Framework for Innovative Security Decisions

GIAC (GCED) Gold Certification

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Accepted: September 29, 2015

Abstract

Remember the Periodic Table of chemical elements (Dayah, Dynamic Periodic Table, 1997)? It revolutionized chemistry and continues serving scientists daily. TRIZ is a similar resource for inventors and decision-makers. It is a Russian abbreviation translated as: “theory of inventive problem solving.” It does so by consolidating common patterns of prior innovations and by solving contradictions. The goal of this paper is to combine principles of TRIZ, Science, and innovative thinking to propose its Information Security version: Sec-TRIZ. It is intended to support optimized decisions in security management and technology. Why is Sec-TRIZ a “secret weapon” of security innovations? Because the original TRIZ has done it in material innovations for decades. It is taught and applied in top innovative companies (Jana, 2006): Boeing, HP, IBM, Motorola, GE and many more. The provided Sec-TRIZ Framework is the beginning of the new innovative thinking research that will benefit readers of technical and management background.
1. Introduction

Information security is a highly innovative and fast-developing field. The growing need for better cyber security drives the investment into innovative approaches to solve both existing and new challenges. It is often said that “security is not a product, but a process” (Schneier, 2000). Therefore, daily security decisions (being part of the process) actually enable (or disable) businesses. Specialized security decision frameworks already exist in specific fields like mobile security decisions (US_CIO_Council, 2013) or cloud security decisions (Heiser, 2013). There is a need for a more general framework to aid in the complex multi-disciplined field of Information Security. Thus, this paper presents Sec-TRIZ with examples that support:

1. Tactical and strategic business decisions in security,
2. Designing macro- and micro-level security solutions for companies and vendors (from architectures to code and implementations),
3. Anticipating the future trends of the attacks and preparing defenses in advance.

The paper presents common patterns and classifications along with approaches for finding the “missing cells” in innovative security decisions space. The 40 principles of TRIZ are translated into Information Security terms. To prove the value of the new Sec-TRIZ framework, sample security decisions and proposals are presented.

That is a research effort itself perfect opportunity to show TRIZ in action: since it is designed to solve innovative contradictions. Therefore, the author did apply various TRIZ/Sec-TRIZ method to the research and writing of this paper. The solutions directly applied here are:

1. Use of visual tools to explain more (Sec-TRIZ methods: 17, 26, 24, 28, 32 – see Section 4.2)
2. Grouping challenges for mutual compensation (Sec-TRIZ methods: 8, 12, 13, and 22). The author did not have time and resources to find 40 images to illustrate the Sec-TRIZ methods, so instead one basic image (two overlapping

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windows) was processed to make 40 illustrations. See Appendix A for the explanation of these methods.

TRIZ is not an automatic and complete problem-solver, it is a framework to guide innovators in more likely directions. Its creator, Genrich Altshuller, reviewed over 40,000 of innovation patents (San, 2009) to uncover re-occurring guiding principles. He also noticed that many prior innovations took years of blind trial-and-errors while having such framework in advance would eliminate those years of searching. The two key principles of TRIZ are:

1. Somebody has solved it already (find it)
2. Don’t accept contradictions (solve them).

TRIZ was born out of analyzing very many material innovations (of physical products and tools). It is also written in the language of material innovations and science (Physics and Chemistry). Then how does it apply to cyber security? Fortunately, many of these principles can be translated into the terms of business management, computer science, algorithms, and more. An additional goal of this paper is to demonstrate this process of translating the TRIZ principles into actionable business and technology recommendations to improve security decisions.

One key question innovators often hear is: “OK, this a great idea. How can I put it to solve a specific problem with minimal money and labor?” Well, this is yet another contradiction (opposing requirements) that Sec-TRIZ is designed to solve. Not only will this process guide the reader to produce innovative proposals, it will also guide on solving implementation, management and financing challenges.

If this is true, why hasn’t TRIZ “take over the World” yet? Because inventing is always hard and TRIZ takes learning too, though learning can be rewarding with powerful time-saving tools TRIZ provides. While being very successful in material innovations only in recent years business innovators started using TRIZ (Souchkov, 2014). Information Security practitioners are not yet widely applying TRIZ methodologies (nor software developers overall). One of the goals of this paper to bring

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awareness of the power of TRIZ to the security community via the customized and translated adaptation of it: Sec-TRIZ.

2. Specifics of Security Decisions

Decision-makers in charge of cyber security would agree on the complexity and diversity of this responsibility. Security settings and tools are often of a restrictive nature, so they could limit functionality of many users and devices while creating secondary unexpected effects as well. This is yet another contradiction to solve: enabling businesses by restricting them. Of course, security teams enable by preventing/remediating cyber-attacks, but the attacks are often invisible or misunderstood by the paying customers (the contradiction of financing security).

To add to this complexity and contradictions: an attacker can amplify any mistakes, exploit inputs and code weaknesses by optimally combining them. Complexity of modern systems increasingly adds two advantages to attackers:

1. Higher likelihood of bugs,
2. More opportunities for unexpected use (hacking).

Therefore, security decisions carry high impact, risks and difficulties: they can benefit from a solid framework used for decades to solve contradictions (TRIZ/Sec-TRIZ). The following diagram illustrates these challenges and a need for non-linear solutions (innovative shortcuts) to mitigate these non-linear impacts.
Framework for Innovative Security Decisions

Security Decisions & Risks Pyramid:
\[ f(\text{Decision}) = \text{Non-linear Impact} \]

- **BIG Decisions** -- High Impact & Risk
- **Operational Decisions** -- Med. Impact & Risk
- **Personal Decisions** -- User-level Impact & Risk

Ordinary decisions can have big impact:
Due to the amplification by attackers

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3. TRIZ for Security: Sec-TRIZ

Now it is time to start exploring Sec-TRIZ and its use in Information Security decisions. The following two sections explain the Sec-TRIZ Decision Flow, the process, and the Sec-TRIZ Matrix – Navigation Map, the summarized core of the Sec-TRIZ methods.

3.1. Sec-TRIZ Decision Flow

The diagrams on the following pages will demonstrate the Sec-TRIZ Decision Flow for technical and business solutions.

Side Note: The following discussions and diagrams are written in second person style by design. This is intended to directly inspire new thoughts in a friendly conversation format.

The following diagram shows the recommended steps on using the Sec-TRIZ methodology. The readers can try applying and modifying this process as part of the creative exercise of learning this framework. Here are the key points supporting the following process diagram:

- **Formulate:** Define the problem in writing: describe it in several ways, after explaining it verbally to somebody outside of your specialty.

- **Try All 40:** Consult the Navigation Map for the most closely matching Sec-TRIZ Methods.

- **Pick & Pilot:** Review the given problem through the lenses of the selected methods and repeat the process with other remaining methods. Pick several best solutions and pilot them.

It is important to try all methods (especially the seemingly unlikely ones). Writing thoughts with accompanying diagrams for each is an excellent way to learn the framework of Sec-TRIZ and to build your intuition. The future cycles of finding solutions will go increasingly faster.

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Sec-TRIZ Decision Flow:
Recommended Approach

1. Determine: the need, source & motivations for a decision

2. Restate the problem in 4+ ways

3. Define the Ideal Final Result (IFR) & Contradictions

4. Explore all 40 Sec-TRIZ methods as a Defender & as an Attacker

5. Minimize the Attacker's potential & Maximize the business advantage ("Harm to Benefit" -- method #22)

6. Pick 4+ best solutions with justifications

7. Present the picked solutions for a team decision

8. Implement & measure the effectiveness.
   Repeat from Step 1 if needed.

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3.2. The Sec-TRIZ Matrix (Navigation Map)

The following Sec-TRIZ Matrix (Navigation Map) is the condensed version of the 40 methods, the core of this framework. The 4-by-10 grouping allows to easily map these methods to their detailed illustrations as shown in Appendix A. Each diagram (on a separate page) covers 4 methods, corresponding to a line in the following Sec-TRIZ Matrix.

Use these examples as an overview of the methods you can explore for a given problem. It is useful to consider all 40 for each problem. The details on these methods are on the 10 pages of the Appendix A.

The wording of the Sec-TRIZ methods is very condensed (to preserve your thought patterns), so use it for your imaginative modelling and not as exact instructions. It is safe to skip any examples that don’t immediately resonate with you. The goal of these building blocks is to give you visual options, so they are not “official terms”. You may think of them as Zen-level cues. In fact, you would be more productive if your thoughts detach from the actual words, perceiving them instead as visual interacting models (i.e., moving and evolving pictures).
**Sec-TRIZ Matrix: Navigation Map**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Framework</th>
<th>1. Segmentation: Partition and Isolate to create: Zones, Layers, Onions (increase degree of segmentation)</th>
<th>2. Extraction: Filter, Distinguish, Squeeze out to Select and Retrieve (most useful first, catch &amp; amplify)</th>
<th>3. Local Quality: Increase diversity for optimal specialized use (natural differences of parts used ideally)</th>
<th>4. Asymmetry: Shift from symmetry to higher degrees of asymmetry (Custom Symmetries, Shifted Balance)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5. Consolidation: Merge similar items in Space and in Time (do it once at once, handle many with one, similar stay near)</td>
<td>6. Universality: Do All-In-One for waste of none (max # of useful functions to min # of objects to handle)</td>
<td>7. Nesting: Embedded Smart Layers inside and throughout (multi-shields + multi-tools, all here)</td>
<td>8. Counterweight: Ride/join compensating forces by combining the opposites (balance by clashing opposites)</td>
<td>9. Prior Counteraction: Preloaded Energy = canned potential (Jack-in-the-Box for every &quot;surprise&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Do it in Reverse: Moving in reverse + around the problem (flip upside-down, switch the static &amp; moving parts)</td>
<td>14. Spheroidality: Bend flats and squares into curves, spirals and balls (use smooth rotation)</td>
<td>15. Dynamically: Mobility for flexible transformation of roles (make all parts movable &amp; play with the moves)</td>
<td>16. Partial/Excessive Action: Good Enough is better than Perfect (sufficient conditions that do the job)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. New Dimension: The other sides: add factors, facets &amp; levels (all-dimensional opportunities &amp; degrees of freedom)</td>
<td>18. Vibrations &amp; Waves: Oscillate, change frequency and resonate (change the nature of waves)</td>
<td>19. Periodic Action: Impulse/Pulse to Loop, Pause + Charge, Burst (Continuous to Periodic: from drill to jack hammer)</td>
<td>20. Smooth Useful Action: Being useful non-stop &amp; all the way (fully and continuously utilized capabilities)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Homogeneity: Blend-in + Be-One – tools = resources (use it self for pollution-free interactions)</td>
<td>34. Reject-Regenerate: Ash back to Cash – remove to re-create (continuously discarded and cast back into shape)</td>
<td>35. Transform Properties: Trans-Form – move to another state of being (Chameleon of shapes &amp; configurations)</td>
<td>36. Phase Transition: Phase-Zen – “Freeze-Melt: Evaporate” for desired effects (ride natural states)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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4. Example of Sec-TRIZ use

Now it is time to demonstrate how this methodology can be used via a detailed example. Sec-TRIZ can solve contradictions by re-wiring opposing factors. There are new and rare examples of applying TRIZ variations for innovative information security solutions, such as password and physical security (Fulbright R., 2010). TRIZ patterns in LDAP innovations (based on US patents) are described in paper Inventions on LDAP Security (Mishra, 2006). These TRIZ use cases inspired the following detailed examples.

4.1. Detailed Example-1: Executable Data

Data security is the core of Information Security efforts. Data is treated as a passive element (being worked on). Why not empower data with its own capabilities to authenticate, authorize, and to defend itself? This is the idea of the Executable Data example.
**Detailed example of Sec-TRIZ use #1:**

**Executable Data**  
(security inside)

**Needs:**
- Data needs to defend, manage and expire itself.
- Data needs awareness of itself and of its users/attackers.
- Data should have many levels. It should phone home.

**Contradictions:**
- Data is NOT a program to act.
- Data need to authenticate its users independently.
- Awareness of its use/misuse built within.

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**Run to Read (Data)**

**Architecture**

2. The decryption key is stored outside: it needs to phone home to authenticate, to report and to access the key.
3. It decrypts only the authorized portions per specific user.
4. It fakes/corrupts the data and self-destroys with signs of attack. It tires to phone home.

**Logic**

1. It treats every access as a potential intrusion (until proven otherwise).
2. As a software running in hostile environments is has hidden law enforcement capabilities.
3. It is designed to be undesirable to steal/break.
4. It is completely safe (and verifiable) for authorized users.

**Authentication**

1. It contains internal encrypted credentials of authorized users (for offline mode), but phones home for validation by default.
2. It detects password guessing and self-destroys at pre-defined number of attempts.
3. It tracks who accessed it and when (and reports home).
4. It scans itself for malware using trusted cloud services. It protects self-integrity.

**Defenses**

**Exe-DATA:**

1. Runs before you can Read it,
2. Activates internal security Defenses,
3. Reports its use by Phoning Home,
4. Self-destroys upon expiration or misuse.

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4.2. Detailed Example-2: Users ARE Software

The revolution in software and computing is continuing at accelerating pace. The user capabilities and software skills grow much slower. This example provides steps to bridge that gap and to bring users and their software closer:

- By modeling users in software,
- By software modeling the users’ thinking.
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**Detailed example of Sec-TRIZ use #2:**

**Users ARE Software (AI and I)**

**Needs:**
- People and virtualized services are equally flexible.
- People think and work at the speed of software.
- Human talent supplements the software.

**Contradictions:**
- Competition vs. Resistance to Change.
- Exponential computing power vs. the same people.
- Need to be AI to manage AI.

**Security Software-self**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shared Mind + RAM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Software sees your Mind – and you see the states of Software (in your Mind): mutual transparency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Software sees your struggles and automatically removes them: re-explains.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Software models your brain, you practice the logic of software: you meet in the middle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Offload part of your thinking and memory to RAM.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Upgradable Thinking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Thinking Hats: motivate you to deeply focus on specific subjects (and switch).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Emotional attachment to Software to know it better (game, relationship).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Speak like Software: run and verbally comment the commands, responses and results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Deconstruct leading security software to learn its wisdom.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Working in a Security Game-space</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Learning security games in virtual worlds: slowly replaced by real jobs in virtual space.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Treating the pressure and stress of work as a game.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Layered Games-in-Depth to avoid critical production failures (team support).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Mixing Drills, Work and Games for consistent great results and for quality assurance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Codified Security Workers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>I am Software:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. My work is <strong>Recorded</strong>,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. All my steps are <strong>Coded</strong>,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. I help to debug and <strong>Perfect that Code</strong>,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Software and I become that <strong>AI</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.3. Detailed Example-3: Security Manager of a Cloud-Hosted Team

This example provides steps for effectively managing security teams working in a cloud-hosted environment. There are parallels with innovative management styles and functioning of security products.
Detailed example of Sec-TRIZ use #3:
Security Manager in the Cloud
(managing cloud-hosted security business)

Questions:
* What is there to manage?
* Where are my People and Data?
* How do I protect and advance?

Challenges:
* You are a guest here: follow the rules.
* How to experiment & invent here?
* Everything is observed: little room for errors.

Winning in the Cloud

Collaboration (101*100)

1. Study workflow, link people and enable self-networking.
2. Promote the *Chain Reaction* effect: reward group work (easy to observe in the Cloud).
3. Rotate functions and roles (for cross-training and resilience).
4. Share the profits from savings of new Cloud efficiencies with the staff.

Measure Everything

1. Enable cost-efficient metrics collection and storage.
2. Save key metrics (and potential ones) with maximum precision.
3. Increase the rate of sampling (to measure micro-fluctuations).
4. Measure seemingly unrelated useful metrics together (with precise timing).

Global Analytics

1. Utilize advanced Data Analytics and use the results to feed new and better metrics.
2. Compare yourself/your team against other Cloud tenants and global competitors/partners.
3. Question and challenge the statistics.
4. Find correlations and manage them for better outcomes.

Manager Super-Star

Manager in the Cloud is:
1. The Group Mind’s *Catalyst*,
2. Team work *Router*,
3. Workflow *Switch*,
4. Guardian *Firewall & IPS*.

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4.4. Case Study: Cloud First, Cloud Now – Securely

The Cloud First strategy is a new innovative strategy adopted by Microsoft (Endler, 2014) and others: it includes “ubiquitous computing” – flexible/scalable network services available anywhere. Therefore, a company makes a strategic decision: all new solutions should be cloud-based. The given company has a need for an urgent secure solution as the complex and slow transition to the cloud has created a backlog of projects. The steps corresponding to the Sec-TRIZ Decision Flow of the Section 3.1 follow.

Step 1-3: Formulate the problem: New distributed external approach to running IT business. There are risks of: delays, network (availability & latency) dependencies, sensitive data exposures and unverifiable vendor claims. By explaining the problem to others, new details/options have emerged:

a. It can be a private cloud (hosted in-house)

b. It can be a hybrid cloud (distributed between the vendor and the in-house clouds)

c. Security controls should be embedded in new ways (read further).

The following hidden contradictions (designated as C# where # is a number) surfaced:

a. **C1:** Cloud vendors promise better security, but don’t provide visibility and transparency into their services (especially during security incidents: self-incriminating actions).

b. **C2:** Not having control of the vendor cloud, it is hard to implement security controls.

c. **C3:** Knowing who accesses the data is critical. The data does not “know” when it is being stolen or misused.


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Step 6-8: Pick and pilot solutions: Our selections with corresponding solutions are:

13. **Do it in Reverse:** You don’t have to copy sensitive data to the vendor cloud, you can bring the remote cloud in-house: borrow their virtual CPUs/services (via a fast remote network) to work in a cloud you own.

15. **Dynamicity:** Cloud allows for mobility and savings in other areas via cloud-cloud integrations. Use these savings to fund more complex migration projects.

17. **New Dimension:** Turn it on a side: Let’s buy this cloud vendor (or form a joint venture). This way you can have complete security visibility.

22. **Harm to Benefit:** You could host less sensitive security projects in the cloud: Honeypots, Open Source Intelligence gathering (OSINT) and security labs for training.

24. **Mediator:** Let’s pay another (specialized) company to do the cloud migration and integration for us. Let’s use their infrastructure in the middle as another layer of security and a legal buffer.

25. **Self-Service:** You can reduce the costs by using the Cloud vendor’s self-service feature and save once more.

26. **Copying:** Let’s not copy sensitive data (probably 2% total), but everything else. Therefore, 98% of the data enjoys the cloud benefits without high risk. This is the “more useful cheap copy” of Sec-TRIZ.

27. **Dispose:** Let’s destroy and recreate the virtual machines in the cloud every 5 minutes (while the data gracefully fails over). The estimate is that it is not enough time for attackers to exploit and take data from the virtual machine.

28. **Virtual Replacement:** Let’s add layers of virtualization to add security and specialization. Attackers would have to escape/jump these layers. The total number and design of layer is unknown to most people in the company.

Now, specifically addressing the identified contradictions via combined solutions:

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a. **C1: Visibility and transparency**: Build your cloud inside of the vendor’s cloud via an embedded layer of virtualization: anything you created inside you completely control, log and see. Treat the vendor environment as “hostile” by default (Methods: 7, 17, 28, 30).

b. **C2: Security controls**: Controls are inseparable from applications and data: they are embedded invisibly. Nothing outside of the controls is trusted. Nothing is touched directly, but via a protective layer/field. Any “cheating” by vendors or attackers is flagged (Methods: 7, 24, 25, 29, 30).

c. **C3: The data does not “know”**: Make data executable and self-aware: it can defend itself, authenticate autonomously, phone home (to report status) and self-destroy. The data runs elements of Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and its company “DNA”: a biological-like code for secure interactions, evolution and immune-system-like defenses (Methods: 9, 10, 11, 23).

Therefore, this example show the capabilities of Sec-TRIZ in generating new ideas and picking optimized solutions for Information Security decisions. This is because the original TRIZ already pre-analyzed and grouped such patterns extracted from many thousands of successful inventions.

### 4.5. Innovation Exercise

Here are the brief examples of solving security challenges in the form of innovation exercises. Readers are encouraged to review them in order to find the correlations with the listed Sec-TRIZ methods.
EXERCISE: Security Challenges & Sec-TRIZ sample solutions

P1: Users are NOT upgradeable...
S1: Users ARE software. (m: 6, 15, 17)

P2: Data is NOT aware (of misuse)...
S2: Make data executable & self-aware. (m: 6, 10, 25)

P3: Cybercrime is more efficient...
S3: Obtain their efficiency legally. (m: 22, 23, 13)

P4: Sec-immune system is static...
S4: Imitate bio-immune systems. (m: 2, 11, 22)

P5: Global networks enable scammers globally...
S5: Use scam hunters & scam-like techniques. (m: 8, 13, 17)

P6: Storage is too big to AV-scan...
S6: Scan active sets first, utilize all idle times and resources. (m: 2, 4, 20)

P7: Fixing is complicated & costly...
S7: Invent Healing Stickers: cure any device by sticking. (m: 7, 20, 25)

P8: Digital data is easy to duplicate...
S8: Key documents are never digital: unique physical copies for eyes only. (m: 2, 4, 36)

P9: Vulnerabilities affect profits...
S9: CFO, CIO and CISO are the same person or group. (m: 3, 5, 11)

P10: Trust and Reputation are in question...
S10: Use validation services for Trust & Reputation. (m: 9, 16, 23)
5. Conclusion

Hopefully, you have enjoyed this quick journey into the new paradoxical way of innovative thinking coined as Sec-TRIZ. The author’s role was to translate the highly successful TRIZ framework into the field of Information Security and to demonstrate its usefulness via examples. Hopefully by now you agree on the following:

1. Sec-TRIZ thinking methodology is universally applicable to many fields of Information Security.
2. It is a combination of Art and Science as opposed to a set of strict instructions: more creative control and more thinking time.
3. It is a new approach in Information Security and much more research is needed.

Further works is needed to:

1. Translate the TRIZ Contradiction Matrix (SolidCreativity, 2014) to the field of Information Security, generating a map of optimized shortcuts to the use of the 40 Sec-TRIZ methods.
2. More formalized use of the concept called Ideal Final Result (IFR).
3. Propose solutions for automating Sec-TRIZ.

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6. References


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7. APPENDIX A: The 40 Sec-TRIZ Methods

The following ten pages illustrate the 40 Sec-TRIZ methods in more details with examples. Threat them as starting points of your problem-solving, not as dogmas or strict instructions. Use the provided visuals as imaginative clues.

7.1. Conventions in the Diagrams

In all of the following diagrams there is a 3-part structure: **NN. Name of the Method:** Method explanation **Key Words (key example).**

Take the box containing “Segmentation” on the following page:

**Name of the Method:** **Segmentation**

**Method explanation:** Partition and Isolate to create

**Key word:** Zones, Layers, Onions

**Key example:** (increase degree of segmentation)

A capitalized WORD in circles of the Methods is a uniting concept of all 4 methods. On the following page it is the word “SHAPE”.

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1. Segmentation: Partition and Isolate to create: Zones, Layers, Onions (increase degree of segmentation)

2. Extraction: Filter, Distinguish, Squeeze out to Select and Retrieve (most useful first, catch & amplify)

3. Local Quality: Increase diversity for optimal specialized use (natural differences of parts used ideally)

4. Asymmetry: Shift from symmetry to higher degrees of asymmetry (Custom Symmetries, Shifted Balance)

SHAPE

- Network security zones
- Hardware Abstraction Layers
- 7 OSI Network Layers
- Defense in Depth segments (Model project milestones after OOP)

- Define and refine the differences
- Suppress and compress the “noise”
- Tag data units to track and amplify
- Keep “trouble” locked inside itself (Radio Astronomy for IDS/AV...)

- Never repeat yourself (script & loop)
- Don’t buy redundant stuff
- Combine different talents and tools
- Seek, increase & best fit uniqueness (SWAT/Special Forces in IT)

- Building asymmetric defenses
- Unexpected responses to attacks
- Fast resource-shifting as needed
- Non-symmetric: teams & projects (Staff by needs, not by “common” org-charts)
5. **Consolidation**: Merge similar items in Space and in Time (do it once at once, handle many with one, similar stay near)

6. **Universality**: Do All-in-One for waste of none (max # of useful functions to min # of objects to handle)

7. **Nesting**: Embedded Smart Layers inside and throughout (multi-shields + multi-tools, all here)

8. **Counterweight**: Ride/join compensating forces by combining the opposites (balance by clashing opposites)

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9. Prior Counteraction: Preloaded Energy = canned potential (Jack-in-the-Box for every “surprise”)


11. Cushion in Advance: Pre-cushioned landing = soft pillow (always carry parachute and padding)

12. Equipotentiality: Level Naturally for self-balancing (not too hot, not too cold)

- Users access safe functions only
- Every code has error-tolerance
- All inputs are known and safe
- All fragile is cushioned (absorb the impact early to soft-recover)

- One-push DR/Incident readiness
- Script (& test) key functions
- Design all code malware-ready
- All “plugs” fit, all is ready (act as if an incident is one minute away – to be ready every minute)

- Scale on the spot
- Offset excess with preparedness
- Incident readiness enables response
- Prepare potential energy (low potential resources is death, not “savings”)

- Optimize system defaults
- Standardize all settings & protocols
- Proper “voltage” of all things
- Modular architecture & code (all is in expected places and levels)
13. Do It in Reverse: Moving in reverse + around the problem (flip upside-down, switch the static & moving parts)

14. Spheroidality: Bend flats and squares into curves, spirals and balls (use smooth rotation)

15. Dynamicty: Mobility for flexible transformation of roles (make all parts movable & play with the moves)

16. Partial/Excessive Action: Good Enough is better than Perfect (sufficient conditions that do the job)

- “Yes, and...”: accept and reverse
- Use Emptiness & Negative Space
- Go opposite from the obvious
- Double-reverse (-1 x -1 = +1) (Nail the problem variable and change the constant instead)
- Infinite/smooth granularity settings
- Harmonize with big waves
- Zero-friction by turning to rotation
- Be more analog, less digital (1/0) (fluid processes & technologies: smooth & reversible)
- Decoupling & dynamic flexibility
- Movable technologies & services
- Business API: imitate software
- Move people, rotate approaches (Use cloud services that add dynamic elasticity)
- “Perfect” carries the precision cost
- Overkill/under-shoot wisely
- Reimage infected machines
- Buy new vs. upgrade old (Avoid costly victories, save via effective non-perfection)

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Framework for Innovative Security Decisions

40 Sec-TRIZ Methods: 17-20

17. New Dimension: The other sides: add factors, facets & levels (all-dimensional opportunities & degrees of freedom)

18. Vibrations & Waves: Oscillate, change frequency and resonate (change the nature of waves)

19. Periodic Action: Impulse/Pulse to Loop, Pause + Charge, Burst (Continuous to Periodic: from drill to jack hammer)

20. Smooth Useful Action: Being useful non-stop & all the way (fully and continuously utilized capabilities)

- Use all sides & flip them
- Review problems in 3D
- Remember to use the opposite side
- Use all levels and scales
  (Add dimensions: Time, Space, Virtual. Explore the Matrix)

- Eliminate the “mass” & latency
- Respond on attackers’ frequency
- Neutrality to ride the waves
- Resonate with business changes
  (Maintain capability to run at ANY frequency)

- Sync business and IT cycles
- Use Rest cycles to recharge
- Use periodic bursts, if sufficient
- Frequent micro-rest in a work day
  (scan periodically vs. monitoring continuously)

- Make a copy and keep analyzing
- Infinite levels of heuristic analysis
- Use all the licenses (and move)
- Maximize all the equipment use
  (Utilize global time zones for continuous work. Optimally use free CPU cycles)

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21. Rushing Through: Danger Zone quickly shrinks to Zero (minimize risky exposures)

22. Harm to Benefit: Inverted Evil for Good ("Harm" is the unused side of future Good)

23. Feedback: Back-Feed – amplify yourself to create signal (send Output back to Input to Generate)

24. Mediator: X-in-the-Middle – the Super-Brokers (the magic renewable Catalyst)

- Super-fast/speed + closing ports
- Invisibly fast → undetectable
- Minimize “toxic” exposure times
- Dose dangerous, but needed steps (Systems’ risky exposure counters, like Geiger radiation counters)

- Software improves on each failure
- Conflicts to solve contradictions
- Infected machines → lab resources
- Breaches to funded re-architecture (Rivalry of Attackers teaches Defenders)

- Loop-back to amplify detections
- Software execution feedback
- Use feedback to evolve
- Emulate Generators in processes (Listen to all for feedback: customers, employees and enemies)

- MITM attack’s idea for business
- Protect leadership with proxies
- Middle-Men with Middle Trust
- The Middle that fails safely (Middleware as universal Security Brokers)
25. **Self-Service**: Self-healing + turning waste to service *(cure from within with surplus energy & materials)*

- Make your own “medicine”
- Built-in self-recovery mode
- Undo malware by being self-aware
- User self-help skills & survival *(No energy & materials go wasted: they are extra resources for extra benefits)*

26. **Copying**: Copy-Cat + Projections – easy replicas to alter & resize *(everything leaves a projected trail)*

- Use “photos”, not originals
- Zoom, project & color as needed
- Copy what matters, with focus
- Change the vision spectrum *(Copies are infinite, cheap & ideal: leave originals at home)*

27. **Dispose**: Replace-Ability + Free-Star – gold bare bone *(Trade without Trade-Offs)*

- Kill legacy early, keep gold essentials
- All is temporary, disposable & cheap
- “Irreplaceable” must die, so we live
- Be global-friendly by design *(Disposable security model: cheap, easy & transparent)*


- Manual & Mechanical to software
- Don’t touch: use fields & forces
- Replace fields with their opposites
- Play attracting & opposing forces *(The World is just Models: change them as needed)*
29. Solid to Fluid/Gas: Shape-Less + Flow-More to transmit force & to flow around obstacles (Zen: “Be like Water”)

30. Flex. Membranes/Thin Films: Un-Stiff to flex, filter & isolate (nano-films for macro-separation)

31. Porous Structure: Intake + Absorb to add useful emptiness (expand while remaining the same, pre-fill the pores)

32. Color Change: Colorize + Polarize to stand out (Change: spectrum, transparency and glow)

FLOW

- “Owners” is a fluid concept
- Floating resources fill the vacuum
- Inflate & transfer force
- Cloud is a Gas: scale & cushion (Cloud & People’s elasticity by non-attachment & fluidity)

- Nano-tech security & design
- Quantum effects in macro world
- Super filters & rigid nano-containers
- Thin technology layers (Use all your atoms & molecules: bridge the Micro- and Macro-Worlds)

- “Porous” code for security & growth
- “NOP Sled” in exploits & analogies
- Bubbles of Negative Space
- Pores carry “fuel” or “medicine” (Add Breathing Times for employees to boost productivity)

- Tag & Track: via high-res cameras
- Colors of secrecy & authentication
- See-Through Network Layers
- Glowing IDS for all (The invisible is visible in a different light)

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Dissect code with what created it
Money grows inside money
One substance = no cleaning
Cut diamonds with diamonds
(Cheap & clean defense shield made of suck bullets: the more the better)

Reuse fragments of old code
Internal Discard & Rebuild “factory”
Training security-immune system
Destroy shape – reuse substance
(Reuse people – redefine their jobs)

Blend-in + Be-One – tools = resources (use itself for pollution-free interactions)

Ash back to Cash – remove to re-create (continuously discarded and cast back into shape)

Transform Properties – Trans-Form – move to another state of being
(Chameleon of shapes & configurations)

Phase Transition – Phase-Zen – “Freeze-Melt-Evaporate” for desired effects (ride natural states)

Super-configurable software
Fluid shaping of technology
Change: densities, degrees & states
Modify: flexibilities and abstractions
(Change state of “Being” by different logical “Viewing”)

Solid, Liquid & Gas – security modes
Harden & Soften instantly per needs
Evaporation = no garbage
Freeze-Dry: use blended effects
(Be 3-states-in-1, just change the “temperature”)

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## Upcoming Training

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