bytes and could refer to a directory or a file with 8.3 naming convention to hold information such as time of last modified, accessed and creation, file size ... etc. Nevertheless, FAT16 do not store ownership information and the resolution of time in FAT16 is 2 seconds for the last modified and the created timestamps; also, only date information is recorded for last accessed timestamp.

In our case, a few points have been identified. One, there are deleted files, as the first byte of some FAT entries has value of 0xE5 indicating that they are free for reuse. Second, instances of "Windump.exe" and "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" had a long file name and span over several entries. Lastly, only a small number of root directory entries are in use.

Point to puzzle is some file entries repeated themselves; from the investigator's own experiences, this might happen when a file is saved through Microsoft Internet Explorer, copied over the network, ... etc. Yet it is unsure at this point if they did actually happened, however. In addition, "Windump.exe" can be represented by a single directory entry but is now spanning over several entries.

9. AccessData FTK evaluation was installed to the forensic workstation for further investigations.

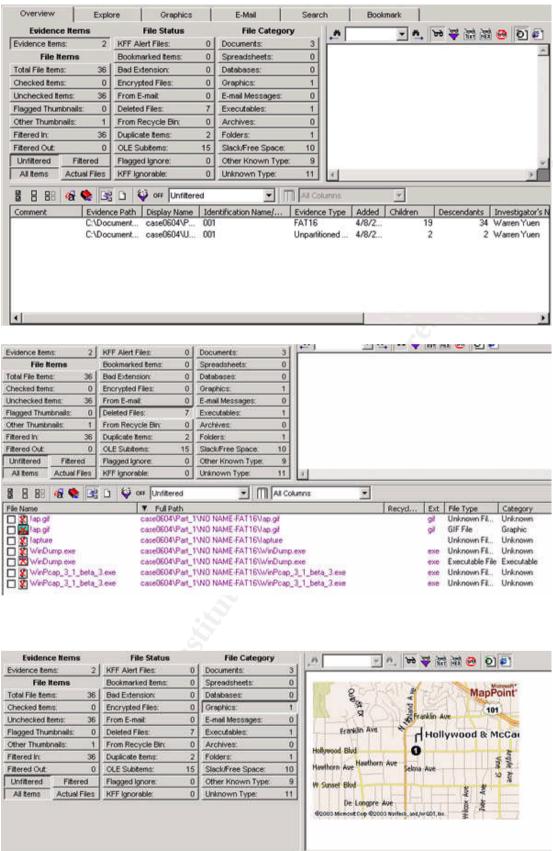
Since only a few files (including deleted files) have been identified on the IMAGE, evaluation version of AccessData FTK software, capable of processing 5,000 files have been chosen to support further investigation. The advantages of choosing FTK is that the image we are processing has only a few entries and used only very limited spaces. Also, FTK is easy to install and requires minimal configuration, thus is ideal to complete the investigation before the assigned deadline.

10. Information in the IMAGE was analyzed with FTK

FTK found 36 items from the IMAGE, to summarize the information found:

- 3 Microsoft Word documents (as identified earlier);
- 7 deleted files including duplicates of:
 - Map ("!ap.gif") of a part in Hollywood, Los Angeles created/downloaded using Microsoft MapPoint.
 - Executable "Windump.exe"
 - An unknown file with the name "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe"
 - An unknown file with the name "!apture"
- The executables were created and accessed on 27 October, while the map "!ap.gif" and the unknown "!apture" file were created on 28 October. The offensive text "Coffee.doc" was written on late 28 October.
- One instance of "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe", "WinDump.exe" and "!ap.gif" has a logical size of 0 bytes.
- Other items included slack spaces, master boot record, empty spaces ... etc.

File in root directory (* indicates deleted file)	Identified File Type	Created Time (Sorted)	Modified Time	Logical Size
her.doc	Microsoft Word XP Document	25/10/2004 8:32:06	25/10/2004 8:32:08	19968
hey.doc	Microsoft Word XP Document	26/10/2004 8:48:06	26/10/2004 8:48:10	19968
WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe*	Unknown File Type	27/10/2004 16:23:54	27/10/2004 16:23:56	0
WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe*	Unknown File Type	27/10/2004 16:23:54	27/10/2004 16:23:50	485810
WinDump.exe*	Unknown File Type	27/10/2004 16:24:04	27/10/2004 16:24:06	0
WinDump.exe*	Executable File	27/10/2004 16:24:04	27/10/2004 16:24:02	450560
!apture*	Unknown File Type	28/10/2004 11:08:24	28/10/2004 11:11:00	53056
!ap.gif*	Unknown File Type	28/10/2004 11:17:44	28/10/2004 11:17:46	0
!ap.gif*	GIF File	28/10/2004 11:17:44	28/10/2004 11:17:46	8814
coffee.doc	Microsoft Word XP Document	28/10/2004 19:24:46	28/10/2004 19:24:48	19968



A number of items are of particular interest. One, the programs "WinDump" and "WinPcap" are well-known freeware network sniffer to steal packets off a network; "WinPcap" enables a network card to operate in promiscuous mode and capture packets intended for other nodes on a network, and WinDump is capable of saving the captured packets for further analysis. In addition, considering the file creation time, the file "!apture" is likely to be a network packet dump and information in "!ap.gif" is probably generated with reference to information in "!apture". Also, for one of the "Windump.exe", the last modified time (Oct 27 16:24:02) is 2 seconds earlier than its creation time (Oct 27 16:24:04), suggesting the file has been copied from another source or location.

In addition, FTK has confirmed the "*.doc" files to be Microsoft Word documents; therefore, we may attempt to recover the file owner information from the Microsoft Word document files.

Therefore, the following will be the subject of further analysis: i) to test if the files "WinPcap_3_1_beta3.exe" and "WinDump.exe" are the network sniffer programs with the same name; ii) to confirm if the file "!apture" is a packet capture file; iii) to confirm if the information in the GIF file "!ap" is contained in "!apture"; and iv) to retrieve additional information form Microsoft Word documents.

An item to puzzle is the file "!apture" was created on Oct 28 11:08 and modified on 11:11; if it is indeed a packet capture, it is unlikely for the capture to be done on random, given the short duration of the file. Reviewing the contents of "!apture" may provide some clues on the matter.

A point to note is the information in the map supported our initial setting of the time zone to GMT-8, since Hollywood, LA is on the Pacific timezone.

11. String searches were performed on the IMAGE with FTK

The following words (ignoring letter cases) were searched in the IMAGE: "Robert", "Lawrence", "Leila", "Conlay", "Coffee", "meet", "Hollywood", "Blvd", "Sam", "flowergirl" and "hotmail". The results: "Coffee" – 17 hits; "Meet" – 4 hits; "Hollywood" – 2 hits; "Robert Lawrence" – 32 hits; "Leila" – 2 hits; "Hotmail" – 68 hits; "Sam" – 34 hits and "Flowergirl" – 6 hits. The words "Hollywood", "Leila", "Hotmail", "Sam" and "Flowergirl" were all found in the deleted file "!apture".

Search Items	Search Add Type	tem Type:	 Search Performed 4/12/2005 8: ⊕ Query: "coffee" <ascii li="" unic<=""> ⊕ Query: "meet" <ascii li="" unic<=""> ⊕ Query: "hollywood" <ascii< li=""> ⊕ Query: "lawrence" <ascii li="" uni<=""> ⊕ Query: "lawrence" <ascii li="" unico<=""> </ascii></ascii></ascii<></ascii></ascii>	code, Case Insensi ode, Case Insensit Unicode, Case Ins code, Case Insens Jnicode, Case Inse 14:35 PM 2 Hits	sitive> 17 Hits in 7 F sive> 4 Hits in 3 Files sensitive> 2 Hits in 2 sitive> 32 Hits in 9 F ensitive> 32 Hits in 9 in 2 Files	; ? Files iles
Edit Item	Delete Item Reset	Search				
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4						
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File Name	Full Path	Recycl		Subject	Cr Date	M
SummaryInform	ation case0604\Part_1\N0 N4	ME-FAT16\her.doc>>I	OLE 2 Summ Other		N/A	N

	💜 OFF Unfiltered	All Column		-				
File Name SummaryInformation	Full Path case0604\Part_1\N0	NAME-FAT16\her.doc>>[Recycl Ext	File Type OLE 2 Summ	Category Other	Subject	Cr Date	N
SummaryInformation	case0604\Part_1\N0	NAME-FAT16\hey.doc>>[OLE 2 Summ	Other		N/A	N
SummaryInformation		NAME-FAT16\coffee.doc NAME-FAT16\lapture		OLE 2 Summ Unknown Fil			N/A 10/28/2004 11:0	N 19-24 1
2 lapture	000410 - 41100			015.0			N 1A	0.24
lexed Search Live Search			🕞- Sea	rch Performed 4/	12/2005 8:12:0	9 PM 87 HR	in 15 Files	
earch Term:	▶ Ad	tem Type:	8				Rive> 17 Hits in 7	Files
Search Items	Туре	Text		∃ -1 Ht casel ∃ -1 Ht casel				
Search Mells	1 type	ASCI					hey.doc>>WordDo	cument
		Case Sensitive		 3 Hits case 4 Hits case 				
		Regular Expressi	ion III				6\coffee.doc>>Wor	dDocumer
		C Hexadecimal					6\DriveFreeSpace1	
		Max Hits Per File:					ive> 4 Hits in 3 File ensitive> 2 Hits in	
Edit Item Delete I	tem Repet	Search					tive> 32 Hits in 9	
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000a80 77 6d 61 69 6c								
000a90 47 75 61 72 69 000aa0 2e 63 6f 6d 26	60 60 61-40 68 61 7 63 63 34-26 62 63 6	4 6d 61 69 6c Guaril 3 3d 26 73 75	108hotmail					
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000ac0 65 65 26 62 6£	64 79 3d-53 75 72 6	5 25 32 43 2b ee4bod	ly=Sure%2C+					
ection start = 2702, length = 22; cl	luster = 959; logical sector =	2426; physical sector = 2458						
8 88 🚳 🍖 📴 🗅	S of Unfiltered	All Colum	ns	•				
File Name	Full Path			File Type	Category	Subject	Cr Date	M
SummaryInformation	case0604\Part_1\N0	NAME-FAT16\her.doc>>L		OLE 2 Summ	Other		N/A	N
SummaryInformation		NAME-FAT16\hey.doc>>L NAME-FAT16\coffee.doc		OLE 2 Summ OLE 2 Summ			N/A N/A	N
I lanh ra		NAME FATIEU antes		Holynoun Fil			10/28/2004 11-0	0-24 1
		0.						

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00000b90 4b Se e3 cf 00 0c 41 50-29 2c 08 00 45 00 00 28 K^AP)	,··E·· (
ielection start = 2937, length = 5; cluster = 959; logical sector = 2426; physical sector = 2458	N
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	cycl Ext. File Type Category Subject Cr Date Mod Unknown Fil Unknown 10/28/2004 11:08 24 10/2 Drive Free S Slack/Free S N/A N/A
Indexed Search Live Search Search Term: Search Items Type Search Items Type C Text V ASCI V Unicode Case Sensitive	 Search Performed 4/12/2005 8:12:09 PM 87 HRs in 15 Files ⊕ Query: "coffice" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 17 HRs in 7 Files</ascii> ⊕ Query: "meet" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 4 HRs in 3 Files</ascii> ⊕ Query: "robpt" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 2 HRs in 2 Files</ascii> ⊕ Query: "robpt" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 32 HRs in 9 Files</ascii> ⊕ Query: "lawrence" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 32 HRs in 9 Files</ascii> ⊕ Query: "lawrence" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 32 HRs in 9 Files</ascii> ⊕ Query: "lawrence" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 32 HRs in 9 Files</ascii> ⊕ Search Performed 4/12/2005 8:14:35 PM 2 HRs in 2 Files
Edit item Delete item Repet Search	B - Query: "lela" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 2 Hts in 2 Files Search Performed 4/12/2005 8:21:04 PM 102 Hts in 3 Files B - Query: "hotmal" <ascii case="" insensitive="" unicode,=""> 68 Hts in 2 Files</ascii></ascii>
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00002440 69 67 6e 3d 22 6c 65 66-74 22 20 76 61 6c 69 67 ign="left 00002440 6e 3d 22 6d 69 64 64 6c-65 22 3e 3c 66 6f 67 74 1n="middle 00002500 20 63 6c 61 73 73 3d 22-47 22 3e 56 6c 6f 77 65 00002510 72 67 69 72 6c 93 64 0-68 67 74 6d 61 69 6c 2e 00002520 63 6f 6d 3c 2f 66 6f 6e-74 3e 3c 2f 74 64 3e 3c com	"> flowe otmail.
election start = 9483, length = 10; cluster = 966; logical sector = 2433; physical sector = 2471	
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	cycl Ext File Type Category Subject Cr Date Mod
Repture case0604/Part_1/NO NAME-FAT16Vapture Case0604/Part_1/NO NAME-FAT16/DriveFreeS	Unknown FiL. Unknown 10/28/2004 11:08:24 10/2 Drive Free S Slack/Free S N/A N/A
	J

Before recovering the deleted files and performing further analysis, an exhaustive string search was performed on the IMAGE as a whole. The information collected may prevent errors if it reveals conflicting elements, and may ease subsequent investigations.

The words for initial search were chosen with respective to the information identified until this point. "Robert", "Lawrence", "Leila", "Conlay" were the name of the suspect and the victim in our case; "Coffee", "meet" has been the subject in "Hey.doc" and "Coffee.doc"; "Hollywood" and "Blvd" are information revealed in the map "!ap.gif". The words "Sam", "flowergirl" and "hotmail" were included upon completing our initial search, as email address have been seen in our search of "Hollywood", in the file "!apture". In short, it appears that "!apture" included email communications between flowergirl96@hotmail.com and SamGuarillo@hotmail.com.

12. The document information in the Microsoft Word files were reviewed with FTK.

Information acquired in the document summary section of the Microsoft Word document files were listed below:

File name	Title	Created	Last Saved
Coffee.doc	Hey what gives	10/28/2004 7:23:00 PM	10/28/2004 7:24:00 PM
Her.doc	Hey I saw you the other day	10/25/2004 8:30:00 AM	10/25/2004 8:32:00 AM
Hey.doc	Неу	10/26/2004 8:47:00 AM	10/26/2004 8:48:00 AM

Overview	Explore	Graphics	E-Mail	Search E	iookmari	°						
😑 🚭 Pa	rt_1) NO NAME-FAT16		Summary Information									
	 coffee.doc her.doc hey.doc 		Name	Value								
- <u></u>] u	partSpace		Title	Title Hey what gives								
			Subject									
			Author Robert Lawrence									
			Keywords									
			Comments									
List all descent	lants		Template	Normal dot	rmal dot							
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 File Name 		Full Path		Recycl	Ext	File Type	Category					
☑ 🕐 ICompObj ☑ 🗋 IDocumen	SummaryInformation		IND NAME-FAT16\cof NO NAME-FAT16\cof			OLE Stream Office Docu	Unknown Other					
Summary	nformation		IND NAME-FAT16\cof			OLE 2 Summ	Other					
FileSlack			IND NAME-FAT16\cof IND NAME-FAT16\cof			OLE Stream File Stack	Unknown Slack/Free S					
VordDoce	ment		IND NAME-FAT16\cof			Microsoft Wo						

In addition, it was identified that all files were created with "Microsoft Word 10.0" (Microsoft Office XP) and is of component object class "Word.Document.8" (version 8). "Robert Lawrence" was identified as the "Last Author" in all three documents.

There was a difference in timestamps between those carried in Microsoft Word and those in the file system collected earlier. It can be accounted by the fact that creation timestamp in the file system records when the document is first saved to the disk, while creation timestamp in Microsoft Word records when a file is first edited before it is saved to disk. In addition, Microsoft Office does not store the timestamp down to number of seconds.

13. Information in FTK was exported for further analysis.

Files (including actual and delete files) were exported through FTK. All instances of "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe", and the 3 files with logical size of 0 bytes were not recovered. MD5 sums were generated on the recovered files.

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe	-OX
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\FTK-Export2>dir Volume in drive C has no label. Volume Serial Number is 902F-9500	
Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\FTK-Export2	
04/12/2005 09:07p (DIR) 10/28/2004 11:11a 53.056 *apture[26] 10/28/2004 11:17a 8.814 *ap[28].gif 10/28/2004 07:24p 19.968 coffee[29].doc 10/25/2004 08:32a 19.968 her[9].doc 10/26/2004 08:32a 19.968 her[9].doc 10/26/2004 08:48a 19.968 her[9].doc 10/27/2004 08:24p 450.560 WinDump[25].exe 6 File(s) 572.334 bytes 2 Dir(s) 15.388,946.432 bytes free C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\FTK-Export2>md5sum * md5sum: .: Permission denied 2097b7b0a9fedb4238b67e976c4ae1cb **apture[26] 9bc3923cf8e72fd405d7cea8c8781011 **ap[28].gif a833c58689596eda15a27c931e0c76d1 *coffee[29].doc 9785a777c5286738f9deb73d8bc57978 *her[9].doc ca601d4f8138717dca4de07a8ec19ed1 *hey[16].doc 79375b77975aa53a1b0507496107bff7 *WinDump[25].exe	
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\FTK-Export2>	-

For each 32 bytes directory entry in FAT, the last 6 bytes contain the starting cluster and the file size information; if the information were lost, chance of automatic recovery of data is slim. In our case, FTK was not able to recover the 3 files with zero-ed starting cluster and logical file size. However, since all these entries were duplicated (in file name at least), the content had been recovered through their alternate entries. In addition, manual recovery (or through other tools) of "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" may be possible, since one of its two entries has a valid starting cluster and logical file size.

14. WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe was recovered manually from the IMAGE.

Using HexWorkshop, 485,810 bytes (0x769b2) of data from physical address 0x4DE00 was extracted and saved to "WinPcap". the MD5 sum of the recovered data was "b794de4b88068ae80de523c3b35eeaab" (See lower right hand corner in figure below shaded in pink).

inguio bo	1011	Uniu	aca		IIX).										
000C4710 000C4728 000C4740 000C4758 000C4770 000C4788	567F 8435 07B4 3822	25EC 45A0 AE8B	8154 C7FF 4522 C10A 62C1 1F02		1C39 247C FF20 82B5 8BA8 00E4			A2E1 7A39 BEBA	CD8F CAD0	1FB4 ESSB BASO	B482 4149 C8FA	A526 3020 94FD D439	V.% .5E.E	\$ "U .c	9X.9j. s z .G& 5@
000C47A0 000C47B8	0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	BADF 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000	4749 0000 0000	5045 0000 0000	4E44 0000 0000 0000	0000	0000	0000 0000 0000 0000			GIP
offset: 318976 [,	DE00]							× 3 in:	stances of	'd0cf11e	7 found in	case0604	amg	
881 Signed Byte 881 Unsigned By 1681 Signed Shor 1681 Unsigned St 3281 Signed Long	yte 20 rt -1 hort 53		0					4	000	dress 043E00 048E00 040E00		000	igth 100004 100004 100004		
\Data Inspector	A Stru	ucture Vie	wer /						10	λ are due	Checksun	Find	Bookma	ks λc	httput /
nped to position 0	x0004D	EDO (318	976)						Offset:	0004DE00	Sel:	0x769b2	bytes	6243	9424 byte

Reviewing the root directory content, it can be confirmed that both "Coffee.doc" and "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" start at cluster 42 (0x2a) or physical address 0x4DE00. In addition, the size and starting cluster information of the deleted files reveals that deleted file were allocated on the disk in a consecutive order and did not overwrite each other; making manual recovery of deleted files much simpler.

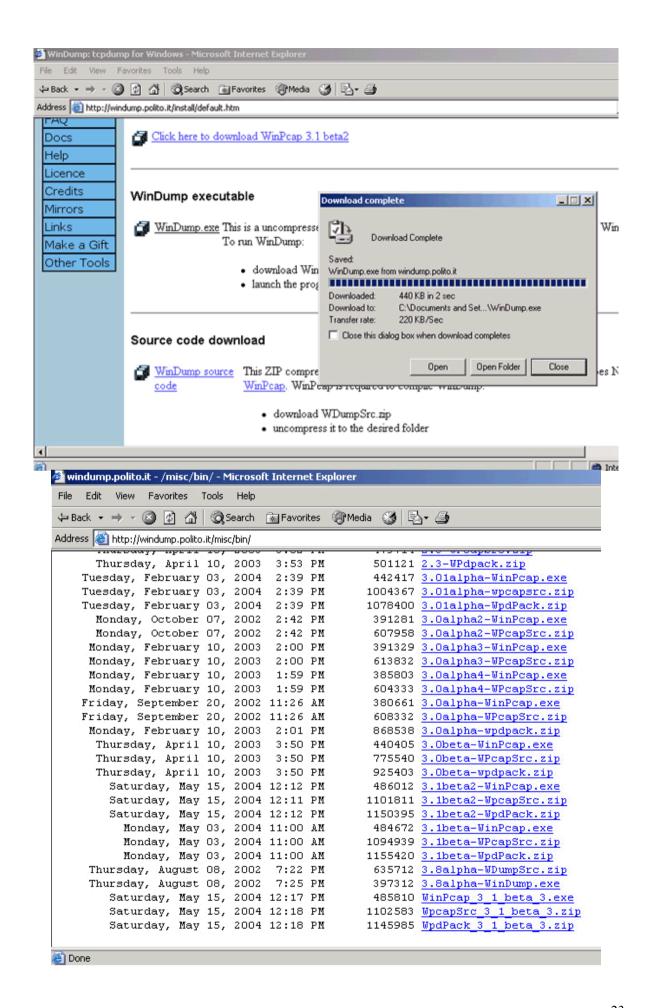
,a		, 1110		y 1110	inuu			i y Oi	uci	cicu	IIIC.	5 mic		
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	0003FE40	E565	0074	0061	005F	0033	000F	00F8	2E00	6500	7800	6500	0000	.e.t.a3e.x.e
	0003FE58	FFFF	0000	FFFF	FFFF	E557	0069	006E	0050	0063	000F	00F8	6100	W.i.n.P.ca.
	0003FE70	7000	5F00	3300	5F00	3100	0000	5F00	6200	E549	4E50	4341	7E31	p31bINPCA~1
	0003FE88	4558	4520	003F	FB82	5B31	5B31	0000	FC82	5B31	0000	0000	0000	EXE .?[1[1[1
	0003FEA0	E565	0074	0061	005F	0033	000F	00F8	2E00	6500	7800	6500	0000	.e.t.a3e.x.e
	0003FEB8	FFFF	0000	FFFF	FFFF	E557	0069	006E	0050	0063	000F	00F8	6100	W.i.n.P.ca.
	0003FED0	7000	5F00	3300	5F00	3100	0000	5F00	6200	E549	4E50	4341	7E31	p31bINPCA~1
														EXE .?[1\1[1*i
														.W.i.n.D.uTm.pe.x.
														eINDUMP EXE
														[1[1[1W.i.n.D
	0003FF48	0075	000F	0054	6D00	7000	2E00	6500	7800	6500	0000	0000	FFFF	.uTm.pe.x.e
														.INDUMP EXE[1\1
														[1APTURE .=.Y
														1\1Y\1@AP
	0003FFA8	4749	4620	183E	365A	5C31	5C31	0000	375A	5C31	0000	0000	0000	GIF .>6Z\1\17Z\1
	0003FFC0	E541	5020	2020	2020	4749	4620	183E	365A	5C31	5C31	0000	375A	.AP GIF .>6Z\1\17Z
	0003FFD8	5C31	F103	6E22	0000	434F	4646	4545	2020	444F	4320	182A	179B	<pre>\1n"COFFEE DOC .*</pre>
	0003FFF0	5C31	5C31	0000	189B	5C31	2A00	004E	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	\1\1\1*N
	-													

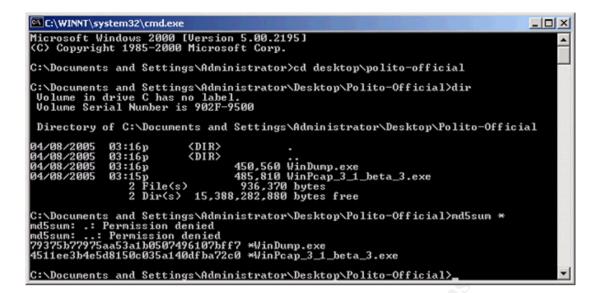
Also, since "Coffee.doc" is 19,968 (0x4e00) bytes and "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" is 485,810 bytes (0x769b2) in logical size, the first 39 sectors (approximately 4.1%) of "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" was overwritten by "Coffee.doc". the slack spaces of "Coffee.doc" at the 40th sector is thus part of the deleted "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe".

Therefore, if the "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" we recovered from the IMAGE is indeed the WinPcap installer program, the recovered binaries will be identical to the genuine "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" starting from the 40th sector and on.

15. Genuine WinPcap and WinDump were downloaded and compared against files recovered from the IMAGE.

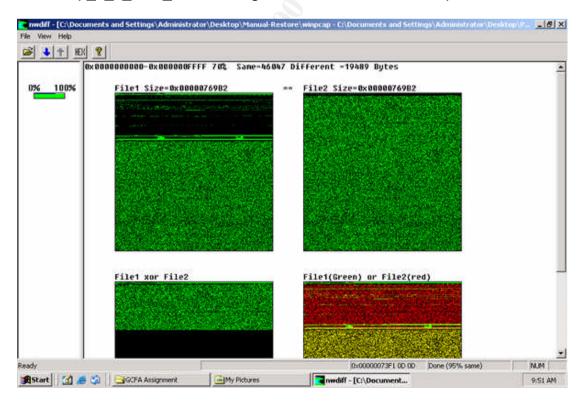
Genuine WinPcap 3.1 beta 3 and WinDump 3.8.3 beta were downloaded from the official download site. The md5 values were "4511ee3b4e5d8150c035a140dfba72c0" and "79375b77975aa53a1b0507496107bff7" respectively.

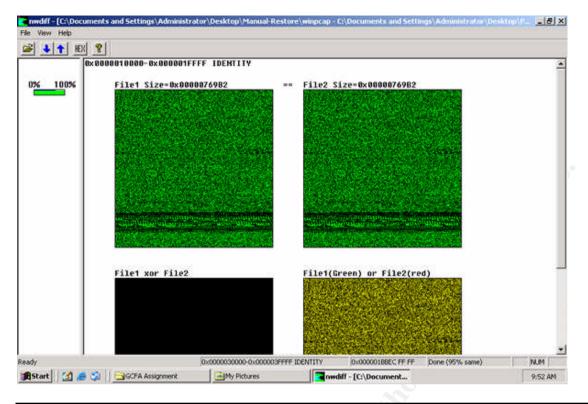




The MD5 values between the genuine and the recovered files were compared, it was identified that the "WinDump.exe" in the IMAGE is a genuine version of WinDump 3.8.3 beta.

A binary comparison between the genuine "WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe" and our recovered image was done using NWDiff. It was identified that the two files to be **95%** identical (shown in the status bar of NWDIFF); for the data between 0x0 – 0xFFFF alone, the two files are **70%** identical; the rest of the file from 0x10000 and afteward are identical to each other. A graphical representation of "File1 xor File2" (lower left) and "File1 or File2" (lower right) indicated that all differences are located at the beginning of the files. It is thus safe to conclude that the recovered "WinPcap 3 1 beta 3.exe" is a genuine version of WinPCap 3.1 Beta 3.





As part of the recovered file has been overwritten, and with the tools at hand, performing a binary comparison consume less time and provides a good enough confirmation on the identity of the unknown WinPcap recovered in the IMAGE.

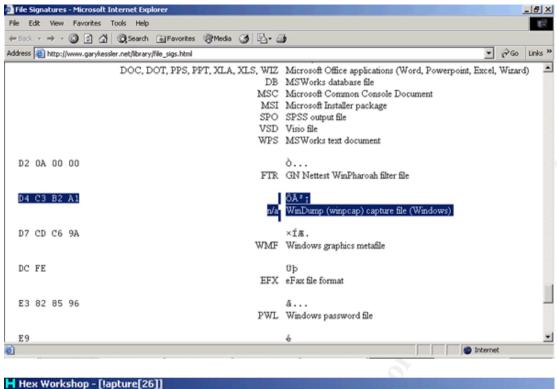
In part, our comparison has been made easy as Microsoft Word documents carries empty spaces (allocated to the containers – a feature of "component document"), while the compressed installer programs are more packed and exhibits a different pattern.

A better approach could be extracting data in a genuine version of WinPcap from the 40th sector and on, and compare it against the portion of WinPcap not overwritten using MD5 comparison. Nevertheless, having read through and validated the output of NWDIFF, the investigator has sufficient confidence on the current interpretation.

16. The file signature of "!apture" was reviewed and matched against information from the Internet

The file signature database (<u>http://www.garykessler.net/library/file sigs.html</u>) was visited, and it was confirmed that a file beginning with "D4C3B2A1" to be a WinPcap capture file.

The first 4 bytes in "lapture" were then reviewed and confirmed the file to be a packet capture file.



Hex Worksho	op - [lapt	ure[26]	1										
🖹 File Edit Di	isk Optic	ons Too	ls Winde	ow Help									
iii 🖬 🖬 🔮	3 % 1	6	22	1 10			0 B	S L	QF	0 0	0	□ ŀ	÷
≒ ~ « »	> <u>८५ २</u>	2 22 2	i ^ \$	&	*- +		1 %	KI [2]	A† a	il a¦A	9	昭	%
00000000	D4C3	B2A1	0200	0400	0000	0000	0000	0000	0010	0000	0100	0000	Ŀ
00000018	2E36	8141	EE59	0100	3E00	0000	3E00	0000	000C	4150	292C	0090	
00000030	4B5E	E3CF	0800	4500	0030	97C5	4000	8006	3CF4	COA8	0268	4004	K
00000048												0204	

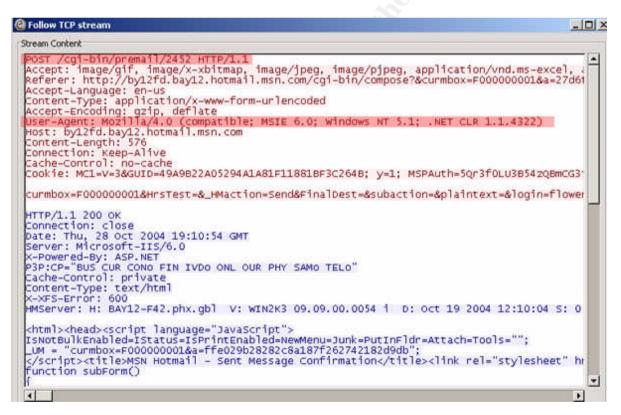
17. Network stream of information was extracted from "!apture"

Ethereal version 0.10.8 was installed to the forensic workstation.

The file "!apture" was opened with Ethereal, it was identified that the capture is about 1 second long in time from Oct 28 2004 11:10:54 – 11:10:55.

	- () × (?) - () +			0	* 0
Eilter:			- Expression >	_lear 🛛 🖌 Apr	xly
No	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	2004-10-28 11:10:54.088558	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	TCP	2038 > http
2	2004-10-28 11:10:54.090712	192.168.2.1	192.168.2.255	SNMP	TRAP-V1 SNM
3	2004-10-28 11:10:54.112808	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	TCP	http > 2038
4	2004-10-28 11:10:54.112831	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	TCP	2038 > http
5	2004-10-28 11:10:54.113010	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	HTTP	POST /cgi-k
6	2004-10-28 11:10:54.113030	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	HTTP	Continuatio
7	2004-10-28 11:10:54.113055	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	HTTP	Continuatio
8	2004-10-28 11:10:54.174035	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	TCP	http > 2038
9	2004-10-28 11:10:54.174847	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 10
10	2004-10-28 11:10:54.224375	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 20
11	2004-10-28 11:10:54.224430	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	TCP	2038 > http
12	2004-10-28 11:10:54.233166	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	HTTP	Continuatio
13	2004-10-28 11:10:54.256937	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	HTTP	Continuatio
14	2004-10-28 11:10:54.257022	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	TCP	2038 > http
15	2004-10-28 11:10:54.265800	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	HTTP	Continuatio
16	2004-10-28 11:10:54.290217	64.4.34.250	192.168.2.104	HTTP	Continuatio
17	2004-10-28 11:10:54.290285	192.168.2.104	64.4.34.250	TCP	2038 > http:
•					Þ

A search for "flowergirl" was performed in the stream and one stream with HTTP data matching "flowergirl" was found. The stream of data was extracted to "capture1.txt" with md5 value of "1d9f54ecb95797bb5a31aae923c91b41".



The network stream in "capture1.txt" was reviewed and it was identified to include i) an email reply from <u>flowergirl96@hotmail.com</u> to <u>SamGuarillo@hotmail.com</u> using HTTP Post method to Hotmail (httpmail); and ii) a response HTML page from the Hotmail server.

The email reply being "posted" to the hotmail server was saved as "capture1.1.txt", a message written by <u>flowergirl96@hotmail.com</u> on the topic of having coffee with

Sam at Hollywood & McCadden at 7:00PM of Oct 28 was identified when the stream was decoded. The location is Hollywood and McCadden where the recovered map "!ap.gif" referred.

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe	×
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Manual-Restore>type capture1.1.t xt	-
curmbox=F000000001&HrsTest=&_HMaction=Send&FinalDest=&subaction=&plaintext=&logi n=flowergir196&msg=&start=&len=&attfile=&attlistfile=&eur1=&type=&src=&ref=&ru=& msghdrid=b16479b18beec291196189c78555223c_1098692452&RTEbgcolor=&encodedto=SamGu arillo@hotmail.com&encodedcc=&encodedbcc=&deleteUponSend=0&importance=&sigflag=& newmail=new&to=SamGuarillo@hotmail.com&cc=&bcc=&subject=REx3A+coffee&body=Surex2 C+coffee+sounds+great.++Letx27s+meet+at+the+coffee+shop+on+the+corner+Hollywood+ and+McCadden.++ltx27s+a+nice+out+of+the+way+spot.x0Dx0Ax0Dx0ASee+you+at+7pmx21x0 Dx0Ax0Dx0A-Leila	
HTTP/1.1 100 Continue C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Manual-Restore> C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Manual-Restore> C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Manual-Restore>cscript tmp.vbs Microsoft (R) Windows Script Host Version 5.6 Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation 1996-2001. All rights reserved.	
curmbox=F00000001&HrsTest=&_HMaction=Send&FinalDest=&subaction=&plaintext=&logi n=flowergir196&msg=&start=&len=&attfile=&attlistfile=&eur1=&type=&src=&ref=&ru=& msghdrid=b16479b18beec291196189c78555223c_1098692452&RTEbgcolor=&encodedto=SamGu arillo@hotmail.com&encodedcc=&encodedbcc=&deleteUponSend=0&importance=&sigflag=& newmail=new&to=SamGuarillo@hotmail.com&cc=&bcc=&subject=RE: coffee&body=Sure, co ffee sounds great. Let's meet at the coffee shop on the corner Hollywood and Mc Cadden. It's a nice out of the way spot.	
See you at 7pm?	
-Leila HTTP/1.1 100 Continue	
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Manual-Restore>_	•

The HTML contents in the response stream was saved to "capture1.2.htm" and opened in an Internet Explorer; it showed a hotmail page requesting flowergirl96 to add SamGuarillo@hotmail.com into her address book.

	ssage Confirmation - Microsoft Interr es Tools Help	net Liquorer		
	es Loos geo	4. (A. B		
and the second se	nd Settings' Administrator' Desktop (Manual-	and the second		▼ ∂Go Links
	Hotmail Zennesse Money Detailed	Sign Out	Web Search:	Go
msn. Hor	mail Today Mo	a and com		Castrons Unive
flowingiz196@hotmail.com	K.		-	Eren Neursletten M.St. Featured Office
	- Anglemetricol 💷 Herr Contact			
Today on MSN	Actionstruct S New Change	Seve 0 A dataset		
Today on MSN Download Shapiy's gradest		o Save Address	r i Actio	n canceled
Today on MSN	Nour message has been sent to		Internet Explo	n canceled rer was unable to link to the Web p e page might be temporarily unava

At this part of the investigation, Ethereal has been used to decode the content in the packet capture file. Since httpmail (and a number of other network protocols) do not encrypt mail contents, they can be spied by any workstations connected to the network. In this case, the email and html contents have been spied the use of Windump.

With reference to the content of the email from Ms. Conlay to "Sam", one can believe the last message "Coffee.doc" found in the IMAGE was written by Mr. Lawrence at 7:24PM of Oct 28, 2004 after he had seen Ms. Conlay with "Sam" in the coffee shop at Hollywood & McCadden at 7:00PM of Oct 28, 2004. After Mr. Lawrence was rejected by Ms. Conlay on Oct 25 and Oct 26, he downloaded and installed a network sniffer "WinDump 3.8.3 Beta" on Oct 27 4pm and spied on network communications to and from Ms. Conlay's workstation. On Oct 28 11:10, he captured a private email of Ms. Conlay to "Sam", learning that Ms. Conlay will meet "Sam" at Hollywood area, he downloaded a map of the neighborhood at 11:17, and piggybacked Ms. Conlay at the same evening.

The following questions remained, nevertheless:

- 1. Is Leila's workstation at work running WinXP (NT5.1) and MSIE6 as highlighted in the http header above? Is the IP address 192.168.2.104 (That is, is the workstation being "captured" correct)?
- 2. How did Mr. Lawrence learnt the very second when Leila is sending her email to Sam? How could Mr. Lawrence decode Ms. Leila' private email from the capture only 8 minutes after its being recorded? Is there a more complete version of capture file located at another location?
- 3. Socially speaking, why is SamGuarillo not in Flowergirl96's address book if they known each other well? Is this a coincidence?
- 18. Evidences collected were consolidated (by re-exporting from FTK and performing file system copies) to ease submission.

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe	-OX
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Evidences>dir Volume in drive C has no label. Volume Serial Number is 902F-9500	
Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Evidences	
04/14/2005 10:04p <dir> 04/14/2005 10:04p <dir> 10/28/2004 11:11a 53,056 fapture[26] 10/28/2004 11:11a 53,056 fapture[26] 10/28/2004 11:11a 53,056 fapture[26] 10/28/2004 11:11a 53,056 fapture[26] 04/14/2005 08:22p 598 capture1.1.txt 04/14/2005 08:23p 17,904 capture1.2.htm 04/12/2005 09:37p 20,697 capture1.txt 10/28/2004 07:24p 19,968 coffee[29].doc 10/25/2004 08:32a 19,968 hey[16].doc 10/25/2004 08:48a 19,968 hey[16].doc 10/25/2004 08:43a 19,968 hey[16].doc 10/25/2004 04:32p 450,560 WinDump[25].exe 04/08/2005 04:32p 485,810 winpcap 10 File(s) 1,097,343 hytes 2 Dir(s) 15,376,011,264 bytes free</dir></dir>	
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Evidences>md5sum ★ md5sum: .: Permission denied md5sum:: Permission denied	a (
2097b7b7b0a9fedb4238b67e976c4ae1cb *!apture[26] 9bc3923cf8e72fd405d7cea8c8781011 *!ap[28].gif 619898a88919c0cbea20b0ddb82e6e2f *capture1.1.txt 73ff441abb50604439275a7564cd40b6 *capture1.2.htm 1d9f54ecb95797bb5a31aae923c91b41 *capture1.txt a833c58689596eda15a27c931e0c76d1 *coffee[29].doc 9785a777c5286738f9deb73d8bc57978 *her[9].doc ca601d4f8138717dca4de07a8ec19ed1 *hey[16].doc 79375b77975aa53a1b0507496107bff7 *WinDump[25].exe b794de4b88068ae80de523c3b35eeaab *winpcap	
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\Evidences>	-1
2005. Har	

VI. Investigative Leads and Other Recommendations

A number of evidences supported the claims by Ms. Conlay against Mr. Lawrence. Nevertheless, a number of concerns have been identified during the investigation. While each of them may not be significant, they suggest the current scenario be investigated further for a fair judgment on Mr. Lawrence.

A. Legally speaking, the investigator concern if the USB drive obtained could be used as approved evidence should this case is bring up to court. In part, the personal USB drive was neither obtained with Mr. Lawrence's consent, nor the corporate has been granted the authority required to seize private property during security investigation. Moreover, although our security administrator had found the USB Drive in Mr. Lawrence's cubicle, there is no evidence that Mr. Lawrence owns the USB Drive (other than his name appeared in the content of the drive). Lastly, even if Mr. Lawrence owns the USB Drive, he may not be the only user of the drive given the mobility of the USB Drive.

Additional investigations, therefore, shall be carried out to confirm Mr. Lawrence's presence in the "crime scene" when the unethical acts (i.e. unauthorized sniffing of another staff's private email) were performed using company property (i.e. Mr. Lawrence's workstation at work). The following investigations are recommended to identify if Mr. Lawrence had downloaded, installed and used the network sniffer programs (Windump and WinPcap) and captured the private email of Ms. Conlay:

1. Review the attendance and corporate network sign-on record.

To identify if Mr. Lawrence did use corporate workstation(s) including notebook computer to perform the packet capture, it is suggested to review Mr. Lawrence's attendance and domain sign on record for the period from Oct 27 16:00 – 16:30 and from Oct 28 11:00 – 11:30. The investigation shall reveal workstation(s) Mr. Lawrence logon to during the captioned period, such that comprehensive forensic analysis for traces of WinDump, WinPcap and Microsoft MapPoint can be launched on the logon-ed workstation(s). Note it is possible that Mr. Lawrence downloaded the WinPcap and WinDump program at home on Oct 27; but Mr. Lawrence had to install the programs and used at least one workstation connected to the corporate network to complete the packet capture on Oct 28.

2. Review the corporate proxy log and other necessary network logs.

The logs shall be reviewed for three purposes: i) to identify if the WinDump and WinPcap were downloaded on Oct 27 through the corporate network; ii) to identify if Ms. Conlay's had connected to Hotmail on Oct 28; and iii) to identify if MapPoint server service has been accessed and queried on Oct 28.

3. Perform comprehensive forensic analysis on workstations used by Mr. Lawrence.

The purpose of the analysis is to search for copies of evidences identified in the

current forensic exercise. As described earlier, Mr. Lawrence requires at least one workstation connected to the corporate network to complete the packet capture. Thus, traces of installations of Windump and Winpcap will be the subject of investigation; in addition, traces of usage of the MapPoint server service and Windump shall exist on this workstation.

- 4. During the above investigations, it is recommended to refrain Mr. Lawrence from access to corporate resources according to the security guideline. This will prevent further damage and/or elimination of evidences should Mr. Lawrence did performed the unethical acts.
- B. Technically speaking, the following points have been identified during the investigation, attempts to answer them shall be considered in the investigations recommended in (A) above:
- There is an MBR in the USB drive, which is not a common practice; also the disk was so clean and appeared it may not have been used before (Section V (C), Step 5).
- 2. There are duplicate entries in the File Allocation Table (Section V (C), Step 8).
- 3. The packet capture file ("!apture") captured the exact second when Ms. Leila sent her private email to SamGuarillo (Section V (C), Step 10 & 17), this is unlikely to occur by chance.
- C. For the corporate, a number of alerts have been identified in the investigation:
- 1. Staff may use unauthorized hardware/software within the corporate network.

According to the corporate IT security policy, a staff is generally not allowed to use privately owned hardware/software at work. The reason is the IT security of personal hardware/software may not be up to par with the corporate standard, and cause additional risks to loss of or unauthorized access to corporate data.

In this case, the USB Drive could have stored sensitive sales information (since Mr. Lawrence is of sales department). If it was passed to an outsider (including a competitor) either accidentally or intentionally, by Mr. Lawrence himself or by a third person, great damages could have been incurred to the corporate in tangible or intangible terms.

2. Staff may participate in unethical network sniffing.

In accordance to corporate IT security policy, use of network sniffer is prohibited other than on authorized occasions. The policy must be enforced strictly.

In one hand, network sniffing is a powerful tool to troubleshoot network problem; on the other hand, it could be an evil tool when used for an unethical purpose. In this case, use of a network sniffer has been detected to offend the personal privacy of Ms. Leila, which could mean another civil court case for the corporate if it is not handled correctly. In addition, a staff may be able to capture sensitive and unauthorized information from the network, and may cause additional damage to the corporate.

For this instance, the investigator would recommend investigations to whether Mr. Lawrence had used a network sniffer to capture restricted or confidential information be included in the investigations in (A) above.

VII. List of References

S.R.Haque. <u>Microsoft Word 97 Binary File Format.</u> 23 Jul. 2001 http://www.aozw65.dsl.pipex.com/generator_wword8.htm>.

<u>Recovery of Digital Evidence</u>. 2004. Asian School of Cyber Laws. 8 Apr. 2005 http://www.asianlaws.org/cyberlaw/library/cc/dig_evi.htm.

Thomas Kjoernes. <u>File Allocation Table - How It Seems To Work.</u> 11 May 2000 http://home.no.net/tkos/info/fat.html.

Judd Robbins. <u>An Explanation of Computer Forensics.</u> 9 Sept. 2004 http://www.computerforensics.net/forensics.htm>.

Andries Brouwer. <u>The FAT filesystem.</u> 20 Sept. 2002 <http://www.win.tue.nl/~aeb/linux/fs/fat/fat-1.html>

Gary C. Kessler. <u>FILE SIGNATURES TABLE.</u> 3 Apr. 2005 <http://www.garykessler.net/library/file_sigs.html>

Appendix I - Additional Information

<u>Disk Concepts and Troubleshooting.</u> 2005. Microsoft Corporation. <http://www.microsoft.com/resources/documentation/Windows/2000/server/reskit/e n-us/prork/prcb_dis_zbxs.asp>

The chapter provides basic information to how a storage medium is layout to carry meaningful content. The subsections ("Master boot record" and "Boot Sector") are particular useful should a reader want to know why the investigator used a hex editor to review the disk, and the riches of information that the investigator attempted to identify.

<u>WinDump: tcpdump for Windows.</u> University of California, Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory. 3 May 2005. <<u>http://windump.polito.it/</u>>

<u>WinPcap: the Free Packet Capture Library for Windows.</u> University of California, Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory. 4 Nov. 2004. http://winpcap.polito.it/

The two web sites provide useful information on the capability of WinDump and WinPcap. In fact, the packet capture file analyzed in the assignment is simple, and cannot really demonstrate the full capability of Windump (or the damage it can do in a corporate environment), such as decoding packets in IPSec (a tunneling protocol). Interested readers may found pointers to the Sniffing FAQ by Robert Graham within WinDump "Docs" section to be useful as well.

<u>UNERASER. File Recovery. Defining clusters chain for the deleted entry.</u> Active@ Data Recovery Software. 5 Feb. 2005. http://www.uneraser.com/assemble-clusters.htm

The web site describes the general concepts and processes of recovering deleted files. The information on how to define a chain of clusters for recovery will be useful in understanding the technique used by the investigator to recover deleted files. It also provides a clue to why FTK cannot / do not automatically recover some of the binaries in the IMAGE.

Evidence#	2
Full Path:	\her.doc
Exported to:	her[9].doc
File Type:	Microsoft Word XP Document
Created:	10/25/2004 8:32:06 AM
Accessed:	10/25/2004
Modified:	10/25/2004 8:32:08 AM
L-Size:	19968
Del:	No
Category:	Document
MD5:	9785A777C5286738F9DEB73D8BC57978
Evidence#	3
Full Path:	\hey.doc
Exported to:	hey[16].doc
File Type:	Microsoft Word XP Document
Created:	10/26/2004 8:48:06 AM
Accessed:	10/26/2004
Modified:	10/26/2004 8:48:10 AM
L-Size:	19968
Del:	No
Category:	Document
MD5:	CA601D4F8138717DCA4DE07A8EC19ED1
MD0.	
Evidence#	4
Full Path:	\coffee.doc
Exported to:	Coffee[29].doc
File Type:	Microsoft Word XP Document
Created:	10/28/2004 7:24:46 PM
Accessed:	10/28/2004
Modified:	10/28/2004 7:24:48 PM
L-Size:	19968
Del:	No
Category:	Document
MD5:	A833C58689596EDA15A27C931E0C76D1
MD5.	
Evidence#	5
Full Path:	
	Napture
Exported to:	!apture[26] Windump Capture File
File Type:	Windump Capture File
Created:	10/28/2004 11:08:24 AM
Accessed:	10/28/2004 10/28/2004 11/11/00 AM
Modified:	10/28/2004 11:11:00 AM
L-Size:	53056
Del:	Yes
Category:	Tcpdump capture variant
MD5:	2097B7B0A9FEDB4238B67E976C4AE1CB
Evidence#	5.1

Appendix II – List of Contents in the USB IMAGE

Evidence#	5.1
Exported to:	Capture1.txt
File Type:	Extracted HTTP data stream
L-Size:	20697
MD5:	1d9f54ecb95797bb5a31aae923c91b41

Evidence#	5.1.1
Exported to:	Capture1.1.txt
File Type:	Extracted HTTP data stream
L-Size:	598
MD5:	619898a88919c0cbea20b0ddb82e6e2f

Evidence#	5.1.2
Exported to:	Capture1.2.htm
File Type:	Extracted HTTP data stream
L-Size:	17904
MD5:	73ff441abb50c04439275a7564cd40b6

Evidence#	6
Full Path:	\!ap.gif
Exported to:	!ap[28].gif
File Type:	GIF File
Created:	10/28/2004 11:17:44 AM
Accessed:	10/28/2004
Modified:	10/28/2004 11:17:46 AM
L-Size:	8814
Del:	Yes
Category:	Graphic
MD5:	9BC3923CF8E72FD405D7CEA8C8781011

Evidence#	7
Full Path:	\WinDump.exe
Exported to:	WinDump[25].exe
File Type:	WinDump 3.8.3 Beta Installer
Created:	10/27/2004 4:24:04 PM
Accessed:	10/28/2004
Modified:	10/27/2004 4:24:02 PM
L-Size:	450560
Del:	Yes
Category:	Executable
MD5:	79375B77975AA53A1B0507496107BFF7

8
\WinPcap_3_1_beta_3.exe
Winpcap
Winpcap 3.1 beta 3 Installer
10/27/2004 4:23:54 PM
10/28/2004
10/27/2004 4:23:50 PM
485810
Yes
Executable
B794de4b88068ae80de523c3b35eeaab

Appendix III – Brief of Programs Used for Investigation

Microsoft Virtual PC 2004 (<u>http://www.microsoft.com/windows/virtualpc/default.mspx</u>)

Microsoft Virtual PC 2004 is a virtualization solution to allow a user to run multiple PC-based operating systems in a single workstation through emulation. Similar products include VMW are workstation.

Hex Workshop (http://www.bpsoft.com/)

A powerful hex editor in the opinion of the investigator.

• NWDIFF (http://www.geocities.co.jp/SiliconValley/1469/ToolNwdiff_Eng.html)

Similar to the Microsoft WinDiff to compare two text files in GUI, NWDIFF perform comparison between two binary files in GUI.

• VDK (<u>http://chitchat.at.infoseek.co.jp/vmware/vdk.html</u>)

Virtual Disk Driver (VDK) is a driver to enable working with VMW are formatted virtual disks on a Windows host. While it has a number of limitations, it offers quick access to information in a disk image on Windows platform. The site contains a bunch of tools to work with VMW are disk images as well.

AccessData Forensic ToolKit (FTK) (http://www.accessdata.com/)

AccessData FTK is actually a commercial software to perform thorough computer forensic examinations. Instead of using a wide variety of tools, FTK can be considered a "Swiss Army Knife" for an investigator. The downloadable trial version support forensic analysis on no more than 5,000 files.

• Ethereal 0.10.8 (<u>http://www.ethereal.com</u>)

Ethereal is a famous network protocol analyzer under GNU Public License (GPL), it understands a large number of protocols and includes powerful feature to simplify network flow analysis.