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Securing Microsoft Outlook by Dain Mullins

I was on the expressway, heading home from the office, when my heart actually stopped beating for a nanosecond. No, it wasn't the tourist in front of me slamming on the brakes. It was actually the radio, more specifically, the voice coming out of the radio. When I heard the name Anna Koumikova my ears perked up because I had actually received an email earlier that day that had *something* to do with the Russian tennis player. The reason my heart stopped was because I could not remember what I did with that email.

Did I open it? Did I forward it to my home email address? Hmm. Did I infect my company's network? Oh no! Will I have a job tomorrow?

The reason that my heart started to pump again only a nanosecond later, was that I quickly remembered that I had taken a few minutes just the day before to make some network administrator *recommended* configuration changes to the Microsoft Outlook client that I use at work. I remember Don, the administrator saying that the changes would protect me from launching a worm but I was more worried that it would prevent me from receiving any more attachments. I had no intentions of giving up the funny little animations and movie clips that somehow turned up in my inbox each day! Don assured me that I wouldn't miss a single one, so I took him at his word.

He told me that Microsoft's Windows 95 or Windows 98 can be found on most of the PC desktops in the world. Everyday more of these computers are being connected to the outside world for both business and pleasure purposes. The use of electronic mail (email) has grown significantly and has become the number one method of exchanging messages worldwide. He said that most corporate workstation users and many at-home PC users find Microsoft Outlook satisfactory for their messaging and scheduling needs. He said they understand that Outlook connects to a mail server somewhere and transfers *out* the messages they wish to send to others and transfers *in* the messages others send them. Beyond that, there is little more, of which the average user of Outlook is aware, he continued.

"If an anti-virus program was loaded on their system when it was purchased, you can be fairly certain that the virus signatures are as old as the original install date." Even though they hear reports of worms and viruses from the customary media outlets and read the "subject lines" of the virus warnings they receive through email, they somehow think that they do not have to worry. They may be thinking, "Who'd want to send a virus to me?" But, the threat is very real. The fact that viruses are now headline news attests to their impact on our culture.

As an example, on Sunday, February 18, 2001, the Cincinnati Enquirer published a report on the ANNAKOURNIKOVA JPEG.VBS (VBS/SST) Internet worm as its front page, headline story. On that same weekend, the United States had to unleash its fighter pilots on Iraq in a continuing effort to maintain peace in the region. The curious thing is that

the report on the White House ordered bombing was placed on page six of the first section. Two years ago the worm story would have been lucky to find its home on page six.

I learned from Don that with the prevalence of infected email attachments and malicious code found embedded in the message itself, it is crucial that Outlook is configured in such a way to reduce the chance of getting a virus or worm and helping to propagate it over the Internet. I am offering the reader a chance to learn what I have learned about protecting my workstation and my company network.

The steps we take to secure Outlook will help us guard against viruses, worms and malicious HTML code. The steps involve the application of security related patches released by Microsoft, changing some default Outlook settings, some third-party utilities and some good old common sense.

Outlook Related Security Patches

I choose not to take up space describing all of the Microsoft security patches that pertain to Outlook, nor the step-by-step instructions necessary to install them. This is freely available from The Microsoft website, <http://www.microsoft.com>. Rather, I choose to address these patches from a different perspective. A perspective of what are some of the items that anyone considering the application of these patches would be wise to remember.

One significant thing to keep in mind when dealing with Microsoft Outlook patches is the fact that many of the files used by Outlook are shared components of Internet Explorer. So, the patches used to correct discovered vulnerabilities may be dependent upon which version in Internet Explorer you are using.

Microsoft released a patch for Outlook 98 and Outlook 2000 (with the Office Service Release 1 update) that disables many of the features that allow VBS/Loveletter and similar viruses to spread so quickly. The new patch makes it impossible to open program files in Outlook -- including VBScript .vbs files like those that spread Loveletter.

This patch will restrict you from opening many types of attachments including executables, batch files, and pcd files. The entire list is at the end of this paper. It will negatively affects many other features such as the Digital Dashboard. Also, when you create a mail merge to e-mail by using your Contacts folder, you receive a warning message which indicates that a program is trying to access your address book. OK. No big deal right? "Then you get a separate warning message for each e-mail message that you send and you must wait five seconds before you can confirm the send process. For example, if you generate a mail merge to e-mail that is being sent to 100 people, it takes over eight minutes and you must approve each of the e-mail messages every five seconds."

“There is no Uninstall utility on this patch. The files installed will become an integral part of your operating system and email client, and cannot be removed without risking damage to your operating system.”

The main thing to remember is do not install any patches until you read the documentation and understand how it will affect the way you use Outlook. Make certain that those add-ins you have come to rely on will still do the same job for you after you have patched. Plus, it is possible to secure Outlook from the most common threats without patching, patching, patching.

Virus Threats

Enough cannot be said about having an anti-virus program on your PC and keeping the virus definition files current. I update my signature files several times a week.

According to Slipstick.com's Antivirus page, viruses can involve Microsoft Outlook in several ways:

A machine running an older version of Internet Explorer can receive a message from the Internet with a malformed header that either causes Outlook to crash or infects the system with malicious code. **The user does not need to open or preview the message.** Windows 2000 users with IE 5.5 are not protected and should go back to 5.01 SP1. For other operating systems, either IE 5.01 SP1 or IE 5.5 provides protection.

A machine running Outlook can become infected with a virus when a user who has not taken adequate security precautions opens a malicious HTML message or, in Outlook 98, views it in the preview pane. (In Outlook 2000, script on an HTML message cannot run in the preview pane.)

A user opens a virus-infected attachment received via an Outlook e-mail message. We used to think that attachments could never run automatically. However, as the Blebla virus showed, in certain HTML mail messages, attachments can run automatically if you are not properly protected.

Safeguarding Against VBS Email Worms

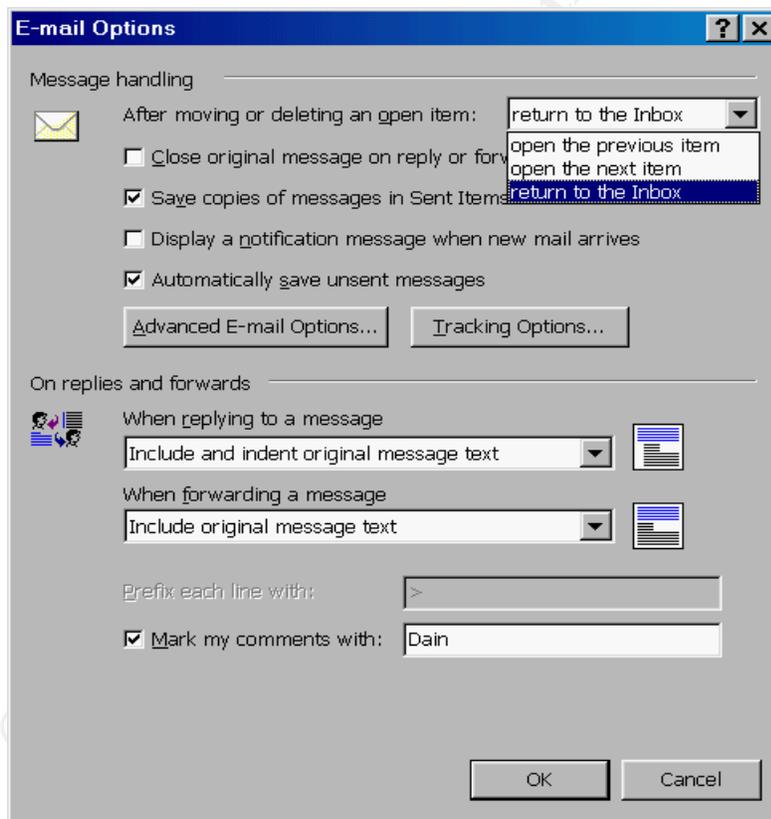
VBS or Visual Basic Script is often used to launch email worms. Because of Outlook's easy-to-use programming model, viruses can propagate themselves by using VBS to read the Outlook address books and send new virus-infected messages to everyone found there. These worms can be extra tricky to defeat because they seemingly come from a relative, friend or acquaintance.

These are the things that we need to do to help protect ourselves from VBS driven viruses. We want to disable Windows Script Hosting, change some default Outlook settings that open new emails automatically, turn off the preview panes in Outlook and modify a "file types" setting.

.1) To disable Windows Scripting Host

- A) Open the Control Panel -> Click START, SETTINGS and CONTROL PANEL
- B) Double-click the icon that reads ADD/REMOVE PROGRAMS

- C) Click the tab that reads WINDOWS SETUP
 - D) In the components window, click ACCESSORIES
 - E) Scroll to the bottom of the Accessories components window and make sure that WINDOWS SCRIPTING HOST is not checked. If it is, click the box to remove the check mark.
 - F) Click OK twice and close Control Panel
- 2) To change the setting that opens the next unread email as you move or delete a new email:
- A) Open Outlook
 - B) On the toolbar, find TOOLS and click it.
 - C) On the drop down menu, find OPTIONS and click it. It opens the OPTIONS dialog box on the PREFERENCES tab. Right where we want to be.
 - D) Click the button that says E-MAIL OPTIONS...
 - E) Under MESSAGE HANDLING, the first line (After moving ...) needs to be modified.
 - F) Click the down arrow and select RETURN TO THE INBOX as shown here:



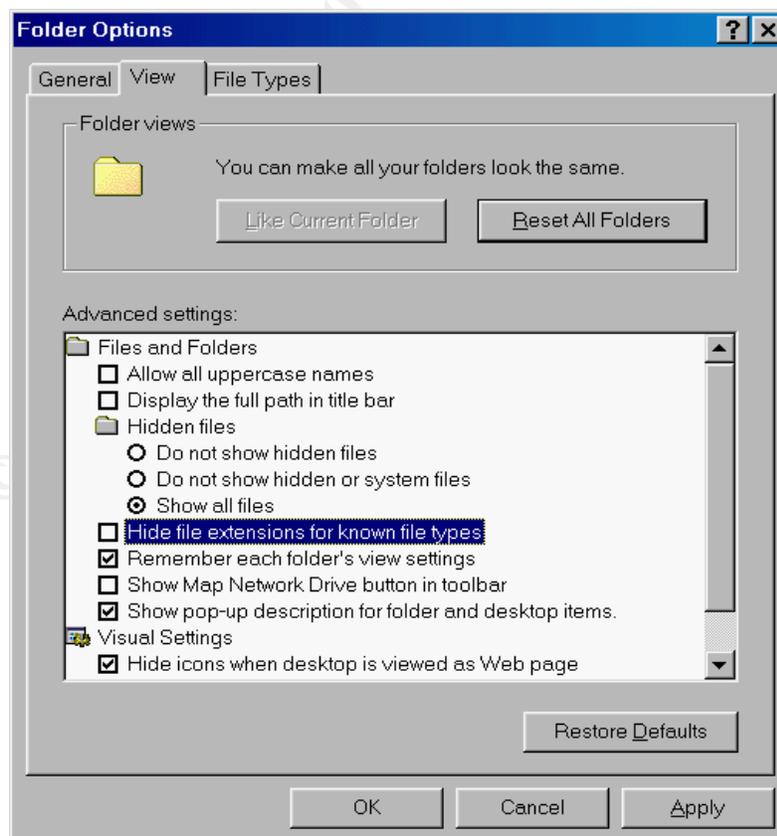
- G) Next, remove the check from DISPLAY A NOTIFICATION MESSAGE WHEN NEW MAIL ARRIVES
- H) Click OK two times to return to Outlook.

3) To turn off Outlook's Preview Pane:

- A) Open Outlook
- B) Find **VIEW** on the toolbar and click it.
- C) In the drop down menu, locate **PREVIEW PANE** and **AUTO PREVIEW**
- D) If either or both of these are engaged, the icon next to their label will be depressed. If depressed, click it to disengage. Do this for both **PREVIEW** and **AUTO PREVIEW**.
- E) You can install Chilton Preview on your Windows 98 PC which will preview your mail without activating any Visual Basic Scripts or HTML. Chilton Preview does not leave you vulnerable to a malicious HTML mail message. Note that Outlook 2000 never runs a script from HTML messages in the built-in preview pane. Download it from <http://www.slipstick.com/files/chilton.zip>.

4) Finally, let's make sure that your file associations are being properly displayed. By default, Windows hides file extensions for known file types. Since .VBS is a known file type, the worm ANNA KOURNIKOVA.JPEG.VBS is displayed as ANNAKOURNIKOVA.JPEG. We want it to be displayed with the .VBS extension so we recognize it for what it really is, a VB script, not a JPEG (image file).

- A) Click **START / SETTINGS / FOLDER OPTIONS**
- B) Click the **VIEW** tab
- C) Under **FILES AND FOLDERS**, locate **HIDE FILE EXTENSIONS FOR KNOWN FILE TYPES**.



D) If there is a check mark in the box, remove it and click OK. If there is no check mark, click OK.

Back On The Highway

As I pulled off at my exit, I recalled Don saying it would only take a few minutes to make the changes in Outlook and he was right. It is surely better to take some time to do a little preventative maintenance now, than to have to pick up the pieces after one of these viruses hit you. Now that my heart has returned to its regular beating pattern, I can concentrate on getting around the tourist in front of me.

Resources

<http://officeupdate.microsoft.com/2000/articles/olMalformedHeader.htm>

Author's name and date is not stated with article

<http://www.slipstick.com/antivirus.htm>

Author's name and date is not stated with article

<http://www.myhelpdesk.com/Jumpoff/Jump.asp?Fid=0&JumpTo=http://officeupdate.microsoft.com/downloadDetails/outptch2.htm>

Author's name and date is not stated with article

Vamosi, Robert "Basic Steps to protect your PC from viruses"

<http://www.zdnet.com/zdhelp/stories/main/0,5594,2425285,00.html>

Stewart, Bruce "How to Protect Against Computer Viruses"

<http://www.zdnet.com/zdhelp/stories/main/0,5594,2248291,00.html>

<http://www.ca.com/virusinfo/faq.htm>

Author's name and date is not stated with article

Morris, Evan "Update to A Viral Survival Checklist" June 2000

<http://www.exchangeadmin.com/Articles/Index.cfm?ArticleID=8778>

Attachment Security

Systems running this patch will no longer be able to open or save the following types of files if they are attached to an Outlook message. The attachments will still be in the messages, and other programs or Outlook add-ins may be able to access them, but they will be invisible to Outlook itself.

If you try to forward a message containing one of these files, Outlook strips the attachment from the forwarded copy.

File extension

.ade
.adp
.bas
.bat
.chm
.cmd
.com
.cpl
.crt
.exe
.hlp
.hta
.inf
.ins
.isp
.js
.jse
.lnk
.mdb
.mde
.msc
.msi
.msp
.mst
.pcd
.pif
.reg
.scr
.sct
.shb
.shs
.url
.vb
.vbe
.vbs
.wsc
.wsf
.wsh

File type

Microsoft Access project extension
Microsoft Access project
Visual Basic class module
Batch file
Compiled HTML Help file
Windows NT Command script
MS-DOS program
Control Panel extension
Security certificate
Program
Help file
HTML program
Setup Information
Internet Naming Service
Internet Communication settings
JScript Script file
Jscript Encoded Script file
Shortcut
Microsoft Access program
Microsoft Access MDE database
Microsoft Common Console document
Windows Installer package
Windows Installer patch
Visual Test source files
Photo CD image
Shortcut to MS-DOS program
Registration entries
Screen saver
Windows Script Component
[Shell Scrap Object](#)
[Shell Scrap Object](#)
Internet shortcut
VBScript file
VBScript encoded script file
Visual Basic Script file
Windows Script Component
Windows Script file
Windows Script Host Settings file

Source: www.microsoft.com