# Global Information Assurance Certification Paper 

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# SANS GIAC Certification GCIA Practical Assignment V 2.7 January 28, 2001 Brian Varine 

## Assignment 1

## Detect 1 Analysis

```
[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-19:22:49.960151 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:61461 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***A**** Seq: 0x9BFA9733 Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470 TcpLen: 20
length = 1460
```

000 : BB 0700 B4 0E CD 10 AC 84 C0 75 F4 B4 01 F9 C3
010 : 52 B4 08 CD 1388 F5 5A 72 F5 80 E1 3F 74 ED FA
020 : 66 8B $460852660 F$ B6 D9 6631 D2 66 F7 F3 88
030 : EB 88 D5 4330 D2 66 F7 F3 88 D7 5A 66 3D FF 03
040 : 0000 FB 774486 C 4 C 0 C 80208 E 8409188 FE
050 : 28 E 0 8A 660238 E 0720288 E 0 BF 0500 C 4 5E
060 : 0450 B4 02 CD 13 5B 73 0A 4 F 74 1C 30 E 4 CD 13
070 : 93 EB EB 0F B6 C3 0146087303 FF 46 OA D0 E3
080 : 00 5E 052846027788 C 32 E F6 06990880 0F
090 : 8479 FF BB AA $5552 \mathrm{~B} 441 \mathrm{CD} 13 \mathrm{5A} 0 \mathrm{~F} 826 \mathrm{FF}$
0 a 0 : 81 FB 55 AA 0 F 8564 FF F6 C1 010 F 84 5D FF 89


0d0 : 90909090909090909090909090909090
$0 e 0$ : 90909090909090909090909090900000
$0 f 0: 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 0000 \quad 00 \quad 00$


120 : 0100 A5 FF FF FF 0000000050 C3 000055 AA
130 : 23212 F 6269 6E 2F 73 68 0A 23 0A 0A 232054
140 : 686973206973207263 2E 636 F 6E 66 20 2D


170 : 207468617420796 F 752063616 E 207365
180 : 74 20 0A 232074 6F 206368616 E 67 652074
190 : $68652064656661756 C 74207374617274$
1a0: $7570 \quad 20626568 \quad 6176 \quad 696 F 72 \quad 20 \quad 6 F 66 \quad 2079$

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R......Zr...?t..
f.F.Rf...f1.f...
...C0.f....Zf=..
...wD.......@...
(..f.8.r.......^
.P....[s.Ot.0...
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#!/bin/sh.#..# T
his is rc.conf -
    a file full of
useful variables
    that you can se
t .# to change t
he default start
up behavior of y
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1b0 : 6F 7572207379737465 6D 2E $2020596 F 75$ $1 \mathrm{c} 0: 2073686 \mathrm{~F} 756 \mathrm{C} 64$ 0A $23 \quad 20$ 6E 6 F 74206564
 1e0 : 75 74 20 61 6E 79 20 6F $76 \quad 65727269646573$ 1f0 : 20696 E 746 F 206 F 6 E 65206 F 6620746865 $200: 2024$ 7B 72635 F 636 F 6 E 665 F 66696 C 6573

 230 : $20746 \mathrm{~F} 20757064617465 \quad 207468657365$
 $250: 776974686 F 7574$ 0A $23 \quad 207370616 D \quad 6 D 69$ $260: 6 \mathrm{E} 6720796 \mathrm{~F} 7572206 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{~F} 63616 \mathrm{C} 20636 \mathrm{~F}$ $270: 6 \mathrm{E} 66696775726174696 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{E} 20696 \mathrm{E} 666 \mathrm{~F}$ $280: 72$ 6D 6174696 F 6E 2E 0A 23 0A 2320546865 290 : 2024 7B 7263 5F 636 F 6 E 665 F 66696 C 6573
 2b0 : 6E 6C 7920636 F 6E 7461696 E 2076616 C 75

 $2 e 0: 6 E 20746869732066696 C 652 E 20205468$




 340 : 2E 0A 23 0A 232041 6C 6C 2061726775 6D 65 $350: 6 \mathrm{E} 747320 \quad 6 \mathrm{D} 757374 \quad 20 \quad 62 \quad 65 \quad 20 \quad 696 \mathrm{E} \quad 2064$ $360: 6 \mathrm{~F} 75626 \mathrm{C} 6520 \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} 72 \quad 2073696 \mathrm{E} \quad 67$ 6C 6520 $370: 71756 F 74 \quad 6573$ 2E OA 23 OA $23 \quad 20 \quad 244672 \quad 65$ $380: 654253443 A 207372632 F 6574632 F 6465$ $390: 6661756 \mathrm{C} 7473$ 2F 7263 2E 636 F 6E 66 2C 76




 $3 f 0: 23232323232323132313232323232323$

 $420: 426 \mathrm{~F}$ 6F 74 2D 7469 6D 65 20 6F 707469 6F 6 E


 $460: 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23$ $470: \begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 23\end{array}$ $480: 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23 \quad 23$ 0A 0A $73 \quad 77 \quad 6170 \quad 66 \quad 69$ 6C 65 490 : 3D 22 4E 4F 220909232053657420746 F 20 4a0 : 6E 61 6D 6520 6F $6620 \quad 7377617066696 C \quad 65$


 4 e 0 : 20746 F 2059455320746 F 20656 E 61626 C 4 f 0 : 652041504 D 2042494 F 532066756 E 6374 $500: 696 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{E} 7320286 \mathrm{~F} 72204 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~F} 29$ 2E 0A 6170 510 : 6D 64 5F 65 6E 6162 6C 65 3D 22 4E 4F 220923 $520: 2052756 \mathrm{E} 206170$ 6D 6420746 F 2068616 E $530: 646 C 652041504 D 206576656 E 74206672$
our system. You should.\# not ed it this file! $P$ ut any overrides into one of the \$\{rc_conf_files \}.\# instea $\bar{d}$ and you will be able to update these defaults later
without. \# spammi ng your local co nfiguration info rmation..\#.\# The \$\{rc_conf_files \} files should o nly contain valu es which overrid e.\# values set i n this file. Th is eases the upg rade path when $d$ efaults.\# are ch anged and new fe atures are added ..\#.\# All argume nts must be in $d$ ouble or single quotes..\#.\# \$Fre eBSD: src/etc/de faults/rc.conf,v 1.53.2.13 2000/ 11/11 20:33:40 j kh Exp \$..\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#.\#\#\# Im portant initial Boot-time option s \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#.\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\# \#\#\#\#\#\#..swapfile ="NO"..\# Set to name of swapfile if aux swapfile desired..apm_en able="NO"..\# Set to YES to enabl e APM BIOS funct ions (or NO)..ap md enable="NO". \# Rū apmd to han dle APM event fr
$540: 6 \mathrm{~F}$ 6D 2075736572 6C 61 6E 64 2E 0A 6170 6D 550 : 645 F 66 6C 616773 3D 22220909232046 6C 560 : 61677320746 F 2061706 D 642028696620 570 : 656 E 61626 C 656429 2E 0A 706363617264 580 : 5F 656 E 61626 C 65 3D 22 4E 4F 2209232053 $590: 657420746 F 205945 \quad 53206966 \quad 20796 F 75$
 5b0 : 72652050
om userland..apm d_flags=""..\# Fl ags to apmd (if enabled)..pccard _enable="NO".\# S èt to YES if you want to configu
[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]

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02/16-19:23:50.591032 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
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TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:896 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***AP*** Seq: 0x9C28AEF7 Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470
length $=1460$

000 : 670 E 0508 D8 DA BF BF 01000000 EB 1B 9090 010 : 16 1F 66 6A 005150065331 C0 88 F0 50 6A 10 020 : 89 E5 E8 C7 00 8D 6610 CB FC 31 C9 8E C1 8E D9 030 : 8E D1 BC 00 7C 89 E 6 BF 0007 FE C5 F3 A5 BE EE 040 : 7D 80 FA 8072 2C B6 01 E8 6700 B9 0100 BE BE 050 : 8D B6 0180 7C 04 A5 7507 E 319 F 604807514 060 : 83 C 610 FE C 680 FE 0572 E 949 E 3 E 1 BE 8B 7D 070 : EB 5231 D2 89160009 B6 10 E8 3500 BB 0090 080 : 8B 77 0A 01 DE BF 00 B0 B9 00 AC 29 F1 F3 A4 29 090 : F9 30 C0 F3 AA E8 0300 E9 81 13 FA E4 64 A8 02 0a0 : 75 FA B0 D1 E6 64 E4 64 A8 0275 FA B0 DF E6 60 $0 \mathrm{b0}$ : FB C 3 BB 00 8C 8B 4408 8B 4C 0A 0 E E8 53 FF 73 0 C 0 : 2A BE 86 7D E8 1C 00 BE 90 7D E8 160030 E 4 CD $0 \mathrm{dO}: 16 \mathrm{C} 70672043412 \mathrm{EA} 0000 \mathrm{FF} \mathrm{FF}$ BB 0700 B 4 0e0 : 0E CD 10 AC 84 C 075 F 4 B 401 F 9 C 352 B 408 CD 0 f0 : 1388 F5 5A 72 F5 80 E1 3F 74 ED FA 66 8B 4608 100 : 5266 0F B6 D9 6631 D2 66 F7 F3 88 EB 88 D5 43 110 : 30 D2 66 F7 F3 88 D7 5A 66 3D FF 030000 FB 77 120 : 4486 C 4 C 0 C 80208 E 8409188 FE 28 E 0 8A 66 130 : 0238 E 0720288 E 0 BF 0500 C 45 E 0450 B 402 140 : CD 13 5B 73 0A 4 F 74 1C 30 E 4 CD 1393 EB EB 0F 150 : B6 C3 0146087303 FF 46 OA D0 E3 00 5E 0528 $160: 46027788 \mathrm{C} 3$ 2E F6 06990880 0F 8479 FF BB 170 : AA 5552 B4 41 CD 13 5A 0 F 826 F FF 81 FB 55 AA 180 : 0 F 8564 FF F 6 C 1010 F 84 5D FF 89 EE B4 42 CD $190: 13 \mathrm{C} 35265616400426 \mathrm{~F} \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} 740060657272$ 1a0: 6F 72 0D OA 008090909090909090909090



 1f0: 0000000000000000000080000100 A5 FF 200 : FF FF 0000000050 C3 0000 $210: 000000 \quad 00$ 6D 69 6E 69 6D 75 6D $320000 \quad 00$
 $230: 0000 \quad 0000 \quad 00 \quad 0200 \quad 00 \quad 80$






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290 : 57455682 AC 5203000020000000200000 $2 a 0$ : 80160000000000000002000000080000 2b0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 2c0 : 80160000000000000002000007080600 2d0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 2e0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 2f0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 300 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 310 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 320 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 330 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 340 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 350 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 360 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 370 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 380 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 390 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 $3 a 0: 00000000000000000000000000000000$ 3b0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 3c0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 3d0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 3e0 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 $3 f 0: 00000000000000000000000000000000$ 400 : 000000000000000000000000 EB OE 4254 410 : 58010180 F6 0F 500700100000 FA 31 C0 8E 420 : DO BC 0018 8E C0 8E D8 66 6A 0266 9D BF 00 1E 430 : B9 003957 F 3 AB 5 F BE B2 96 AC 9891 E3 1D AC 440 : 92 AD 93 AD B6 08 D1 EB 73 OB 890588750288 450 : 550583 C0 04 8D 7D 08 E2 EC EB DE C6 450518 460 : C6 450810 C6 45 OD 1E C6 456668 BB 2028 E8 470 : A9 00 0F 01 1E A6 $960 F 0116$ A0 96 OF 20 C0 66 480 : 83 C8 010 F 22 C 0 EA $7 \mathrm{~F} 90080031 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{B1} 10$ 8E 490 : D1 B1 380 F 00 D 9 BA 00 A 00000360 F 70513 4a0 : 040000 C1 EO OA 2D 0010000029 DO B1 3351 4b0 : 5068020200006 A 2 B FF 350 C 9000005151 $4 \mathrm{CO}: 515152 \mathrm{~B} 107$ 6A 00 E2 FC 6107 1F 0F A1 0F A9 4 dO : CF FA BC 001800000 F 20 C 031 C 966 EA D6 90 4 e 0 : 1800 B1 20 8E D1 8E D9 8E C1 8E E1 8E E9 480 F $4 \mathrm{f0}$ : 22 C 0 EA EB 90000031 C 0 8E D0 8E D8 BB 0870 500 : E8 18000 F 01 1E AC 96 FB F6 0607900174 FE 510 : C7 0672043412 EA 0000 FF FF E4 2150 E4 A1 520 : 50 B0 11 E6 20 E6 A0 88 D8 E6 2188 F8 E6 A1 B0 530 : 04 E6 21 B0 02 E6 A1 B0 01 E6 21 E6 A1 58 E6 A1 540 : 58 E 621 C 3 F 4 6A 00 EB 40 6A 01 EB 3 C 6A 03 EB 550 : 386 A 04 EB 346 A 05 EB 306 A 06 EB 2 C 6 A 07 EB 560 : 286 A 08 EB 2 C 6 A 0 A EB 286 A 0 B EB 246 A 0 C EB 570 : 20 6A OD EB 08 6A OE EB 18 6A 10 EB OC F6 4424 580 : 120274 OD E9 C2 000000 FF 3424 C6 442404 590 : 00 FC 1E 0660 B0 06 F6 4424 3A 027518 OF A8 5a0 : OF AO 1E 06 BO $0266837 C 244408750816$ 8D 5b0 : 44245050

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U.....\}......E. .
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......-....).. 3Q
Ph....j+.5.... QQ
QQR..j...a......
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... .......... H .
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..r.4.......!
P... .....!.....
..!.......!... X.
X.!..j..@j..<j..
8j..4j..0j.., j..
(j.., j...(j...\$j..
j...j...j....D\$
..t.......4\$.D\$.
. . . . . . D\$: . u. .
......f.|\$D.u...
D $\$$ PP
[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-19:23:52.618134 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:1049 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***A**** Seq: 0x9C297C47 Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470 TcpLen: 20


```
360 : 10 04 00 00 18 04 00 00 20 04 00 00 28 04 00 00
370: 30 04 00 00 38 04 00 00 40 04 00 00 48 04 00 00
380:50 04 00 00 58 04 00 00 60 04 00 00 68 04 00 00
390: 70 04 00 00 78 04 00 00 80 04 00 00 88 04 00 00
3a0 : 90 04 00 00 98 04 00 00 A0 04 00 00 A8 04 00 00
3b0 : B0 04 00 00 B8 04 00 00 C0 04 00 00 C8 04 00 00
3C0 : D0 04 00 00 D8 04 00 00 E0 04 00 00 E8 04 00 00
3d0 : F0 04 00 00 F8 04 00 00 00 05 00 00 08 05 00 00
3e0 : 10 05 00 00 18 05 00 00 20 05 00 00 28 05 00 00
3f0 : 30 05 00 00 38 05 00 00 40 05 00 00 48 05 00 00
400 : 50 05 00 00 58 05 00 00 60 05 00 00 68 05 00 00
410:70 05 00 00 78 05 00 00 80 05 00 00 88 05 00 00
420: 90 05 00 00 98 05 00 00 A0 05 00 00 A8 05 00 00
430 : B0 05 00 00 B8 05 00 00 C0 05 00 00 C8 05 00 00
440 : D0 05 00 00 D8 05 00 00 E0 05 00 00 E8 05 00 00
450 : F0 05 00 00 F8 05 00 00 00 06 00 00 08 06 00 00
460 : 10 06 00 00 18 06 00 00 20 06 00 00 28 06 00 00
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480:50 06 00 00 58 06 00 00 60 06 00 00 68 06 00 00
490:70 06 00 00 78 06 00 00 80 06 00 00 88 06 00 00
4a0 : 90 06 00 00 98 06 00 00 A0 06 00 00 A8 06 00 00
4b0 : B0 06 00 00 B8 06 00 00 C0 06 00 00 C8 06 00 00
4C0 : D0 06 00 00 D8 06 00 00 E0 06 00 00 E8 06 00 00
4d0 : F0 06 00 00 F8 06 00 00 00 07 00 00 08 07 00 00
4e0 : 10 07 00 00 18 07 00 00 20 07 00 00 28 07 00 00
4f0 : 30 07 00 00 38 07 00 00 40 07 00 00 48 07 00 00
500 : 50 07 00 00 58 07 00 00 60 07 00 00 68 07 00 00
510: 70 07 00 00 78 07 00 00 80 07 00 00 88 07 00 00
520: 90 07 00 00 98 07 00 00 A0 07 00 00 A8 07 00 00
530 : B0 07 00 00 B8 07 00 00 C0 07 00 00 C8 07 00 00
5 4 0 ~ : ~ D 0 ~ 0 7 ~ 0 0 ~ 0 0 ~ D 8 ~ 0 7 ~ 0 0 ~ 0 0 ~ E 0 ~ 0 7 ~ 0 0 ~ 0 0 ~ E 8 ~ 0 7 ~ 0 0 ~ 0 0 ~
550 : F0 07 00 00 F8 07 00 00 00 08 00 00 08 08 00 00
560 : 10 08 00 00 18 08 00 00 20 08 00 00 28 08 00 00
570: 30 08 00 00 38 08 00 00 40 08 00 00 48 08 00 00
580:50: 08 00 00 58 08 00 00 60 08 00 00 68 08 00 00
590:70 08 00 00 78 08 00 00 80 08 00 00 88 08 00 00
5a0 : 90 08 00 00 98 08 00 00 A0 08 00 00 A8 08 00 00
5b0 : B0 08 00 00
........ ...(...
0...8...@...H...
P...X...`...h...
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. . . . . . . . . . . . .
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0...8...@...H...
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0...8...@...H...
P...X...`...h...
p...x...........
p...x...........
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0...8...@...H...
P...X...`...h...
p...x...........
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[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-19:24:45.619343 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:6153 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***A**** Seq: 0x9C55D573 Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470 TcpLen: 20
length = 1460
000 : 01 00 00 00 7C D9 BF BF 36 00 08 28 EF 06 0B 28
010 : D6 05 79 0A 00 22 09 28 78 D9 BF BF 01 00 00 00
020:00 22 09 28 7C D9 BF BF 16 00 08 28 EF 06 OB 28
030 : 90 D9 BF BF 94 D9 BF BF EA FF 07 28 C8 F2 08 28
040:00 22 09 28 E4 7A 12 28 BD 1E 08 28 C8 F2 08 28
050 : 00 22 09 28 CC D9 BF BF 1C E3 0A 28 C8 F2 08 01
060 : 00 20 09 28 AC D9 BF BF 6E F9 07 28 40 40 09 28
070 : 00 22 09 28 A8 D9 BF BF 01 00 00 00 A8 73 12 28
080 : A9 26 32 30 30 30 00 28 D0 D9 BF BF D1 E1 06 08
090 : 9C E1 06 08 CC D9 BF BF E0 26 12 28 FC D9 BF BF
0a0 : 60 0E 00 00 D3 26 12 28 80 86 13 28 E0 26 12 28
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510 : AA 5552 B4 41 CD 13 5A 0 F 826 FFF 81 FB 55 AA
520 : OF 8564 FF F6 C1 01 0F 84 5D FF 89 EE B4 42 CD 530 : 13 C3 5265616400426 F 6 F 740020657272 540 : 6F 72 OD OA 008090909090909090909090 550 : 90909090909090909090909090909090 $560: 90909090909090909090000000000000$ 570 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 580 : 00000000000000000000000000000000 590 : 0000000000000000000080000100 A5 FF 5a0 : FF FF 0000000050 C3 000055 AA 57455682 5b0 : 00000000
.UR.A. .Z..O...U.
..d......]..... B.
..Read.Boot. err
or..............
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. . . . . P. . .U.WEV.
[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-19:25:18.429251 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:8399 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***A**** Seq: 0x9C6D153F Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470 TcpLen: 20
length $=1460$

```
000 : E8 67 00 B9 01 00 BE BE 8D B6 01 80 7C 04 A5 75
010 : 07 E3 19 F6 04 80 75 14 83 C6 10 FE C6 80 FE 05
020 : 72 E9 49 E3 E1 BE 8B 7D EB 52 31 D2 89 16 00 09
030 : B6 10 E8 35 00 BB 00 90 8B 77 0A 01 DE BF 00 B0
040 : B9 00 AC 29 F1 F3 A4 29 F9 30 C0 F3 AA E8 03 00
050 : E9 81 13 FA E4 64 A8 02 75 FA B0 D1 E6 64 E4 64
060 : A8 02 75 FA B0 DF E6 60 FB C3 BB 00 8C 8B 44 08
070 : 8B 4C 0A 0E E8 53 FF 73 2A BE 86 7D E8 1C 00 BE
080 : 90 7D E8 16 00 30 E4 CD 16 C7 06 72 04 34 12 EA
090:00 00 FF FF BB 07 00 B4 0E CD 10 AC 84 C0 75 F4
0a0 : B4 01 F9 C3 52 B4 08 CD 13 88 F5 5A 72 F5 80 E1
0b0 : 3F 74 ED FA 66 8B 46 08 52 66 0F B6 D9 66 31 D2
0c0 : 66 F7 F3 88 EB 88 D5 43 30 D2 66 F7 F3 88 D7 5A
0d0 : 66 3D FF 03 00 00 FB 77 44 86 C4 C0 C8 02 08 E8
0e0 : 40 91 88 FE 28 E0 8A 66 02 38 E0 72 02 88 E0 BF
0f0 : 05 00 C4 5E 04 50 B4 02 CD 13 5B 73 0A 4F 74 1C
100 : 30 E4 CD 13 93 EB EB 0F B6 C3 01 46 08 73 03 FF
110 : 46 0A DO E3 00 5E 05 28 46 02 77 88 C3 2E F6 06
120 : 99 08 80 0F 84 79 FF BB AA 55 52 B4 41 CD 13 5A
130 : 0F 82 6F FF 81 FB 55 AA 0F 85 64 FF F6 C1 01 0F
140 : 84 5D FF 89 EE B4 42 CD 13 C3 52 65 61 64 00 42
150: 6F 6F 74 00 20 65 72 72 6F 72 0D 0A 00 80 90 90
160 : 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90
170 : 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90
180 : 90 90 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
190:00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
1a0 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
1b0 : 00 00 80 00 01 00 A5 FF FF FF 00 00 00 00 50 C3
1c0 : 00 00 55 AA C0 02 00 00 C8 02 00 00 D0 02 00 00
1d0 : D8 02 00 00 E0 02 00 00 E8 02 00 00 F0 02 00 00
1e0 : F8 02 00 00 00 03 00 00 08 03 00 00 10 03 00 00
1f0 : 18 03 00 00 20 03 00 00 28 03 00 00 30 03 00 00
200:38 03 00 00 40 03 00 00 48 03 00 00 50 03 00 00
210 : 58 03 00 00 60 03 00 00 68 03 00 00 70 03 00 00
220:78 03 00 00 80 03 00 00 88 03 00 00 90 03 00 00
230 : 98 03 00 00 A0 03 00 00 A8 03 00 00 B0 03 00 00
240 : B8 03 00 00 C0 03 00 00 C8 03 00 00 D0 03 00 00
250 : D8 03 00 00 E0 03 00 00 E8 03 00 00 F0 03 00 00
260: F8 03 00 00 00 04 00 00 08 04 00 00 10 04 00 00
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.g...........| . .u
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r.I....}.R1.....
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...) ...) .0......
.....d..u....d.d
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....R......Zr...
?t..f.F.Rf...f1.
f......C0.f....Z
f= . . . . WD . . . . . . .
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...^.P....[s.Ot.
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8...@...H...P...
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270 : 18 040000200400002804000030040000 280 : 38040000400400004804000050040000 290 : 58040000600400006804000070040000 2a0 : 78 040000800400008804000090040000 2b0 : 98040000 A0 040000 A8 040000 B0 040000 2c0 : B8 040000 C0 040000 C8 040000 DO 040000 2d0 : D8 040000 E0 040000 E8 040000 F0 040000 2e0 : F8 040000000500000805000010050000 2f0 : 18 050000200500002805000030050000 300 : 38050000400500004805000050050000 310 : 58050000600500006805000070050000 $320: 78050000800500008805000090050000$ 330 : 98050000 A0 050000 A8 050000 B0 050000 340 : B8 050000 C0 050000 C8 050000 D0 050000 350 : D8 050000 E0 050000 E8 050000 F0 050000 360 : F8 050000000600000806000010060000 370 : 18060000200600002806000030060000 380 : 38060000400600004806000050060000 390 : 58060000600600006806000070060000 $3 a 0$ : 78060000800600008806000090060000 3b0 : 98060000 A0 060000 A8 060000 B0 060000 3c0 : B8 060000 C0 060000 C8 060000 D0 060000 3d0 : D8 060000 E0 060000 E8 060000 F0 060000 3e0 : F8 060000000700000807000010070000 $3 £ 0$ : 18070000200700002807000030070000 400 : 38070000400700004807000050070000 410 : 58070000600700006807000070070000 420 : 78070000800700008807000090070000 430 : 98070000 A0 070000 A8 070000 B0 070000 440 : B8 070000 C0 070000 C8 070000 D0 070000 450 : D8 070000 E0 070000 E8 070000 F0 070000 460 : F8 070000000800000808000010080000 470 : 18080000200800002808000030080000 480 : 38080000400800004808000050080000 490 : 58080000600800006808000070080000 $4 a 0$ : 78080000800800008808000090080000 4b0 : 98080000 A0 080000 A8 080000 B0 080000 4 CO : B8 $080000 \mathrm{C} 0080000 \mathrm{C8} 080000$ D0 080000 4 dO : D8 080000 E 0080000 E 8080000 F 080000 4 e 0 : F8 080000000900000809000010090000 $4 f 0$ : 18090000200900002809000030090000 500 : 38090000400900004809000050090000 510 : 58090000600900006809000070090000 520 : 78090000800900008809000090090000 530 : 98090000 A0 090000 A8 090000 B0 090000 540 : B8 090000 C0 090000 C8 090000 D0 090000 550 : D8 090000 E0 090000 E8 090000 F0 090000 560 : F8 09000000 0A 000008 0A 000010 OA 0000 570 : 18 OA 000020 OA 000028 OA 000030 OA 0000 580 : 38 OA 000040 OA 000048 OA 000050 OA 0000 590 : 58 0A 000060 OA 000068 OA 000070 OA 0000 5a0: 78 0A 000080 0A 000088 0A 000090 OA 0000 5b0 : 98 0A 0000

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8...@...H...P...
X...`...h...p...
x...............
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8...@...H...P...
X...`...h...p...
x..............
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[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-19:25:44.749473 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:10151 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF


```
350 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
360 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
370 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
380 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
390 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
3a0 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
3b0 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
3c0 : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 EB 0E 42 54 58 01 01 80
3d0 : F6 0F 50 07 00 10 00 00 FA 31 C0 8E D0 BC 00 18
3e0 : 8E C0 8E D8 66 6A 02 66 9D BF 00 1E B9 00 39 57
3f0 : F3 AB 5F BE B2 96 AC 98 91 E3 1D AC 92 AD 93 AD
400 : B6 08 D1 EB 73 0B 89 05 88 75 02 88 55 05 83 C0
410 : 04 8D 7D 08 E2 EC EB DE C6 45 05 18 C6 45 08 10
420 : C6 45 0D 1E C6 45 66 68 BB 20 28 E8 A9 00 0F 01
430 : 1E A6 96 0F 01 16 A0 96 0F 20 C0 66 83 C8 01 0F
440 : 22 C0 EA 7F 90 08 00 31 C9 B1 10 8E D1 B1 38 0F
450 : 00 D9 BA 00 A0 00 00 36 0F B7 05 13 04 00 00 C1
460 : E0 0A 2D 00 10 00 00 29 D0 B1 33 51 50 68 02 02
470 : 00 00 6A 2B FF 35 0C 90 00 00 51 51 51 51 52 B1
480 : 07 6A 00 E2 FC 61 07 1F 0F A1 0F A9 CF FA BC 00
490 : 18 00 00 0F 20 C0 31 C9 66 EA D6 90 18 00 B1 20
4a0 : 8E D1 8E D9 8E C1 8E E1 8E E9 48 0F 22 C0 EA EB
4b0 : 90 00 00 31 C0 8E D0 8E D8 BB 08 70 E8 18 00 0F
4C0 : 01 1E AC 96 FB F6 06 07 90 01 74 FE C7 06 72 04
4d0 : 34 12 EA 00 00 FF FF E4 21 50 E4 A1 50 B0 11 E6
4e0 : 20 E6 A0 88 D8 E6 21 88 F8 E6 A1 B0 04 E6 21 B0
4f0 : 02 E6 A1 B0 01 E6 21 E6 A1 58 E6 A1 58 E6 21 C3
500 : F4 6A 00 EB 40 6A 01 EB 3C 6A 03 EB 38 6A 04 EB
510 : 34 6A 05 EB 30 6A 06 EB 2C 6A 07 EB 28 6A 08 EB
520 : 2C 6A 0A EB 28 6A 0B EB 24 6A 0C EB 20 6A 0D EB
530 : 08 6A 0E EB 18 6A 10 EB 0C F6 44 24 12 02 74 0D
540 : E9 C2 00 00 00 FF 34 24 C6 44 24 04 00 FC 1E 06
550 : 60 B0 06 F6 44 24 3A 02 75 18 0F A8 0F A0 1E 06
560 : B0 02 66 83 7C 24 44 08 75 08 16 8D 44 24 50 50
570 : EB 08 FF 74 24 50 FE C8 75 F8 6A 10 1F 1E 07 89
580 : E3 BE D1 96 00 00 BF 00 18 00 00 57 E8 8C 03 00
590 : 00 5E E8 24 04 00 00 8D 64 24 18 61 07 1F 80 3C
5a0 : 24 03 74 05 E9 E4 FE FF FF 8D 64 24 08 CF FC 1E
5b0 : 07 8D 55 3C
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..P......1......
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..}......E...E..
.E...Efh. (.....
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".. ...1......8.
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..-....)..3QPh..
..j+.5....QQQQR.
.j...a.........
.... .1.f......
..........H."...
...1.......p....
..........t...r.
4......!P..P...
    .....!.......!.
    ......!..X..X.!.
    .j..@j..<j..8j..
4j..0j..,j..(j..
,j..(j..$j.. j..
.j...j....D$..t.
......4$.D$.....
    `...D$:.u. . . . . .
..f.|$D.u...D$PP
...t$P..u.j.....
...........W....
.^.$....d$.a...<
$.t.......d$....
..U<
```

[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-22:11:45.900400 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:37727 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***A**** Seq: 0xB7574763 Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470 TcpLen: 20
length $=1460$
000 : 6C 6E 57 B7 11 D5 F1 2C 37 DE 82 4A 70 E6 8A D5
lnW. . . . $7 . . J p .$.
$010: 87 \mathrm{C} 820 \mathrm{gF}$ BF 3C 77 22 17 4E 6 E EB $1854 \quad 35 \mathrm{C} 7$ .. ..<w".Nn..T5.
pa`t`..=~..?...
.=.6.M4...D..'. .
| .0........K~U.a ...3\&..G.<Y.Y.., .Z.\}....A. 4w.].M ql.. $B<:$. . !. B. $q$. j..........[.'..

090 : BF C1 9F 73 EE 9E 9B E6 FE 02 E5 6597 2E B1 EC 0a0 : 62 F4 C8 B3 0E 1F D2 EA 45 C6 07 D5 F7 CF A3 EE 0b0 : E7 FF 81 FD 3534 3B A4 B4 47 CB E8 2032 6F 5D 0 c 0 : 076710 DD 59 A 24 B 1 F 8 C 8 F E9 81 FE BF 2C 3F 0d0 : B2 8D B1 52 4E C5 A2 52 A1 50 E2 2782 AB 79 E9 0e0 : FF 7B 2878 FC 49 FC 8997471389 C7 DE 4C 24 $0 f 0$ : 18 AE 7C 22818398 F9 4F E2 89 E0 CB A3 C1 E7 100 : C7 F8 A7 7F BC 31 BF F6 A5 F1 AB 6F 07258567 110: 86 3F 74 3C F1 D1 39 6E 5942424242424242 120: 42424242424242424242424242424242 130 : 424242424242 E2 8782 C 712 FF 9 E 956 E 6 140 : 9D CC 5B 9937 E9 E7 C3 AE 8D 848484848484 150 : 84848484848484848484848484848484 160 : 8484848484848484 C 4 FD 70 E6 OB 49 FE 39 170 : D1 DD 6E FF 4C 70 D1 1C 9B AE D3 B5 CD 89 EB 7C 180: 78359390909090909090909090909090 190: 90909090909090909090909090909090 1a0 : 90 F8 A0 FO DD FF 96909090909090909090 1b0 : 90909090909090909090909090909090 1c0 : 9090909090 F8 A8 E3 50 B7 97876667 D9 9E 1d0 : 8C 96 F7 CD A1 61 8E 7B C6 9D 25 FA ED 03 8C 31 1e0 : C8 AA AA 5628 B0 0403 D4 53 9F C5 824 A 60 AC 1f0: 9453 8B AA 96 2B 14 4A 8C 65 OB D9 829660 EA 200 : 0758877785 E7 B8 BA CD 58 C2 B6 2C F7 41 E9 210 : 8E FA 86317 C 18157 A C 878 FC 49 9D FE 7F 34 220 : 9178 EC CD 4482 E1 CA 2712894712 FE 4F E2 230 : 8904 FE 444422 F1 31 FA F9 31 FA F9 71 FA F9 240 : 11 BA 57 A4 645 F 41 A2 2F 8D 5F 7D 3B 28 E9 D1 250 : E0 0769 3F FE 30 5F E1 8947 1E E6 D3 242424 260 : 24242424242424242424242424242424 270 : 2424242424242424242424 FE F7 E1 AB 8F 280 : 7C 27 F3 8F 99 BF CD FC 45 E6 8D CC EB 99 DF CA 290 : FC 5A E6 1732 3F 9F 79 2D 739879396366 5E 2 aO : CC EC 64 1A 99 B5 4C 2173 3E 33 9B 7932 F3 78 2b0 : E 6 BF D 2 FF 91 FE 97 F 4 3B E9 B7 D2 7F 93 FE F3 $2 \mathrm{CO}: \mathrm{F} 4 \mathrm{9F}$ A6 DF 48 BF 9 E FE DD F4 6F A7 7F 23 FD 95 2d0 : F4 2F A6 3F 9F FE 99 B4 93 1E A4 3B E9 9B E9 46 2e0 : 7A 2D 7D 39 5D 4E E7 D3 E7 D2 67 D3 4F A6 3F 99 2f0: 4E A4 BF 3D FB 0F B3 DF 9C FD CB D9 3F 99 FD A3 300 : D9 DF 9B FD D5 D9 2F CF BE 36 7B 38 FB E2 EC F6 310 : EC A5 D9 CA EC A7 67 A7 66 1F 9D FD F6 CC DB 33 320 : 7F 3D F3 8733 BF 33 F3 CB 33 5F 9E 79 6D E6 CE 330 : CC 4B 33 3B 33 9F 9B D1 66 1E 9F 49 CC BC 33 FD 340 : 77 D3 5F 9F 7E 7D FA D7 A7 7F 65 FA OB D3 3F 3B 350 : 7D 7B BA 33 9D 9B 5E 9C FE D4 F4 8F 4E FF EB D4 360 : 3F 4F FD D5 D4 9B 53 BF 3F F5 B5 A9 9F 9B 7A 65 370 : AA 3B F5 D2 D4 F5 A9 2B 53 3F 31 F5 A9 A9 E4 D4 380 : C7 A7 BE 9B FA 4E EA DF 52 DF 4A FD 7D EA 1B A9 390 : 3F 4B BD 91 7A 3D F5 B5 D4 6F A6 BE 9A FA A5 D4 $3 \mathrm{aO}: 1753 \mathrm{gF} 4 \mathrm{~F}$ BD 9A F2 5256 EA 207533 B 595 AA 3b0 : A5 56539752 C5 D4 52 EA E9 14 4B 9D 49 7D 32 3 CO : F5 44 EA 91 D 47 F 9 E F9 A7 33 DF 3 C F3 D6 99 6F 3d0 : 9C 79 F3 CC 1F 9F F9 FA 99 3F F8 1F F6 BE 3C 3C 3e0: 8A 2A 6B 3F 2C E9 AE AE 5E D2 7B F5 9274 OB C2 $3 f 0$ : 2860 C5 DE D2 49702390 C8 22 9B 49505031 400 : 56 3A 4D D2 A4 D3 1D 7A 4908 8A 0B 28 8A 0B AE 410 : 28 2A 2A 2A 0E B8 8C 88 E2 BE AF A8 28 A0 8E A2

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..s.......e....
b.......E.......
....54;..G.. 20]
.g..Y.K.......,?
...RN..R.P.'..y.
.{ (x.I...G....L$
..|"....O.......
... .1.....0.%.g
.?t<..9nYBBBBBBB
BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
BBBBBB........V.
..[.7...........
. . . . . . . . . . . .. 
..n.Lp.........|
x5..............
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.. ................
........P...fg..
.....a.{..%....1
...V(....S...J`.
.S...+.J.e....`
.X.w.....X..,.A.
...1|..z.x.I.. 4
.x..D...'..G..O.
...DD".1..1..q..
..W.d_A./._};(..
..i?.\overline{0}..G-..\$$
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$$$$$$$$$$$ . . . . 
|'......E.......
.z..2?.y-s.y9cf^
..d...L!s>3.y2.x
....H.....o. #..
./.?.......;...F
z-}9]N....g.O.?.
N. .=........?...
....../..6{8....
......g.f...... }
=..3.3..3_.ym..
.K3;3...f..I..3.
w. .~} ... e...?;
}{.3..^.....N...
?O....S.?.....ze
.; . . ..+S?1.....
.....N..R.J.}...
?K..z=...O......
.S.O...RV. u3...
.VS.R..R...K.I}2
.D... ...3.<...O
.Y.......?....<<
.*k?,...^.{..t..
(`...Ip#..".IPP1
V:M....zI...(...
(***...........
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420 : A2 A2 B8 A0 83 8A 8A DB B8 7E F7 9C 7B AA 13 9C 430 : 79 1C E7 9B EF F9 CD EF 8F 14 3C CF B9 EF 7B 6E 440 : 57 DD DA EE 3D 75 CE 3D 37 AE 07 5C 77 BA 56 BB 450 : 56 BA 2E 73 9D EF 5A E4 5A E0 CA B9 92 AE B8 6B 460 : B6 EB 18 D7 54 D7 78 D7 11 AE 2A 57 C0 35 CC 55 470 : EA B2 B8 74 AE 9 F A5 6 F A4 4 F A4 F7 A4 D7 A4 CD 480 : D2 46 E9 51 E9 3E E9 0E E9 56 E9 46 E9 1A 69 B9 490 : 74 A1 74 B6 B4 58 3A 59 CA 4B 1D 52 4C 3A 5E 9A 4 a 0 : 2E 4D 90 0E 97 A2 5250 1A 21 0D 97 CA 249764 4b0 : 9604 A9 48 FA D9 F9 8D 73 B7 F3 7D E7 DB CE 57 $4 \mathrm{C0}: 9 \mathrm{D} 9 \mathrm{~B} 9 \mathrm{CF} 38$ 9F 70 3E E0 5C EF BC D9 B9 DA B9 $4 \mathrm{dO}: \mathrm{D} 27985 \mathrm{~F} 342 \mathrm{E} 739 \mathrm{CE}$ D3 9D A7 3873 CE 0 E 67 4e0 : DC D9 EC 3C CE 59 EF 9 C E4 1C E3 AC 72 1E E4 1C 4f0 : E6 F4 38 AD 4E BD 7390 F3 27 C7 D7 8E CF 1D 1F 500 : 39 3E 74 BC ED 78 C5 B1 C9 F1 94 E3 21 C7 3D 8E 510 : DB 1D 6B 1D AB 1C 5739 2E 71 5C E0 38 CB 71 AA 520 : A3 CB D1 E9 6873 C4 1C C7 3B A6 3B 2638 8E 70 530 : 54 3A 0E 76 1C E0 D8 CF E1 7298 1C 1A C7 AF F6 540 : EF EC 5F D8 3F B6 EF B0 6F B3 BF 6C 7F DE FE B4 550 : FD 61 FB 06 FB 6D F6 6B ED 97 DB 2 F B4 9F 6D 3F 560 : C3 DE 63 EF B4 B7 D9 15 FB 2 C 7B A3 7D B2 FD 48 570 : FB E1 F6 6A 7B D0 7E A0 7D 3F BB CB 6E B6 EB ED 580 : 83 EC 3 F 9 BE B6 ED B1 ED B2 ED B4 BD 69 7B D5 590 : F6 A2 ED 69 DB C3 B6 BB 6C B7 DA 56 DB 56 DA 2E 5 a 0 : B3 9D 6F 5B 64 5B 60 CB D8 E6 DA 9A 6C C7 DA 8E 5b0 : B6 4D B4 1D
......... .~. . \{. . .
y.........<... $n$ W. . . $=\mathrm{u} .=7 . . \ \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{V}$. V..s..Z.Z...... $k$ ....T.x...*W.5.U ...t...o.O...... .F.Q.>...V.F..i. t.t..X:Y.K.RL:^.
.M....RP.!... $\$ . d$ ....H....s..\}...W
....8.p>. \......
.у..B.9....8s..g
...<.Y......r...
..8.N.s..'......
9>t..x......!. $=$
...k...W9.q\.8.q.
....hs...; ; \& 8.p
T:.v.....r...... .._.?...○..l ... .a-..m.k.../..m?
..c......, \{.\}.. H
...j\{.~.\}?..n...
..?..........i\{.
...i....l..V.V..
. . o [d[`.....l...
[**] IDS181/shellcode-x86-nops [**]
02/16-23:37:10.802794 205.149.189.91:6810 -> Target IP:1355
TCP TTL:50 TOS:0x10 ID:36039 IpLen:20 DgmLen:1500 DF
***AP*** Seq: 0xC12E07F7 Ack: 0x3EFAC928 Win: 0x4470 TcpLen: 20
length $=1460$

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000 : 7D 61 61 A1 AA 4D 3D AA DA A3 24 50 98 BF 50 55
010 : 17 2E 28 2A 02 ED 79 45 AA 9A 67 2F 5A 58 20 D4
020:71 99 32 24 FC 95 49 1A 68 1F 2F DF 58 FE 6F 29
030 : C2 EB C0 E4 CD 81 1A AF 67 BB B3 B5 3B 37 2D 9C
040 : 27 6D 2D 99 F9 63 71 1D 4E EF 3C 95 BE 1B 42 79
050 : 9D 5E 6D CE DF E6 9E EE 6D 1E EF E2 E1 80 2A A7
060 : A7 D3 D5 A6 AE CF 55 D7 6C 43 88 67 A7 BA 94 DE
070 : 97 E8 ED 6C CD 6D EB 69 E9 6C CE F5 F5 2C 1F 29
080 : BD B4 AD CD A5 4F BD AB CD 1F DC DC DD BA CD E9
090 : 53 DB BD 9E 8E 91 12 57 3B 5D 3B 3C 6A 5D EB 36
0a0 : AF C7 D9 E6 F4 8E 04 97 3B 7D AE AD E1 76 6C 70
0b0 : B6 E4 74 34 FB BA 9D 86 B6 54 6E F5 78 23 5A E2
0c0 : 71 B7 39 5A DC 3D 4E 9F 49 5B 2E F6 5A 91 90 90
0d0 : 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90
0e0 : 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90
0f0 : 90 F8 D3 70 36 14 0A 9D 8D F1 5E 9B 84 84 84 44
100: 43 F5 9A EA 75 1B AA D5 0A AF D7 73 AE DF A9 FB
110 : 73 C1 12 43 4A 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48
120 : 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48
130 : 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48
140: 48 48 48 48 48 5C 18 D0 FB 1B 4B BF 67 53 4A C1
150 : 0A B0 0A BC 11 DC 00 DE 0C 7A 6F ED D5 FF 53 66
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\}aa..M=...\$P..PU
..(*..yE..g/ZX . q. 2\$..I.h./.X.O)
........g...;7-.
'm-..cq.N.<...By
.^m.....m.....*.
......U.lC.g....
...l.m.i.l..., .)
.....O.........
S......W; $] ;<j] .6$
........; $3 .$. vlp
..t4.....Tn.x\#Z.
q. 9Z. $=$ N.I[...Z...
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...p6.....^.... $D$
C...u......s....
s.. СЈНнннннннннн

ННнНнНнНнНнНнннН нннннннннннннннн HHHHH

160 : BF D0 3F 66151042 FB B0 4B 13 A 8 0A 7D 7A 7C 170: 09090909090909090909090909090909 180: 09090909090909090909090909090909 190: 09090909090909090909090909090909 1a0 : 0909090909090909090909090989 FF 27 1b0 : B8 79 0C BF 63 E1 ED B3 7D E5 9B 57 6D CB BD A5 1 c 0 : 31 BF 7666 4B D1 CA F5 B3 EC D7 DD B8 B3 66 DD 1d0: 7267 CE 82 1B 3A 9A 6F 6E E8 EA AD F2 CE A9 BE 1e0 : B5 7D 7A E7 4D AB D7 B8 77 6F DD 31 FF 7 B 3396 1f0 : 6E 6C 2B 6E DD E5 9996 B7 6C 5E 65 F7 A6 8A 2D 200 : 4D 73 5D 3D 1B 4A BF 5F 5F B0 A2 EE B6 B5 25 DB 210 : 171596 DD 71 FD FC 44 DA 7757 AF 4D A1 F7 FD 220 : 7F 029904 F9 306432 E 463901320 9F 814 C 230 : 81 3C OC 99 OA F9 32 A4 15 F2 28 A4 02 F9 26 E4 240 : 44 C8 F7 20 D3 20 FF 0099 OE F9 39 A4 OD 7210 250 : 7231 E4 10 E4 12 AA 7097 4D 59 OD 3111 B2 22 260 : C1 3E 3C DC 6E 556 E 77591565 BB 550940 D6 270 : 90 DC 0142 2A 90 EE 6D B0 41 DA DD 56 A5 17 4C 280 : BO 5809098931 BO EE 76 9B 5207 6E 003783 290 : 8D 60 2B B8 15 DC 01 7A 40 1F 78 2B B8 1B A4 98 $2 \mathrm{a0}$ : A3 E0 C6 37 AD CA 715079 C3 AA 84 C6 F8 8675 2b0 : A0 4408551522 OB DC 3 B 5388099049 E0 1B 2 c 0 : 39 BA A4 E3 D2 F3 38 A8 24 D9 C1 A0 10 DE DF 27 2d0 : 8B A4 FE 4C 9184 C 0 E 7 FF B7 4724 F 991 F 64 F 2e0 : $1567 \mathrm{AE} 5 \mathrm{~F} 82 \mathrm{FC} 3 \mathrm{E}=233154 \mathrm{E} 24868 \mathrm{~F} 902$ 2f0 : 7B 84 E 80783 E 00038080 E 81 A 1580 C 1193 300 : C1 4C B0 04 DC C3 E9 A9 F0 2F 01 7D E0 47 A0 43 310 : CB 9F 50 1B C2 CB 8F B2 F7 FA 8528 1F 4C 16 D3 320 : 9292 C 464 4B 92 F8 EB 81247103 7A 604 E 0D 330 : 48 F2 599242 CC 41 BE 39 CB 9291 CE 0497 8B 340 : 39 9F 0F 41 0E 2683 D6 FF 63 EF 5C E0 9B A8 F2 350 : 3D 3E 4908092910545258 5E 2D AF 5252 A0 360 : 0504 CA E3 DA BA 2A DO D2 C5 2E ED 10503482 370 : 20 8F 058 A BC 05 AE 09 2F 2B F2 90 F2 5051 D1 380 : AC A0 C4 8910 DE E2 E3 6E B2 80 4B 014140 7B 390 : 41 3F A8 A9 C8 E3 D6 2B C6 2B BD 0D 25 9D 73 CF 3a0: 63922699 C9 CC C9 EE 6777 3F 77 CD DF ED 92 3b0 : 69 E 797 EF 9 C F3 FF 9F FF FF 9C 3393 D 6 FC 51 $3 \mathrm{CO}: 80 \mathrm{E} 9 \mathrm{C} 3045499$ CC 7E 4D 6E 5D 3F 5D 3A D3 A5 3d0 : A5 0 F 68 9A C8 B6 1F A8 9800 FC 0 A 021 D C3 C3 3e0 : 2F 40 FD 15 EA 0780 BE 34 FO 4B 27 BC 5601 F0 $3 f 0$ : BE 260806 E9 82 A0 47 4B 3F D0 35815 F 22 FE 400 : AF E5 6F 05 D3 B7 130632 F9 97 5E 121024 5E 410 : 7A 0974598212 FB 3F 42 E2 5B 0980 9A 48 D2 420 : 29257 C 39 B0 6989 A4 98 4E E1 054600 OC E4 430 : 6567 3A 89 1F A4 8529 BF A7 95 E4 8529 E9 B4 440 : 12 1B 0F 08 C5 47 F9 FB 93 FC 00 F0 02 C5 47 D9 450 : 16 1F CA C7 26 F2 F2 AE 04242904983825 D8 460 : 864 E E2 4592 2C FC 92 EF 9580845078 A5 A9 470 : 3636 A0 6B A4 D8 97 OE A3 4218 B1 C4 82 OF 9E 480 : BE 452181 D1 620 F 53 7C 8B 6B 2824019067 490 : OF 5302 8B AB 2806 OC OF 6C 5882 E7 F9 C3 82 4a0 : 9C 465181 4E 6F A4 74 5A D6 5A 9C 8F 63 0D B9 4b0 : 51 8D 24 6E 74 A4 7B 56 DF 4951128067 6B 91 $4 \mathrm{CO}: \mathrm{C} 40 \mathrm{~A} 0 \mathrm{~F}$ BC 9A 85 AD 3 B 284 A 82 F 06 C 4388 E 2 $4 \mathrm{dO}: 53$ 2D 31 E4 2A 4A B0 E3 7944 81 5D E5 671699 4 e 0 : E6 282970 CB 537838 5E 3C F0 68 8E 7D A9 C1
..?f..B..K...\}z|
..................
. . . . . . . . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . . . . . . . .
.................'
.y..c... \}. .Wm. . .
1.vfK.........f.
rg... : .on.......
.\}z.M....wo.1. \{3.
nl+n.....l^e...$\mathrm{Ms}]=. \mathrm{J} . \quad \ldots . . .$. ....q..D.wW.M... ....0d2.c.. . .L .<....2... (... \&. D.. . .....9.r. r1.....p.MY.1.." .><.nUnwY.e.U.@. ...B*..m.A..V..L .X...1..V.R.n.7. . + ....z@.x+....
...7..qPy.......u .D.U.". .; S...I. 9.....8.\$......' ...L.... . G\$... 0 .g._..>.\#1T. Hh.. \{......8....X...
.L......./.\}.G.C
.. P........(.L.
...dK.... $\$ q$. z $^{\text {N }}$.
H.Y.B.A.9......
9..A.\&...C.
$=>I ..) . T R X^{\wedge}-. R R$.
......*......P4.
....... $/+$. . $P Q$.
........n. .K.A@\{
A?.....+.+.. \%.s.
C.\&.....gw?w....
i..........3...Q
....T. . ~Mn]?]:.
..h............
/@......4.K'.V..
. \&......GK?.5._".
..○.....2..^.. ${ }^{\wedge}$
z.tY...?B.[...H.
) \% \| 9.i...N.. F...
eg:....)......)..
.....G........G.
.... \& .... $\$$ ) . . $8 \%$.
.N.E., . . . . . Px. .
66.k.....B......
.E!..b.S।.k(\$..g
.S...(...lX....
.FQ.No.tZ.Z..C..
Q.\$nt.\{V.IQ..gk.
.......; (J..lC..
S-1.*J..yD.].g..
.()p.Sx8^<.h.\}..

```
4f0 : 47 25 81 94 06 4C 69 EB 7D C6 E4 55 EA 65 E2 78
500 : 1E DC 01 1E 98 C8 5A FA 6E EB ED 42 2F F3 C6 F8
510 : 6D 69 00 A6 20 A8 45 14 BB EA DC E2 D6 0C 39 D5
520 : 1B CA 9F 52 92 3B C0 1C 04 3F 20 8A 57 75 23 A0
530 : 67 88 63 60 3E 88 17 3A A8 B3 D8 20 A8 02 16 15
540 : F3 04 33 1F 52 48 F8 07 D0 7C 26 BE 04 52 5C 1E
550: 4E CD E4 32 5D 72 0D 4C 00 7F 3F 08 24 4A 39 32
560 : 1F 76 A5 25 00 2C 16 56 0B 2F A9 2F A4 F8 9B 09
570 : 6F 25 DD FE 80 0A 49 B2 03 20 CB 09 29 BA F4 56
580 : 90 E2 53 93 36 82 34 49 49 50 83 62 2C 0F 52 8A
590 : 59 AD 5D D3 4A 9F DB 9A F1 6A 05 89 74 97 F1 1A
5a0 : 3F 72 8C 1F 98 1D 1C EC 30 7D F3 61 30 69 A2 8C
5b0 : 66 8F 3B 3B
Registrant:
HackerDome, Inc. (RDY-DOM)
    7 0 7 \text { Continental circle, \#1634}
    Mountain View, CA 94040 US
    Domain Name: RDY.COM
    Administrative Contact, Technical Contact, Billing Contact:
        Ruban, Dima (DR7362) dima@RDY.COM
        Ruban Consulting, Inc.
        707 Continental circle, #1634
        Mountain View,, CA 94040
        (415) 730-0648
02/18/01 19:42:49 dns ftp4.freebsd.org
Canonical name: burka.rdy.com
Aliases:
    ftp4.freebsd.org
Addresses:
    205.149.189.91
```


## ANALYSIS

## 1. Source of trace

Source of trace was from my home network (DSL/Fixed IP).

## 2. Detection Generator

Snort IDS with ACID (Analysis Console for Intrusion Databases) interface. Main alert is generated from the raw Snort Alert log, payload data lifted from the ACID interface. Using ArachNIDS ruleset downloaded on 14 Feb 2001.

## 3. Probability that the source was spoofed.

Low. This type of exploit would require a three-way handshake for data to be transferred. If the source were spoofed, it would near impossible to receive replies from the victim computer.

## 4. Description of Attack

This attack is a buffer overflow attack not aimed at any specific port. This attack has the signature of the "shellcode-x86-nops" exploit, it has no CVE \# (GENERIC-MAP-NOMATCH), it does have a signature ID from Whitehats.com of IDS181.

## 5. Attack Mechanism

The Attack attempts to "pad" data with a long series of "no-op""s resulting in a large piece of data that overloads the buffer. If the system is susceptible to buffer overflows, the data in the packet may be passed on to the system with root privileges. This could allow the attacker to take control of the system by replacing key system files with modified versions. It may also allow the attacker to execute commands that require root access to call.

## 6. Correlations

This particular detect was found out to be a false positive after investigating. The packet dump did not match any dump I'd seen previously at the SANS conference or any I'd looked up on various security sites. When first seeing the packet dump of the detect it appeared as though someone had attempted to upload a new rc.conf file to the system.. If this were true, the attacker could take control by reconfiguring the system the next time rc.conf was called. The target port (1355) was not listed on any port knowledge base so the only thing I could suspect was that an attacker had previously compromised the system and was listening on this port. When looking up the suspect address it came back with a name of HackerDome, Inc. Though the company the IP was registered to was interesting, I thought that it was improbable that my system would be the target of such a unique attack. I decided to investigate a little more. Fortunately my network is quite small and that allowed me to consider what was happening at the time of the detect. Unfortunately my firewall box had just had FreeBSD installed and configured with minimal logging (see section 9) so I was unable to see where the packet when after it had passed the IDS. I inquired with one of the people on the network at the time and he had indicated that he started an FTP download of a FreeBSD ISO (CD Image) from ftp4.freebsd.org. This was particularly interesting because when I used a search engine to investigate the ISP, I discovered that the Administrative Contact was listed as a FreeBSD developer. At this point I definitely had something a little more than a "coincidence" and there were only two options. Option one was that somehow a redirect had been done and the image was being downloaded via the suspect IP. Option two was that the "attacker" was monitoring traffic on $\underline{f t p 4 . f r e e b s d . o r g}$ and was able to figure out what port numbers and ack \#'s to use to feed in malicious traffic. Option two was definitely more interesting but not likely. After some digging on the net, I discovered that the suspect IP had an alias of $\mathrm{ftp4}$.freebsd.org. Conclusion: False Positive.

One interesting note: All nine of the alert packets had the same ACK\#.
This particular signature was compared against another signature from another system on a different network and matched. Their system connected to $\underline{f t p 4 . f r e e b s d . o r g}$ to download the same file and received the same Snort alerts as I had.

## 7. Evidence of Active Targeting

This particular detect was definitely targeting the intended host.

## 8. Severity

$(5+5)-(4+4)=+2$
Criticality $=5$, This machine is the firewall and file server for the network.
Lethality=5, If successful, attacker could gain root access and "own" the system.
System Countermeasures=4, Latest stable version of FreeBSD running with no Telnet. External access via FTP, SSH, HTTP, and SSL-HTTP(Apache). Minimal logging enabled.
Network Countermeasures=4, Restrictive firewall that was in the process of being validated. There is only one way in or out.
9. Defensive Recommendation

Although this detect turned out to be a false positive, the machine in question had just undergone a total installation and configuration of FreeBSD. At the time IPFilter was enabled, rules were written to allow certain types of traffic. All traffic not specifically allowed was rejected. Although this was a good thing, the system was not configured to log denied packets, nor was it configured to record incoming and outgoing connections. This degraded the ability to find out what actually happened since the only log's available were Snort logs. Had logging been turned on, it would have been much easier to find out who was doing what. Fortunately logging was enabled on the machine that initiated the FTP transfer and the person remembered quite well what he was doing at the time. Had this been a very large network, it would have been very difficult and time consuming to find out who was doing what.

Recommend firewall logging be enabled for all traffic.

## 10. Multiple Choice Question

The purpose of including many NOP(No-Operation) bytes in a packet is to:
A) Increase the chances of getting malicious traffic past a firewall
B) Cause a DoS by flooding the system with so many No Operation bytes that the system effectively does nothing for a period of time.
C) Probe the system and compare return information to signatures for a system fingerprint.
D) Trick the system into listing services that are running.

## Answer: A) Increase the chances of getting malicious traffic past a firewall

## Detect 2 Analysis

```
[**] IDS277/named-probe-iquery [**]
02/10-10:24:30.417031 131.109.3.11:53 -> Target IP:53
UDP TTL:51 TOS:0x0 ID:8257 IpLen:20 DgmLen:55
Len: 35
```

length $=27$
000 : E8 EC 0980000000010000000000000100
$010: 010000$ 7A 69000404030201 ...zi......
[**] IDS278/named-version probe [**]
02/10-10:24:30.636386 131.109.3.11:53 -> Target IP:53

UDP TTL:49 TOS:0x0 ID:64707
Len: 38

Length $=30$
000 : 3C FC 0180000100000000000007766572
010: 7369 6F 6E 046269 6E 640000100003
<.. $\qquad$ .ver sion.bind..
[**] IDS277/named-probe-iquery [**]
03/05-18:28:51.265497 131.109.3.11:1932 -> Target IP:53
UDP TTL:46 TOS:0x0 ID:36135 IpLen:20 DgmLen:493
Len: 473
length $=465$
000 : 42 6F 09800000000100000000 3E 414141 Bo. $\qquad$
010 : 41414141414141414141414141414141 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA $020: 41414141414141414141414141414141$ AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA 030: 41414141414141414141414141414141 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
$040: 4141414141414141414141$ 3E 42424242 AAAAAAAAAAA $>$ BBBB
050 : 42424242424242424242424242424242 BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
060 : 42424242424242424242424242424242 BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
070 : 42424242424242424242424242424242 BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
080: 42424242424242424242 3E 4343434343 BBBBBBBBBB $>$ CCCCC
$090: 43434343434343434343434343434343$ CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
0a0: 43434343434343434343434343434343 CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
0b0 : 43434343434343434343434343434343 СССССССССССССССС
0c0 : 434343434343434343 3E 000102030405 CCCCCCCCC>......
0d0 : 06070809 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 101112131415 $\qquad$
0e0 : 16171819 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F 202122232425 ..........!"\#\$\%
0f0 : 262728 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F $303132333435 \&^{\prime}()^{*+}, / 012345$
100:36373839 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 45454545454545 6789:;<=>EEEEEEE
110 : 45454545454545454545454545454545 EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE
120 : 45454545454545454545454545454545 EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE
130 : 45454545454545454545454545454545 EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE
140 : 45454545454545 3E 4646464646464646 EEEEEEE $>$ FFFFFFFF
150:46464646464646464646464646464646 FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
160 : 46464646464646464646464646464646 FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
170 : 46464646464646464646464646464646 FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
180: 464646464646 3D 474747474747474747 FFFFFF=GGGGGGGGG
190: 47474747474747474747474747474747 GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
1a0 : 47474747474747474747474747474747 GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
1b0 : 47474747474747474747474747474747 GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
1c0 : 4747474700000100010000000100 FF 40 GGGG. $\qquad$ ..
$1 \mathrm{~d} 0: 66$
f

## ANALYSIS

## 1. Source of trace

Source of trace was from my home network (DSL/Fixed IP).

## 2. Detection Generator

Snort IDS with ACID (Analysis Console for Intrusion Databases) interface. Main alert is generated from the raw Snort Alert log, payload data lifted from the ACID interface. Using ArachNIDS ruleset downloaded on 08 Feb 2001.
3. Probability that the source was spoofed.

Very unlikely. The purpose of a DNS query and version query is to gain information about the victim system. Information cannot be sent back if the IP is spoofed.

## 4. Description of Attack

The attacker started by sending a DNS iquery to the victim machine. A follow up version bind request was sent to try and gain the version of bind the DNS server is running.

What is amusing about this particular attack is that the machine targeted is not running DNS and will not reply to a DNS request. That didn't seem to matter to the attacker. They initially send an iquery probe and followed up with a version inquiry even though they didn't get a reply. I'm surprised they didn't try to upload Ramen.

Even stranger, the last packet is a packet that was sent a month later. I haven't been able to figure out what the purpose of it was.

## 5. Attack Mechanism

The attack is supposed to check to see if DNS will return an inverse DNS query. This lets the attacker know if DNS is running. A follow up packet is sent requesting to see what version of BIND the DNS server is running. If the DNS server is running a vulnerable version, the attacker can compromise the system.

## 6. Correlations

Packet dump matches the packet of a packet trace on whitehats.com.
http://www.whitehats.com/IDS/277

## 7. Evidence of Active Targeting

This particular detect was targeting the particular host but most likely on a random scan. It is odd that the same IP scanned this machine over a month prior.

## 8. Severity

$(5+0)-(5+5)=-5$
Criticality $=\mathbf{5}$ This machine is the firewall and file server for the network
Lethality $=0$ This machine is not running DNS.
System Countermeasures=5, Latest stable version of FreeBSD running with no Telnet or FTP. External access via FTP, SSH, HTTP, and SSL-HTTP(Apache)
Network Countermeasures=5 Firewall is the only way to enter/exit the network. Snort NIDS installed along with restrictive IP Filter rules.

## 9. Defensive Recommendation

Defenses are fine, attack was blocked by the firewall.

## 10. Multiple Choice Question

Certain versions of BIND are vulnerable to $\qquad$ attacks:
A) Session hijacking
B) Amplifying Denial of Service (DoS) attacks (ie Smurf)
C) Brute Force cryptanalysis D) Buffer Overflow

## Answer: D) Buffer Overflow

## Detect 3 Analysis

```
[**] IDS177/netbios-name-query [**]
02/26-03:01:24.326077 63.106.48.202:137 -> Target IP:137
UDP TTL:118 TOS:0x0 ID:29798 IpLen:20 DgmLen:78
Len: 58
length = 50
000:5E 34 00 10 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 20 43 4B 41 ^4..........CKA
010: 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
020 : 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 00 00 21 AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!
030 : 00 01
```

```
[**] IDS177/netbios-name-query [**]
02/26-03:01:25.827974 63.106.48.202:137 -> Target IP:137
UDP TTL:118 TOS:0x0 ID:30054 IpLen:20 DgmLen:78
Len: 58
length = 50
000 : 5E 36 00 10 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 20 43 4B 41 ^6.......... CKA
010: 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
020:4141 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 00 00 21 AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!!
030 : 00 01
[**] IDS177/netbios-name-query [**]
02/26-03:01:27.328233 63.106.48.202:137 -> Target IP:137
UDP TTL:118 TOS:0x0 ID:30310 IpLen:20 DgmLen:78
Len: 58
length = 50
000:5E 38 00 10 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 20 43 4B 41 ^8.......... CKA
010: 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
020: 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 00 00 21 AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!
030 : 00 01
```

```
[**] IDS177/netbios-name-query [**]
02/26-03:02:27.887748 63.106.48.202:137 -> Target IP:137
UDP TTL:118 TOS:0x0 ID:43622 IpLen:20 DgmLen:78
Len: 58
length = 50
000:5E 48 00 10 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 20 43 4B 41 ^H.......... CKA
010 : 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
020 : 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 00 00 21 AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!
030 : 00 01
```

[**] IDS177/netbios-name-query [**]
02/26-03:02:29.383126 63.106.48.202:137 -> Target IP:137
UDP TTL:118 TOS:0x0 ID:43878 IpLen:20 DgmLen:78
Len: 58
length $=50$
000 : 5E 4A 001000010000000000002043 4B41 ^J.......... CKA
$010: \begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}4 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41 & 41\end{array}$ AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
$020: 4141414141414141414141414100 \quad 00 \quad 21$ AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!
030 : 0001
..
[**] IDS177/netbios-name-query [**]
02/26-03:02:30.883061 63.106.48.202:137 -> Target IP:137
UDP TTL:118 TOS:0x0 ID:44134 IpLen:20 DgmLen:78
Len: 58
length $=50$
000 : 5E 4C $0010000100000000000020434 B 41 \quad{ }^{\wedge} L \ldots \ldots . . .$. CKA
$010: 41414141414141414141414141414141$ AAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
$020: 41414141414141414141414141000021$ AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!
030:00 01

## ANALYSIS

## 11. Source of trace

Source of trace was from my home network (DSL/Fixed IP).

## 12. Detection Generator

Snort IDS with ACID (Analysis Console for Intrusion Databases) interface. Main alert is generated from the raw Snort Alert log, payload data lifted from the ACID interface. Using ArachNIDS ruleset downloaded on 20 Feb 2001.

## 13. Probability that the source was spoofed.

Low. To extract the desired information, the source IP would need to be provided.

## 14. Description of Attack

This attack is aimed at machines running Microsoft NetBIOS (or Samba) on Port 137 for a name table query. This would give the attacker useful information on the system such as
workstation name, domain, and users logged in. This attack has a CVE number of CAN-19990621, it also has been identified on Whitehats.com with an IDS key of IDS 177.

## 15. Attack Mechanism

This attack works by querying the victim computer for NetBIOS information if a machine is running with Microsoft File and Print Sharing enabled. On a protected network or computer, an attacker should not be able to access this.

## 16. Correlations

A normal NetBIOS name query looks like this:
12/30-02:28:32.282973 source:1057 -> target:137
UDP TTL:64 TOS:0x0 ID:62089 Len: 58
24 C0 000000010000000000002043 4B 41 \$ $\qquad$ CKA
41414141414141414141414141414141 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
41414141414141414141414141000021 AAAAAAAAAAAAA..!
0001

The packet normally is transmitted three times with the same payload each time.
If you look at the suspect NetBIOS queries, you will see that they appear to be crafted. Each packet contains a similar code but the first two characters change. Each packet sent appears to be using a control character as the first character. I have not seen this particular signature before which is why I flagged it as suspect. I can only theorize that the attacker was attempting to get a firewall or OS to "hiccup" and/or pass the packet. The attacker may also have been attempting to cause the system to crash by introducing odd combinations of characters.

## 17. Evidence of Active Targeting

This particular detect was targeting the particular host. I suspect an automated scan

## 18. Severity

$(5+2)-(5+5)=-3$
Criticality $=\mathbf{5}$, This machine is the firewall and file server(Samba) for the network
Lethality $=2$, Attacker could glean important information on the target. System is running Samba.
System Countermeasures=5, Latest stable version of FreeBSD running with no Telnet or FTP. External access via FTP, SSH, HTTP, and SSL-HTTP(Apache).
Network Countermeasures=5, Firewall is the only way to enter/exit the network. Snort NIDS installed along with restrictive IP Filter rules.

## 19. Defensive Recommendation

Defenses are adequate, attack was blocked by the firewall.

## 20. Multiple Choice Question

A NetBIOS Name Query is considered to be:
A. Rare attack against older Microsoft operating systems.
B. Background noise on the network.
C. A buffer overflow attack.
D. A Denial of Service Attack.
B. Background noise on the network.

## Detect 4 Analysis

[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:36.743113 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:43564 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:37.762182 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:51451 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:38.767778 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:38230 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:39.781120 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:58797 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:40.793430 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:38704 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:41.794634 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:19663 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**] 03/17-10:33:42.811461 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:31290 IpLen:20 DgmLen:40 MF Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x14

```
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:34:00.489425 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:37828 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:34:01.502314 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:37235 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:34:02.522610 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:29230 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:34:03.541639 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:43621 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
```

```
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:34:04.541178 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:52552 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:40:21.842685 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:45073 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:40:22.846411 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:8164 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:40:23.872569 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:9235 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:40:24.866765 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:40270 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
[**] Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity [**]
03/17-10:40:25.876266 211.105.164.24 -> Target IP
TCP TTL:53 TOS:0x0 ID:43013 IpLen:20 DgmLen:72 MF
Frag Offset: 0x0 Frag Size: 0x34
inetnum: 211.104.0.0 - 211.119.255.255
netname: K
descr: KRNIC
descr: Korea Network Information Center
country: KR
admin-c: WK1-AP
tech-c: SL119-AP
remarks: KRNIC Allocation Block
remarks: Authoritative Information regarding assignments and
remarks: allocations made from within this block can also be
remarks: queried at whois.nic.or.kr
mnt-by: APNIC-HM
mnt-lower: MNT-KRNIC-AP
changed: hostmaster@apnic.net 20000414
source: APNIC
```


## ANALYSIS

## 1. Source of trace

Source of trace was from my home network (DSL/Fixed IP).

## 2. Detection Generator

Snort IDS with ACID (Analysis Console for Intrusion Databases) interface. Main alert is generated from the raw Snort Alert log, payload data lifted from the ACID interface (in this case, there is no payload data to examine). Using ArachNIDS ruleset downloaded on 16 Mar 2001.

## 3. Probability that the source was spoofed.

Possible. This is a very strange set of packets. If this was a DoS attempt, the source IP received spoofed packets with my IP. If it was a fingerprint attempt, it is unlikely the source was spoofed since the attacker could not get the needed response to their stimulus.

## 4. Description of Attack

This attack is very strange. The attacker sent 17 "tiny fragment" packets over about 7 minutes. These packets indicated a fragment size of 32 bytes with no offset. It's not clear to me what the attacker is trying to do at this point. If the attacker were attempting a buffer overflow, the offsets would change so the entire buffer would fill. These packets are all using an offset of 0 , which would continue to overwrite the same space in the buffer.

## 5. Attack Mechanism

This attack works by making fragments very small. On some firewall systems, it is possible to sneak packets past the firewall by using small packets. There are two explanations that I can come up with.

One is that this was a denial of service (DoS) attempt. Each packet ID is different and each one has the MF flag set. If a large number of these were sent, the firewall could continue to hold these in its buffer waiting for the rest of the packets to arrive. Since no follow up packets are sent, the firewall may run out of memory and accept no more connections until the firewall "expires" the connections. The probability that this is a DoS attack is low since a total of 17 packets were sent. I suspect if this were a true DoS attempt, many more packets would have been sent.

The other explanation is that this was some sort of fingerprint attack. The firewall that is running on this network is programmed to deny all connections on all ports except FTP, SSH, HTTP, and SSL-HTTP. The attacker may have been attempting to fingerprint the system by analyzing the response to a tiny fragment sent to port 0 .

## 6. Correlations

This particular scan does not match any packets that I can find. After these packets were discovered the firewall logs were inspected and nothing was found. This is troubling because it seems that the packets entered the system. They should have been rejected.

## 7. Evidence of Active Targeting

17 packets were fired at this system. One group of 10 was fired, followed approximately six minutes later by an additional 6 packets. This would seem to indicate that this system was being directly targeted.
8. Severity
$(5+3)-(5+2)=+1$
Criticality $=\mathbf{5}$, This machine is the firewall and file server(Samba) for the network
Lethality $=\mathbf{3}$, Attacker could glean important information on the target. Since I am not sure what the attacker was trying to do, I would rank this as suspicious.
System Countermeasures=5, Latest stable version of FreeBSD running with no Telnet. External access via SSH, HTTP, SSL-HTTP(Apache) only.
Network Countermeasures=2, Firewall is the only way to enter/exit the network. Snort NIDS installed along with restrictive IP Filter rules. Since the firewall did not block these packets, the network countermeasures will be ranked lower.

## 9. Defensive Recommendation

Upon inspection of firewall rules it was found that the suspect packets were not rejected (Deny). It was determined that the packets we passed because the following IPFilter rule was written:
\# Pass fragments
$\$$ \{fwemd\} add pass all from any to any frag
This would allow an attacker to send packets through the firewall as long as there is a fragment ID and offset.

Recommend rule change to the following:

```
\# Pass fragments
\(\$\{\) fwemd \(\}\) add pass all from any to any frag established
```

This would make sure that a connection was established before fragmented packets could be sent. Unsolicited fragmented packets would be denied.

Also recommend this IP block be "blacklisted". We have no reason to connect to Korea. Blocking this would be a prudent step to take since I am not sure what the attacker was attempting to do.

## 10. Multiple Choice Question

Packets are normally fragmented to:
A) Decrease the time spent in the firewall packet inspection queue.
B) Traverse a network with an MTU smaller than the packet size.
C) Increase the chance of delivery.

## D) Send time critical data (such as video or audio).

## Answer: B) Traverse a network with an MTU smaller than the packet size.

## Detect 5 Analysis

http://www.sans.org/y2k/032201-1500.htm
[**] IDS247/dos-large-udp [**]
03/14-11:01:17.450391 193.113.133.154:500 -> a.b.20.2:500
UDP TTL:112 TOS:0x0 ID:46267
Len: 864
E2 A5 3B 06 B8 49 D0 CE 0000000000000000
011002000000000000000358 0D 000324 0000000100000001000003180101000 C 03000024010100008001000580020002 800400028003000380 0B 0001000 C 0004 00007080030000240201000080010005 80020001800400028003000380 0B 0001 000 C 0004000070800300002403010000 80010001800200028004000180030003 800 B 0001000 C 00040000708003000024 04010000800100018002000180040001 8003000380 0B 0001000 C 000400007080 03000050050100008001000580020002 800400028003 FD E9 80 0B 0001000 C 0004 00007080 7D 0100287700320030003000 30006900730061003300240040005900 4600 4C 00 2E 00 4C 00 4F 0043004100 4C 00 03000050060100008001000580020002 800400028003 FD E9 800 OB 000100 0C 0004 00007080400000287700320030003000 30006900730061003300240040005900 46004 C 00 2E 004 C 004 F 00430041004 C 00 03000050070100008001000580020001 800400028003 FD E9 800 B 000100 0C 0004

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {.....I......... } \\
& \text {................ \$ } \\
& \text {... } \$ . . . . . . . . . . . \\
& \text {..p.... } \$ \text {... } \\
& \text {................ } \\
& \text {............... } \\
& \text {............... } \\
& \text {...............\$ } \\
& \text {..............p. } \\
& \text {...P. } \\
& \text {.....)...(w........0.0. } \\
& \text { 0.i.s.a.3.\$.@.Y. } \\
& \text { F.L...L.O.C.A.L. } \\
& \text {..p.@..(w.2.0.0. } \\
& \text { 0.i.s.a.3.\$.@.Y. } \\
& \text { F.L...L.O.C.A.L. } \\
& \text {...P........... }
\end{aligned}
$$

[**] IDS247/dos-large-udp [**]
03/14-11:01:18.497383 193.113.133.154:500 -> a.b.20.2:500
UDP TTL:112 TOS:0x0 ID:46272
Len: 864
E2 A5 3B 06 B8 49 D0 CE 0000000000000000 .....I..........
011002000000000000000358 0D 000324 ...........X... \$
000000010000000100000318010100 0C
03000024010100008001000580020002
$\qquad$
800400028003000380 0B 0001000 C 0004
$\qquad$ 00007080030000240201000080010005 80020001800400028003000380 0B 0001
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ 000 C 0004000070800300002403010000 $\qquad$ 80010001800200028004000180030003 80 0B 0001000 C 00040000708003000024 ............... $\$$ 04010000800100018002000180040001 $\qquad$ 8003000380 0B 0001000 C 000400007080 $\qquad$

```
0300005005010000 800100 05 80020002 ...P.
```

$\qquad$

```
800400028003 FD E9 80 0B 00 01 00 0C 00 04
```

$\qquad$

```
000070 80 7D 0100 28770032003000 3000 ..p.}..(w.2.0.0.
3000690073006100 3300240040005900 0.i.s.a.3.$.@.Y.
4600 4C 00 2E 00 4C 00 4F 00 4300 41 00 4C 00 F.L...L.O.C.A.L.
03000050 060100 00 80 01 00 05 80 0200 02 ...P.
800400028003 FD E9 80 0B 00 01 00 0C 00 04
M
00007080400000287700 320030003000 ..p.@...(w.2.0.0.
3000690073006100 3300240040005900 0.i.s.a.3.$.@.Y.
4600 4C 00 2E 00 4C 00 4F 00 4300 41 00 4C 00 F.L...L.O.C.A.L.
0300005007010000 80 01 00 05 800200 01 ...P.
800400028003 FD E9 80 0B 00 01 00 0C 00 04
```

$\qquad$

```
00007080 7D 01 00 28 7700 3200 30 00 3000 ..p.}..(w.2.0.0.
3000690073006100 3300240040005900 0.i.s.a.3.$.@.Y.
4600 4C 00 2E 00 4C 00 4F 00 4300 41 00 4C 00 F.L...L.O.C.A.L.
0300005008010000 8001000580020001 ...P.
P...........
800400028003 FD E9 80 0B 00 01 00 0C 00 04
..............
0000708040000028 7700 320030003000 ..p.@..(w.2.0.0.
3000690073006100 3300240040005900 0.i.s.a.3.$.@.Y.
4600 4C 00 2E 00 4C 00 4F 00 4300 4100 4C 00 F.L...L.O.C.A.L.
0300005009010000 80010001 80020002 ...P
```

$\qquad$

```
8004000180 03 FD E9 80 0B 00 0100 0C 00 04
```

$\qquad$

```
00007080 7D 0100 28770032003000 3000 ..p.}..(w.2.0.0.
3000690073006100 3300240040005900 0.i.s.a.3.$.@.Y.
4 6 0 0 ~ 4 C ~ 0 0 ~ 2 E ~ 0 0 ~ 4 C ~ 0 0 ~ 4 F ~ 0 0 ~ 4 3 0 0 ~ 4 1 ~ 0 0 ~ 4 C ~ 0 0 ~ F . L . . . L . O . C . A . L . ~
03000050 0A 01000080010001 80020002
...P.
```


## ANALYSIS

## 1. Source of trace

Source of trace was the SANS current detects page on March 22, 2001
http://www.sans.org/y2k/032201-1500.htm

## 2. Detection Generator

Snort IDS logs. Unknown ruleset.

## 3. Probability that the source was spoofed.

Not likely. The detect appears to be a response from a system that was queried.

## 4. Description of Attack

These packets were flagged as a "DOS Large UDP" attack.
Whitehats ID: IDS247

## 5. Attack Mechanism

If this were a malicious attack, the attacker could send unusually large UDP packets to the victim. Most UDP packets are small in size. The DoS occurs when large packets are sent to a firewall that does stateful packet inspection. Since it is inspecting large UDP packets, the firewall uses more resources than normal. If a number of large packets arrive very quickly, the firewall may run out of resources to use and suffer from DoS.

Other possibilities are that a "covert" channel exists and the attacker is using UDP packets to transmit the data or the machine is transmitting DDOS control traffic.

## 6. Correlations




After inspecting the packet dump of these packets I noticed that the packet looked very familiar. When inspecting NetBIOS packets a few weeks back I noticed a similar pattern. I decided to get a packet-sniffing device and capture some NetBIOS packets from my home network. What I viewed is pasted above (sorry for the picture, the sniffer does not like to import to text). What I viewed on my home network was a NetBIOS session setup and a NetBIOS reply. These two packets appear to be similar to the flagged packets

So now I'm pretty sure what I have are a few NetBIOS packets. This only explains some of the puzzle. The NetBIOS port that these packets should normally be seen on is Port 139. So why are these packets being seen on 500 ?

Port 500 is the standard port IPSEC/ISAKMP. Obviously these packets are not encrypted so again I scratched my head and wondered why. An initial whois indicated that the IP 193.113.133.154 belonged to British Telecom(BT). When I dug further into it I found that it
belongs to the IPSEC DEMO NET of BT. This would explain a lot. It's probable that these packets originate from a misconfigured IPSEC/VPN tunnel.
whois -h whois.ripe.net 193.113.133.154
inetnum: 193.113.133.144-193.113.133.159
netname: BT-CORPORATE
descr: IP_SEC_DEMO_NET_York
country: GB
admin-c: BCER1-RIPE
admin-c: BTCR1-RIPE
tech-c: BTCR3-RIPE
status: ASSIGNED PA
remarks: Please send abuse notification to btcertcc@bt.com

## 7. Evidence of Active Targeting

As explained in the previous section, these packets are most likely from a misconfigured VPN tunnel. Since I do not have information on the actual target IP (supplied IP is a.b.20.2) I can only speculate that the other end of the VPN tunnel contained an internal IP that matched the external IP of the target. If configured properly, the VPN tunnel would pass these packets from network to network. If configured improperly, one side may be passed in the clear. If the actual target contains IP's that are not private, those packets will go to the owner of this network.

Another possibility is that the target IP was conducting a VPN demo and failed to
inform the system administrator.

## 8. Severity

Since there was little information given about the network this was detected on, I will evaluate this detect as if it was detected on my network.
$(5+2)-(5+5)=-2$
Criticality $=\mathbf{5}$, This machine is the firewall and file server(Samba) for the network
Lethality=3, Attacker could glean important information on the target.
System Countermeasures $=5$, Latest stable version of FreeBSD running with no Telnet. External access via SSH, HTTP, SSL-HTTP(Apache) only.
Network Countermeasures=5, Firewall is the only way to enter/exit the network. Snort NIDS installed along with restrictive IP Filter rules. Port 500 is blocked.

## 9. Defensive Recommendation

Even though this detect appears to originate from a misconfigured VPN client, it would be wise to put this IP or IP block into a "watch list". Large UDP packets can conceal covert and DDOS control channels. If this IP/IP Block continues to appear, further investigation may be warranted.

## 10. Multiple Choice Question

Large UDP packets are not normally sent because:
A) It is quicker for the packet filter to process smaller packets
B) UDP is an unreliable protocol and sending large amounts of data is best sent via TCP to ensure data delivery
C) UDP has a Maximum Segment Size of 512 bytes
D) Many routers cannot handle large UDP packets

Answer: B) UDP is an unreliable protocol and sending large amounts of data is best sent via TCP to ensure data delivery

# Assignment 2 

## Outsourcing IDS monitoring Brian Varine SANS GCIA New Orleans

It's early morning and you've just taken a seat at your desk - just like you do everyday. Firing up your trusty computer, you take a look at the morning news....only today something really catches your eye. One of the local companies in your area was hacked into yesterday and they've made the news. Unfortunately for them, the hackers obtained all of their credit card information from their database. Now the hackers are holding the data ransom. You take a gulp of coffee and say to co-workers; "Check out what happened to Acme!!" That's when you realize it could have been you.

Could it have been you? You have firewalls and check the logs periodically but would you even know what to look for? Maybe you need to look into an Intrusion Detection System (IDS). You're probably thinking that IDS's are complex and you don't even have the time to look at the firewall logs; so how are you going to check yet another system? This is where a new type of business may be worth looking into. Managed Security Monitoring services. In this paper I will describe what some of the benefits are to outsourcing your IDS monitoring (and why getting a GIAC cert is still a good idea).

What is Managed Security Monitoring (MSM)? In a nutshell, MSM is an IDS monitor akin to a burglar system (like ADT or Brinks) for your computer network. When suspicious activity is detected, an alert is generated. At this point, a live analyst will be notified and they can take a look at the event that triggered the alert. If the event is suspicious, it will be logged. If the event is serious enough, the analyst will call the appropriate personnel and inform them of what is going on. Presently, I could not find a firm that would actually take charge and attempt to repel the attack (i.e., shutdown a web server or write a firewall rule) but I suspect someone will probably offer this in the future.

There are many advantages to going with an outsourced MSM. Intrusion Detection requires a skilled person to analyze what is happening on the network. Unfortunately many companies do not have nearly enough people to go around so it is rare to find a person whose sole responsibility is to monitor the network for potential intrusions. Most security administrators have a variety of responsibilities along with being the "IDS guy". If they are lucky, they may get an hour or so of "quality" time with the IDS. With an outsourced MSM, the network is monitored 24 hours a day/7 days a week. This means that at 2 am , your network is being monitored. Sunday? Monitored. IDS guy is on vacation? Monitored.

Another advantage is the fact that with an outsourced MSM, they get to figure out what is an alert and what is a false positive. IDS's generate a lot of alerts, especially when first installed.

This presents a problem for the security administrator. Management will certainly want their investment in an IDS to be working. This puts pressure on the security team to respond to the alerts that the IDS generates. It doesn't take very many "Ping Zero" alarms at 2am to cause the administrator to begin to either leave the pager at home or to disable a lot more alerts. Worse yet, if the administrator is continuously flooded with poor alerts, they may just turn the IDS off and never check it again! With an MSM, the call at 2am isn't going to happen unless a skilled person at the MSM thinks it's worth waking someone up for.

Advantage three is skill level. With an MSM, you have analysts that sit and monitor networks all day for signs of intrusion. Over time, this can have an enormous advantage. They get to see attacks on a variety of sources. They aren't limited to one network. This allows them to recognize attacks and patterns much better than a person who scans logs from one network for an hour each day.

The final advantage is the I\&W advantage. I\&W is used in the military to refer to Indications and Warnings. Those are things that lead up to an attack. Indications are things that, alone, seem benign but when coupled with other indicators, may indicate a possible attack. With the MSM monitoring a variety of networks, they may notice little things that an analyst on a single network would consider network noise or a random event. With the MSM, they can correlate these events and build a more comprehensive picture of what is happening. They may notice probing on ports that have typically been quiet. With that indicator they can investigate further and look for a reason why this is happening. If something is discovered, they can issue warnings. One would hope that these MSM companies would provide the rest of the world these warnings as well. The advantage to the subscriber would be an immediate notification vice having to wait to come into work and read it in E-mail...... six hours later.

Now that we have looked at some of the advantages, let's look at a few of the disadvantages are. The most obvious disadvantage is cost. MSM's are not cheap. Looking at a few MSM's (Brinks Internet Security and Counterpane) the cheapest price listed was in excess of $\$ 8000$ per month (Brinks). Counterpane charges $\$ 12,000$ per month. Obviously for some businesses this will be a considerable cost but for a small company this would not be a feasible option. Counterpane argues that the price is competitive with having your own in house monitoring. Looking at what a semi skilled administrator cost, they have a valid point, especially if you look at the fact that you have $24 / 7$ monitoring. Still, for most companies, a recurring monthly cost of $\$ 12,000$ may be a hard sell. Especially considering you still need to purchase an IDS (they monitor your IDS, they do not supply it).

Another caveat to look for in a MSM is who the company is. There are a few "MSM" services out there that claim to be an MSM but are merely a box they put on your network that sends out pages if something is detected (http://www.securityhome.com). This isn't any better than putting in your own IDS and having it send a page. The MSM you select needs to be a trusted partner. They will be the guardians to your network and you will trust them to protect your network. You can't be thinking about who is the cheapest solution, you need to think about who is the partner that you trust the most. For some organizations, no company will fit.

Some companies have gone to great lengths to ensure that they are a trusted entity. Counterpane has a secure facility where their operations center resides. They have video monitoring of every station and they make sure each analyst is bonded. If that isn't enough, they have two facilities on opposite coasts. Each facility can take over for the other in case it goes offline for any reason. It's clear they take the issue of trust very seriously.

Ok, so if MSM's are so great, why should I bother getting a SANS certification? Well, just like with Physical Security, you still need someone "on premises". MSM's may sound the alarm, but someone still needs to respond. It's going to help out your MSM and you a lot more if you both speak the same language. If your partner contacts you and says your network was just used as a Smurf attack amplifier, you need to know what a Smurf attack is. Sure the MSM's can take the time out to educate the administrator, but the response is going to be much quicker if the administrator knows how the attack works and what to look for. It will also help the administrator when dealing with the other administrators. It's probably not going to go over well with your DNS team if you come in and say "Hey, our MSM just said you guys got hacked by an TSIG overflow attack" and you don't know what that is.

Another good reason is that with the price of these services, it's unlikely that you will be monitoring all of your points of entry. It's similar to a home burglar alarm. Typically the front door and a few windows are monitored but what happens if the burglar enters from one of the windows that aren't monitored? The same thing applies to networks. Some companies have a lot of paths in and out of the network. If you can't afford to have the MSM monitor all of them, have them monitor the major ones. You can monitor the other points. In the worst-case scenario, you both monitor the same paths.

This is a basic overview of what Managed Security Monitoring is. If you think that this may be something for your organization, you need to consider a myriad of details before looking for a provider. I believe Managed Security Monitoring can be an asset to most companies should they decide to go with it.

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Counterpane, "Innovative E-Business Insurance Protection for Customers of Counterpane Internet Security" http://www.counterpane.com/pr-lloydswp.html

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# Assignment 3 

## Analyze This! GIAC Enterprises

## Overview:

Our organization has been given approximately a month worth of Snort logs for analysis and submit our findings to GIAC Enterprises. After careful analysis we have come up with a number of findings. We have also provided recommendations to make GIAC a more secure network.

## Findings:

The network was subjected to a number of attack attempts over the course of a month. Some were more numerous than others but all should be taken seriously.
Summary of Attacks:

| TCP SMTP Source Port traffic | 100 |
| :--- | :---: |
| SITE EXEC - Possible wu-ftpd exploit - GIAC000623 | 3 |
| Null scan! | 826 |
| NMAP TCP ping! | 558 |
| DNS udp DoS attack described on unisog | 16147 (!) |
| External RPC call | 59 |
| Watchlist 000222 NET-NCFC | 2400 |
| SYN-FIN scan! | 51192 |
| Happy 99 Virus | 1 |
| SMB Name Wildcard | 515 |
| SNMP public access | 591 |
| Back Orifice | 77 |
| SUNRPC highport access! | 204 |
| Queso fingerprint | 710 |
| WinGate 1080 Attempt | 2240 |
| connect to 515 from inside | 160 |
| STATDX UDP attack | 1 |
| connect to 515 from outside | 4239 |
| Watchlist 000220 IL-ISDNNET-990517 | 2054 |
| Attempted Sun RPC high port access | 8 |
| Probable NMAP fingerprint attempt | 154 |
| Broadcast Ping to subnet 70 | 546 |
| Russia Dynamo - SANS Flash 28-jul-00 | 5340 |
| Tiny Fragments - Possible Hostile Activity |  |

## WU-FTPD Attacks:

11/26-17:30:50.939661
12/21-15:26:29.595664
12/16-12:21:46.219962

| 24.23.255.246:4507 | -> | MY.NET.130.98:21 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 64.217.116.106:1684 | -> | MY.NET.97.162:21 |
| 209.162.94.11:4584 | -> | MY.NET.156.127:21 |

The above servers should be checked immediately for signs of compromise. These servers may have been identified previously as running vulnerable versions of the WU-FTP daemon. The attack is a sign of complete compromise of a system. See CVE-1999-0080. Also see: http://www.cert.org/advisories/CA-2000-13.html

## STATDX Attack:

01/06-06:39:35.583605 206.210.80.6:1074 -> MY.NET.6.15:32776

This machine should be checked immediately for signs of compromise. This machine may have been identified previously as running vulnerable rpc.statd service on Linux. The attack indicates complete compromise. See CVE-2000-0666. Also see http://www.cert.org/advisories/CA-200017.html

## SNMP Attacks:

MY.NET.100.143:161
MY.NET.100.206:161
MY.NET.100.99:161
MY.NET.101.192:161
MY.NET.14.1:161
MY.NET.154.26:161
MY.NET.50.154:161

The above servers have SNMP running and were accessed by a large number of internal users.

| 01/11-18:12:07.868642 | $128.183 .38 .30: 1032$ | $->$ | MY.NET.154.26:161 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 01/12-09:31:41.697088 | $128.46 .156 .231: 1030$ | -> | MY.NET.100.206:161 |
| 01/12-09:32:04.134998 | $128.46 .156 .231: 1094$ | $->$ | MY.NET.100.143:161 |
| 01/12-09:32:10.408144 | $128.46 .156 .231: 1096$ | -> | MY.NET.100.99:161 |

The above external connections were made via the SNMP port. The four target servers should be inspected for signs of compromise. SNMP allows a remote console to manage a large number of devices. If an external device is allowed to connect to an internal machine using SNMP, they can control that machine as they see fit.

## Denial Of Service Attack

One of the most aggressive attacks was a Denial of Service attack which occurred on $1 / 06$. This attack originated from 209.67.50.203 (Exodus Comm) and targeted DNS servers on
MY.NET.1.3/MY.NET.1.4/MY.NET.1.5. Over the course of 90 minutes, the three servers were hit with approximately 16150 hits. This averages out to 179 per minute, or 60 per minute per server.

The effect of this would have been to tie up all three DNS servers with lookups. Users attempting to use the DNS would have probably encountered slow or no response from the DNS server.

## SMTP Attacks:

01/03-16:35:10.148560 165.112.79.25:25 -> MY.NET.253.42:25

You may want to inspect the machine listed above. On the date listed, it was sent 11 packets in one second. This machine may have been previously identified as a machine running an SMTP server and vulnerable to an overflow attack.

The network was also scanned on $12 / 29$ by 165.112.79.25 for possible SMTP servers running. This scan did not appear to scan the 253 subnet, which would indicate that the attack on MY.NET. 253.42 used results from a previous scan. An interesting note is the domain belongs to the National Institutes of Health. This would indicate the source IP had been compromised.

## Watchlist Detects:

MY.NET.6.47
MY.NET.6.7
MY.NET.6.34
MY.NET.6.35
MY.NET.253.53
MY.NET.5.29
MY.NET.253.52
MY.NET.253.51
MY.NET.253.41
MY.NET.253.42
MY.NET. 253.43
MY.NET.145.9
MY.NET.145.18
MY.NET.110.150
MY.NET.100.230
MY.NET.1.2
The above listed machines are listed as having made connections to networks, which are on the "watchlist". The connections were made to Ports $25,113,143,443$. Are these mail servers?

## SMB Name Wildcard Detects:

There were numerous machines that had NetBIOS name query attempts made on them. Over 65 machines were identified as having been queried. Below are the machines that drew the most traffic and should be investigated soon.

MY.NET.98.122:137
MY.NET.6.15:137
MY.NET.101.192:137
MY.NET.100.130:137

## Broadcast Ping to Subnet 70:

| 12/01-19:11:20.273721 | $213.154 .131 .131:$ | -> | MY.NET.70.255: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12/01-17:25:08.240600 | $193.231 .220 .137:$ | -> | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 11/24-21:54:56.975159 | $194.102 .93 .101:$ | -> | MY.NET.70.255: |

The above entries are significant because they show where an attacker has most likely performed a Smurf attack on another network. These machines were sent packets numerous times over a short period of time, which would indicate they were probably used as an amplifier for a denial of service attack. Your network routers allow broadcast pings to be sent from an external source. The problem with this is that an attacker can spoof broadcast ping packets. When the internal hosts receive this, they respond to the spoofed IP (the victim). An attacker can send many broadcast pings to different subnets. When the combined response from many subnets arrives at the victim network it becomes saturated causing a denial of service.

| 11/26-21:45:56.114233 | 193.231.169.166: | -> | MY.NET.70.255: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 01/15-07:58:25.750259 | $212.204 .137 .53:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 11/29-18:26:20.772161 | $151.21 .208 .42:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 11/29-19:38:24.779497 | $212.35 .129 .91:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/30-02:11:26.723709 | $211.33 .158 .136:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/30-06:08:30.357942 | $209.21 .180 .147:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/30-22:52:00.442649 | $213.97 .215 .87:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/29-16:26:01.298554 | $62.226 .88 .105:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/09-18:28:37.580861 | $62.98 .69 .17:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 01/01-11:30:23.281931 | $211.33 .158 .136:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 01/01-12:27:30.545037 | $203.106 .43 .141:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 01/01-16:29:42.641202 | $217.80 .182 .182:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/26-21:10:46.062791 | $213.154 .130 .64:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/28-11:52:58.292917 | $216.22 .239 .2:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 01/10-17:30:37.666932 | $195.159 .0 .162:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/01-18:16:15.632189 | $193.231 .220 .91:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/01-18:41:03.663963 | $193.231 .220 .214:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| $12 / 01-18: 51: 29.743876$ | $193.231 .220 .125:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| 12/01-19:04:16.020754 | $193.231 .220 .91:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |
| $12 / 01-19: 07: 31.789486$ | $217.10 .207 .88:$ | $->$ | MY.NET.70.255: |

These machines received broadcast pings from external machines on one to five occasions. This was most likely a network-mapping attempt. By using the broadcast ping, the attacker can receive replies from all of the active machines. This gives the attacker a quick map of that subnet. By sending the packet a few times, the attacker can gain a more reliable map.

## Printer Port Detects:

| 12/20-21:58:38.206581 | MY.NET.163.17:2178 | -> | $148.243 .214 .7: 515$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12/07-22:06:02.060089 | MY.NET.179.78:4877 | -> | $24.13 .123 .8: 515$ |
| 11/29-20:31:12.014245 | MY.NET.219.122:50325 -> | $128.2 .166 .68: 515$ |  |
| 12/08-22:28:32.862899 | MY.NET.219.194:2351 | -> | $131.204 .205 .101: 515$ |
| 12/07-14:46:01.272485 | MY.NET.253.12:34091 | -> | $64.23 .4 .67: 515$ |
| 12/07-14:46:01.285319 | MY.NET.253.12:34091 | -> | $64.23 .4 .67: 515$ |
| 12/08-13:58:20.072019 | MY.NET.253.12:61882 | -> | $64.23 .4 .67: 515$ |
| 12/01-10:21:50.598369 | MY.NET.60.16:1165 | -> | $151.196 .73 .119: 515$ |
| 01/08-21:26:34.695216 | MY.NET.60.38:513 | -> | $128.8 .3 .106: 515$ |
| 01/08-21:26:39.785432 | MY.NET.60.38:513 | -> | $128.8 .3 .106: 515$ |
| 01/08-21:29:04.786541 | MY.NET.60.38:513 | -> | $128.8 .3 .106: 515$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| 12/20-23:22:47.929679 | $216.119 .15 .88: 1040$ | -> | MY.NET.130.86:515 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 12/20-23:22:47.250185 | $216.119 .15 .88: 1032$ | -> | MY.NET.100.209:515 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 12/20-23:38:34.311898 | $216.119 .15 .88: 1035$ | -> | MY.NET.214.166:515 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 12/20-23:22:47.250433 | $216.119 .15 .88: 1036$ | -> | MY.NET.99.104:515 |

The machines above are communicating to other networks on Port 515 which is the LPR (printer) port. Normally this traffic should be shielded from leaving the network. These machines may be sending print traffic to other networks. This means an attacker may be reading internal data and printing in on an external machine. It is also possible to compromise a print server and use that as a jump off point for additional attacks on the network.Of particular note is MY.NET.100.209:515, MY.NET.130.86:515, MY.NET.214.166:515, and MY.NET.99.104:515 During an approximate 60 minute period, an external machine attempted to connect to these machines numerous times. These machines were most likely identified as being vulnerable on previous scans. These four machines should be inspected as soon as possible.

Also note MY.NET.60.38. It appears to be sending back traffic from the Rlogin port, which could indicate an attacker has logged into that machine using the Rlogin service. Rlogin checks to see if incoming connections are coming from hosts in the '.rhosts' file, and should be coming from ports between 512-1023.

## Back Orifice Detects:

MY.NET.202.94:31337
MY.NET.7.22:32771

These machines should be inspected for possible Back Orifice inspection. Inspecting the logs I found connection attempts to these two machines on separate occasions.

MY.NET.98.15:31337
MY.NET.98.157:31337
MY.NET.98.70:31337
Connection attempts were made on these machines but were not part of an overall scan.
Scans for Back Orifice were perfomed on:
$11 / 26$ and $12 / 09$ by 209.94.199.143 (Telecommunications Services of Trinidad and Tobago).
12/01 by 62.136.71.93(Planet Online Ltd)

## Happy 99 Virus:

12/22-20:25:10.840208 63.216.198.158:2239 -> MY.NET.6.47:25
This machine received the Happy99 virus from 63.216.198.158(Fanfiction Mailing List). This virus (actually it is a trojan/worm) propagates via E-mail so it would appear that the virus was not executed on your network. If it had been, there would be a number of outbound detects.

## Attempted Sun RPC Detects:

MY.NET.213.158:32771
MY.NET.105.115:32771
MY.NET.98.192:32771
MY.NET.98.226:32771
MY.NET.97.245:32771
MY.NET.213.158:32771
MY.NET.223.106:32771
MY.NET.213.158:32771
MY.NET.221.130:32771
MY.NET.223.106:32771
MY.NET.97.74:32771
MY.NET.97.96:32771
MY.NET.98.238:32771
MY.NET.97.45:32771
MY.NET.97.208:32771
MY.NET.97.213:32771

The above machines are most likely users of ICQ, a popular "Instant Messaging" service. All of the detects for those IP's had source addresses belonging to AOL (parent company of ICQ)

12/15-00:36:43.676300 216.13.244.241:3456 -> MY.NET.221.130:32771

This detect may warrant further investigation. The listed machine attempted numerous connections to MY.NET.221.130. This may be an indication of a Sun machine running RPC. The attacker can attempt to overflow the RPC stack and gain control of the machine. See CVE-1999-0003

## Dynamo Detects

| 12/08-15:36:30.735338 | MY.NET.205.138:6699 | -> | 194.87.6.38:2478 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12/08-15:37:12.356256 | $194.87 .6 .38: 2478$ | -> | MY.NET.205.138:6699 |

This connection was flagged because it originated from a "significantly compromised" system in Russia that was the subject of a SANS flash bulletin. I could not locate the particular flash message but I was able to pull information from the SANS current detects page. Although this was identified in July, it still warrants further investigation. The source IP connected to a machine running Napster on your network.

Dynamo information $\rightarrow$ http://www.sans.org/y2k/073000.htm

## Tiny Fragments:

| 11/29-23:17:50.134801 | MY.NET.219.122: | -> | 208.162.62.208: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01/05-03:50:50.679956 | 202.101.43.220: | -> | MY.NET.1.10: |
| 12/31-23:45:47.026613 | 202.205.5.10: | -> | MY.NET.1.8: |
| 11/28-04:27:52.346131 | 63.210.46.242: | -> | MY.NET.1.9: |
| 11/28-15:13:30.851379 | 63.210.46.242: | -> | MY.NET.100.230: |
| 01/03-15:13:10.388407 | 24.64.14.194: | -> | MY.NET.201.14: |
| 01/11-23:44:17.189538 | 65.4.87.43: | -> | MY.NET.202.18: |
| 12/16-15:25:14.319245 | 24.2.170.67: | -> | MY.NET.215.106: |
| 01/12-19:47:58.862156 | 65.4.87.43: | -> | MY.NET.217.162: |
| 11/26-15:14:03.090933 | 213.112.131.135: | -> | MY.NET.219.46: |
| 01/13-02:28:30.039894 | 8.8.8.8: | -> | MY.NET.60.11: |
| 01/13-02:32:44.810948 | 4.4.4.4: | -> | MY.NET.60.11: |
| 12/23-11:29:21.620703 | 210.159.220.160: | -> | MY.NET.71.38: |
| 12/15-18:26:28.461159 | 24.68.58.96: | -> | MY.NET.98.123: |

The above machines were sent tiny fragments. A few machines were sent these packets hundredes times.
MY.NET.1.8= 3165
MY.NET.1.10 $=1265$
MY.NET.27.162 $=870$
MY.NET.60.11= 168
These tiny fragment packets were sent from a volume of IP's. It's possible that these fragments were sent as a Denial of Service attack. Other explainations are that a "covert" channel has been established on these machines. Right now it is unclear why these machines were sent these packets. The small number of machines affected would indicate that this was not part of a random scan.

## Other scans:

There were numerous other types of scans that were performed on your network. These scans were not outright attacks but rather "surveillance". These scans are useful to the attacker because they give them useful information on the network. Information such as OS and services running are extremely useful to an attacker. Armed with this information the attacker can identify points of attack and execute them.

Scans:
Queso - Attempts to identify OS running on targeted machine
NMAP - Attempts to identify OS running on targeted machine, also identifies open ports. NMAP can use a variety of fingerprint tools like SYN-FIN, NULL, and XMAS packets.
SYN-FIN - This can identify a particular OS running or it can cause unknown errors to occur. Since a SYN-FIN is not supposed to happen, OS's respond differently upon receiving a SYN-FIN packet.
NULL - This scan sets no flags on the TCP header. It is similar to the SYN-FIN in that it is not supposed to happen.

## Recommendations:

## Firewalls and NAT

The first recommendation I have is to install a set of firewalls and to reduce your internet footprint by renumbering your internal addresses to non-routable addresses When I inspected the logs I found that there is nothing to prevent someone from another network from connecting to ALL of your internal machines. The network is wide open to the outside. This is akin to having an office building with all of the windows and doors removed. A firewall would be able to reduce this vulnerability considerably. Depending on the size, complexity, and bandwidth needs of your network, you may have to install a series of firewalls.

Firewalls have the benefit of rules to direct traffic. This will allow you to permit and deny traffic to your network. For instance, in the firewall you can write a rule that allows external SMTP traffic to go ONLY to the SMTP server. If someone attempts to connect to another machine on the SMTP port, the firewall will block that connection. Some firewalls (such as Symantec's Raptor Firewall) will actually do "stateful packet inspection" to make sure that only certain traffic can pass. For instance, an attacker may try to sneak out of your network using VNC (a popular Remote Control program) on Port 80. Since Port 80 is allowed out in most organizations, an attacker may be able to circumvent the firewall by operating on Port 80 . With a firewall that does stateful packet inspection, ONLY http traffic would be allowed to pass and the attacker would be thwarted.

Renumbering your internal addresses to a 10.x.x.x or 192.168.x.x scheme will hide your internal network from the outside. The firewall will perform Network Address Translation (NAT), which will allow users on the network to access external sites. To an attacker, your network will no longer show up as a Class B address, but will show up as a few individual IP's. The Snort logs indicated that numerous scans were made on your network. Over 51,000 Syn-Fin packets alone were targeted against your internal network! These scans were looking for FTP, POP2, DNS, and
other servers running on your network. Once the attacker identifies which machines are vulnerable, they can return later to execute attacks.

There are also a number of connects from machines that are on a "watchlist". The watchlisted machines made numerous scans and connected to SMTP, IMAP, HTTPS ports. If these machines are on a watchlist, I would assume there is a reason for this. By using a firewall, you could block traffic from the suspect subnets.

One other benefit of having a firewall will be the logging capability available. With the Snort logs that were provided, it is difficult to determine if attacks were successful. By having a firewall, you can inspect the logs and correlate the firewall data with Snort data to see if the attack was passed through to the internal network.

There are many more benefits to using a firewall and NAT. If security dollars are tight, installing a firewall and using NAT will give you the most bang for your security buck.

## Continue using Snort

Snort is basically your burglar alarm. While firewalls are very effective pieces for security, they don't tell you what attackers are trying to do. With Snort you can identify certain attacks that are being directed against your network. A firewall will only log that it allowed or denied the connection.

I would also recommend a Snort sensor on both sides of the firewall. The external sensor will tell you what has been attempted. The internal sensor will show you which of those attempts actually made it through the firewall. Internal sensors can also alert you to potential attacks from against your network from attackers inside the network.

## Use Access Control Lists on Routers

Looking at the log files I found that routers could be used much more effectively. Currently the routers allow almost all traffic in and out. By utilizing Access Control Lists (ACL's) you can filter out simpler attacks such as broadcast pings and spoofed internal addresses

## Establish a Security Policy

During analysis of your network it is clear that there are machines running all kinds of services. While most of these services are needed and necessary, there are a number of services that were not. I identified ICQ, AIM, Napster, and other services running on machines within your network. These services have little, if any, business reason to be on the networks. In the case of Napster, you are hosting servers that most likely illegally distribute music. Napster is also a notorious bandwidth hog. The security policy should establish what is allowed and what is not allowed on the network.

Also part of this policy should be something that requires all servers run only the necessary services needed. Most OS's install services by default that should not be running. If you are hosting
an SQL server, there is no reason why IIS should be running. Even printers run vulnerable services!

Your policy should not be limited to these! Security policy can cover a wide area!

## Scan your own network

If the "bad guys" can use automated scanning tools to discover what is vulnerable on your system, then you should too. System administrators typically have a lot of work to do and it's not uncommon for them to leave a service turned on when it should be off. They may also not be aware of a particular vulnerability. By doing regular scans of your network you can discover things before the bad guys do. There are a number of tools that you can use to scan networks. These include NMAP, SAINT, Nessus, and CyberCop Security Scanner. Even better NMAP, SAINT, and Nessus are free!

## Use a current virus scanner and E-mail "firewall"

The use of an anti-virus tool cannot be over emphasized. Many of the current vulnerabilities today are "backdoor" programs that typically come in via E-mail. Unsuspecting users kick off what they think is a cute program. This program runs and usually has something to amuse the receiver while in the background it installs the backdoor program and the machine is compromised. Current anti virus software is extremely successful but ONLY when it is updated regularly. Ensure that your organization has a plan for making sure anti virus software is updated regularly.

Anti virus software should also be installed on your mail servers. Since the mail servers are the first place in your network that infected E-mails will arrive, it makes sense to inspect them there. By inspecting the files before delivery to the user you eliminate the possibility that the file will be opened by an unsuspecting user (who probably disabled the anti virus scanner on their desktop). One thing to consider is the amount of resources this will take. If your current mail server is close to running out of processor power and memory, you will want to upgrade your servers before attaching anti virus software to them.

Firewalls are not magic shields. Although they do a great job of knocking down a lot of malicious traffic, they cannot block what you are allowing in. E-mail has to be let through the firewall! There is no way around this. A good security tool is a "firewall" for your E-mail traffic. Most vendors are calling this "content filtering". Tools such as Mailsweeper are put between your firewall and your mail server. These tools inspect all E-mails for things that you have defined. Upon discovery of an E-mail that meets the definition, it can be quarantined, deleted, or sent to a virus scanner for repair. This is a great tool for blocking things like.VBS attachments, which are attached to E-mails. Not only can these tools block incoming mail, they can block outgoing mail as well. This is particularly useful if a user in your network becomes infected with a virus such as Melissa or the I Love You virus. This prevents your network from sending infected files to other networks.

Looking at the Snort logs, it appears that your network is doing an adequate job of containing these. One instance of Happy 99 was detected. If your anti virus defense had been inadequate, there would have been many more cases of the virus leaving the network.

Still, there appeared to be a few instances of Back Orifice running so it's still a good idea to review your use of anti virus products.

